State: NAGALAND Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: ZUNHEBOTO

	1.0 Dist	rict Agriculture profile					
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone	Temperate to subtropical					
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Warm to hot moist (humid to per humid eco sub region), Tropical to sub-tropical (D2 A9)					
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Himalayan Region					
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Upper Bramaphutra Valley zone, Sub tropical hill zone (2,3)					
	List all the districts or part thereof falling under the NARP Zone	Wokha, Mokokchung, Mon, Kol	hima, Tuensang, Phek				
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude			
		26° 00' N	94° 31' E	1852 msl			
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS	ICAR Research Complex for NEH Region, Umiam, Umroi Road, Meghalaya 793 103					
	Mention the KVK located in the district	KVK, Nagaland University, Hea	dquarter : Lumami, Zunheboto				

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)	Normal Onset (specify week and month)	Normal Cessation (specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep):	1630	65	1 st June	4 th week of Sept.
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec):	-	2		
	Winter (Jan- March)	200	6	First and Second week of Jan	Last week of February and first week of March
	Summer (Apr-May)	450	9		
	Annual	2340	82		

1.3	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics)	Geographical area ('000 ha)	Cultivable area ('000 ha)	Forest area ('000 ha)	Land under non- agricultural use ('000 ha)	Permanent Pastures (°000 ha)	Cultivable wasteland ('000 ha)	Land under Misc. tree crops and groves ('000 ha)	Barren and uncultivable land ('000 ha)	Current Fallows ('000 ha)	Other fallows ('000 ha)
	Area ('000 ha)	155.3	12.11	20.7	8.03		4.53	7.58		20.55	71.52

1.4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils (etc.,)*	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	1 Red clayey soils		
	2 Lateritic soils		
	3 Alluvial colluvial soils (partly saline)		
	4 Alluvial-colluvial soils		
	5 Lateritic gravelly soils		
	6 Rock land and water bodies		
	7 Medium deep black soils	5.7	3.67
	8 Red gravelly loam soils		
	9 Red gravelly clay loam soils		
	Others (specify): Sandy soil	10.6	6.82

* mention colour, depth and texture (heavy, light, sandy, loamy, clayey etc) and give vernacular name, if any, in brackets (data source : Soil Resource Maps of NBSS&LUP).

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	Area ('000 ha) 22.35 2.62 24.97	
	Area sown more than once	2.62	111.72
	Gross cropped area	24.97	

Irrigation		Area ('000 ha)	
Net irrigated area		2.98	
Gross irrigated area	3	49 Source : Statistical Hand Boo	ok of Nagaland 2008
Rainfed area		23.29	
Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	% of total irrigated area
Canals			
Tanks	71	0.5	16.77
Open wells			
Bore wells			
Lift irrigation schemes			
Micro-irrigation	109	0.5	16.77
Other sources (please specify) Seasonal stream	71	1.5	50.33
Rivers	2	0.48	16.10
Total Irrigated Area		2.98	
Pump sets	20		
No. of Tractors	2		
Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride, saline etc)
Over exploited	NIL		
Critical	NIL		
Semi- critical	NIL		
Safe	6	100	
Wastewater availability and use	NA		
Ground water quality	Safe as ground was	ter quality is good	

1.7a	Major field crops cultivated		Area ('000 ha)						
			Kharif			Rabi		C	Grand
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	total
1	Jhum paddy		8.9	8.9					8.9
2	TRC/WRC paddy		3.00	3.00					3.00
3	Maize		7.57	7.57		0.44	0.44		8.01
4	Small millet		2.05	2.05					2.05
Others	(specify)								
1.7b	Horticulture crops - Fruits								
			Total			Irrigated		Rainfed	('000 ha)
1	Orange		0.24					0.	24
2	Banana		0.12					0.	12
3	Pineapple		0.25					0.	25
Others	Passionfruit		0.05					0.	05

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures) (Specify year 2007-08)

1.7c	Horticulture crops -	Total area ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)
	Vegetables			
1	Chilli	0.10		0.10
2	Ginger	0.23		0.23
3	Colocassia	0.20		0.20
4	Leafy vegetable	0.30		0.30
5				
Others (specify)				
1.7d	Medicinal and Aromatic crops	Total area ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)
1	Medicinal and Aromatic	0.05		0.05
	crops			
2				
3				
4				
5				
Others				
(specify)				
1.7e	Plantation crops	Total area ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)
1	Coffee			
2	Cardamom	0.50		0.50

3				
4				
5				
Others	Eg., industrial pulpwood			
(Specify)	crops etc.			
1.7f	Fodder crops	Total area ('000 ha)	Irrigated area ('000 ha)	Rainfed area ('000 ha)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
Others				
(Specify)				
1.7g	Grazing land			
1.7h	Sericulture etc			
1.7i	Others (specify)			

1.8	Livestock (in number)	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)	
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)	13.72	22.29	36.01	
	Crossbred cattle	3.21	8.02	11.23	
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low yielding)	0.20	0.24	0.44	
	Graded Buffaloes	-	-	-	
	Goat	8.87	13.71	22.58	
	Sheep	0.62	0.73	1.35	
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)				
	(i) Pig	47.71	40.31	88.02	
	(ii) Mithun	3.34	3.64	6.98	
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)				
1.9	Poultry	No. of farms	Total No. of bi	birds ('000)	
	Commercial	1	0.15		
	Backyard	-	264.73	3	

1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer of dis	strict)						
	A. Capture							
	i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. of fisherm	en	Boats	N	ets	Storage	
			Mechanized	Non-mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non- mechanize d (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)	(Ice plants etc.)	
	ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer	r owned ponds	No. of Res). of Reservoirs		No. of village tanks	
	B. Culture							
			Water Spread A	rea (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Produc t	ction ('000 ons)	
	i) Brackish water (Data Source: MPEDA/ Fisheries	Department)						
	ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheries Department)		137.0		0.99		0.136	
	Others							

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops (07-08; specify years)

1.11	Name of		Kharif	F	Rabi		Summer	T	otal	Crop
	сгор	Productio n ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Producti on ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Producti on ('000 t)	Productivi ty (kg/ha)	resid ue as fodde r ('000 tons)
Major I	Major Field crops (Crops to be identified based on total acreage)									
Crop 1	Jhum paddy	14.28	1604					14.28	1604	
Crop 2	TRC/WRC paddy	4.99	1663					4.99	1663	
Crop 3	Maize	12.63	1618	1.01	2295			13.64	1702	
Crop 4	Small millet	1.45	707					1.45	707	

Others										
Major H	Major Horticultural crops (Crops to be identified based on total acreage)									
Crop 1	Orange	0.12	500					0.12	500	
Crop 2	Banana	0.38	3160					0.38	3160	
Crop 3	Pineapple	0.5	2000					0.5	2000	
Others	Passion fruit	0.025	500					0.025	500	

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Crop 1 : Jhum Paddy	Crop 2: TR/WRC Paddy	Crop 3: Maize	Crop 4: Soybean	Crop 5: Rapeseed/ Mustard
	Kharif- Rainfed	April-May	May-Jul	April-Aug	May-Jul	
	Kharif-Irrigated					
	Rabi- Rainfed			Oct-Nov		Oct-Dec
	Rabi-Irrigated					

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought			\checkmark
	Flood			\checkmark
	Cyclone			\checkmark
	Hail storm			\checkmark
	Heat wave			\checkmark
	Cold wave			\checkmark
	Frost			\checkmark
	Sea water intrusion			\checkmark
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)			\checkmark
	Others (specify) Soil erosion		✓	

1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes / No Y
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes / No Y
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes / No Y



AES MAP ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT

Annexure.2 Average rainfall in Cm in Zunheboto



Annexure – 3: SOIL MAP OF ZUNHEBOTO Source: NBSSLUP, Regional Centre, JORHAT



2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought – Pre- monsoon (Last week of March to Mid of April) Normal

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop /	Change in crop /	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
drought	situation	Cropping system	cropping system		Implementation
(delayed			including variety		
onset)					
Delay by 2		Cropping System:1	Sowing of local and	Sowing on ridges and furrows, Mulching	1.Quality seeds from
weeks		Maize	other short duration	with locally available materials, Nursery	NSC
		Jhum Paddy	variety HQPM,	management, ICM/SRI, Sowing in ridge	2. Procurement of seed
$(2^{n\alpha} \text{ to } 3^{r\alpha})$		Ginger	Short duration var.	and furrow / Mulching, Sowing in ridges	from certified agencies
week of April)		Potato	SARS-1, 2 and local	and furrows, Mulching with locally	3. Seed support from
			variety,	available materials, Moisture conservation	ATMA, RKVY and
	AES II		Var.Nadia, Local var.	by Mulching	NREGS
			Sowing of local and		4.Line department
			other short duration		scheme/ATMA/RKVY
			variety HQPM,		
			Prefer short duration		
			var.SARS-1, 2 and local		
			variety		
		Cropping System:2	No change	Prefer short duration vars., Prefer dwarf	
	AES I	Maize		and bush type varieties	
		Beans			
			1		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop /	Change in crop /	Agronomic measures	Remarks on	
drought	situation	Cropping system	cropping system		Implementation	
(delayed onset)			including variety			
		Cropping System:1	Prefer short duration	Dapog method cultivation	Seed support from	
Delay by 2		Terrace Rice Cultivation	paddy varieties- RCM-	Earthing up at 30-45 days after	RKVY and NREGS	
weeks	AECH	Cabbage, King Chilli,	5, RCM-9,Soybean	transplanting in cabbage and mulching		
	ALS-11	Soybean	var.PS1042	with locally available		
June 3 rd week				materials, Mulching, Weeding, thinning and		
				gap filling in the existing crop and used as		
				mulch		
				Adopt SRI method of cultivation.		
		Cropping System:2	HYV Rareball	Dwarf and bush type varieties	Seed support from	
	AES I	Cabbage ,French bean	Prefer Dwarf and bush		RKVY and NREGS	
			type varieties			

2.1.2 Rainfed situation – South west monsoon - normal (1st week of June)

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 4 weeks July 1 st week	AES II	<u>Cropping System:1</u> TRC,Cabbage Chilli,King Chilli Soybean	No change or growing of short duration pulses like greengram, blackgram, cabbage, broadbean, chilli, foxtail millets,transplantation of available chilli seedling. Short duration vars. Ranjit, RCM-5, 9 SRI, ICM, Local varieties Soybean var.PS1042		Seed support from RKVY and NREGS
	AES I	Cabbage	Var. Rareball		

Condition			Suggested Contin	gency measures	
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on
drought (Normal	situation ^a			moisture	Implementation ^e
onset)				conservation	
Normal onsat		Cropping System:1 Ihum paddy in slopes of	Paddy-	Application of	Training
followed by 15-		districts	the existing crop and the residue to	manures	water
20 days dry spell		Jhum paddy: var SARS	be used as mulch	Putting hamboo	conservation
after sowing		1.2.3.4.5. TEKE.	2. SRI with existing varieties	barriers across	methods. Zero
leading to poor		Bhalum 2, 3, 4	Maize-	the slope to	tillage and in-
leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	AES II	TRC paddy -Mustard TRC Paddy: RCM-11,Ranjit, Bahadur, Pankaj, Sahasarang Short duration paddy varieties- RCM-5, RCM-9 Mustard/Toria: M-27, TS-46	 Weeding, thinning and gap filling in the existing crop and the residue to be used as mulch Application of Tricho- cards @5-6 cards/ha at 10 days interval for 2-3 times Mustard- Application of Neem oil @ 	reduce soil erosion as well as moisture, rain water harvesting in upper ridges and in-situ moisture	situ cultivation.
	AES I	Cropping System:2 TRC paddy – Mustard - Maize TRC Paddy: RCM-11,Ranjit, Bahadur, Pankaj, Sahasarang Short duration paddy varieties- RCM-5, RCM-9 Mustard/Toria: M-27, TS-46 Maize: Local, HQPM-1, Vijaya composite, All Rounder etc.	5ml/lit of water to control aphids and saw fly (Short duration varieties to be taken up)	conservation by mulching (grasses) Minimum/ Zero tillage, Mulching to conserve moisture	

Condition			Su	ggested Contingency 1	neasures
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measure ^s	Remarks on Implementation ^e
At vegetative stage	AES II	Cropping System:1 Jhum paddy in slopes - TRC paddy - mustard/ Groundnut/ soybean TRC paddy – Mustard - Maize TRC Paddy: RCM-11,Ranjit, Bahadur, Pankaj, Sahasarang Short duration paddy varieties- RCM-5, RCM-9 Mustard/Toria: M-27, TS-46 Maize: Local, HQPM-1, Vijaya, composite, All Rounder etc. Soyabean.JS-335,Bragg	Weeding, thinning and gap filling in the existing crop and the residue to be used as mulch to conserve soil moisture	Application of organic manures, rain water harvesting and in situ moisture conservation by mulching(grasses)	Supply of soybean, groundnut, Mustard, under FLD oilseeds and pulses.
	AES I	<u>Cropping System:2</u> Maize / paddy Chilli, Brinjal, FrenchBeans Pineapple, Banana(Local Var.)	In situ moisture conservation, mulching in crops other than paddy	Application of organic manures, rain water harvesting and insitu moisture conservation by mulching(grasses)	Supply of soybean, groundnut, Mustard, under FLD oilseeds and pulses.

Condition			Su	ggested Contingency	measures
Mid season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Сгор	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on
drought (long	situation ^a		management ^c	moisture	Implementation ^e
dry spell)				conservation	
				measures	
At flowering/		Cropping System:1	In situ moisture	Application of	Supply of soybean,
fruiting stage		Jhum paddy in slopes of districts - TRC	conservation,	organic manures,	groundnut,
		paddy - mustard Groundnut/ soybean	mulching in	rain water	Mustard, under FLD
		TRC Paddy: RCM-11,Ranjit, Bahadur,	crops other than	harvesting and in	oilseeds and pulses.
		Pankaj, Sahasarang	paddy,	situ moisture	
		Short duration paddy varieties- RCM-5,		conservation by	
	AFS II	RCM-9		mulching	
				(grasses)	
		Mustard/Toria: M-27, TS-46			
		Maize: Local, HQPM-1, Vijaya,			
		composite, All Rounder etc.			
		Soyabean.JS-335,Bragg			
		Cropping System:2	In situ moisture	Application of	Supply of soybean,
		Maize /paddy,	conservation,	organic manures,	groundnut,
		Chilli, FrenchBeans	mulching in	rain water	Mustard, under FLD
	AES I	Pineapple, Banana(Local Var.)	crops other than	harvesting and in	oilseeds and pulses.
			paddy	situ moisture	
				conservation by	
				mulching	
				(grasses)	

Condition				Suggested Continge	ncy measures
Terminal	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop	Rabi Crop	Remarks on
drought (Early	situation ^a		management ^c	planning ^d	Implementation ^e
withdrawal of		Cropping System:1	As such	The early sowing	Supply of soybean,
monsoon)	AES II	Jhum paddy in slopes of districts - TRC		of Rabi crops like	groundnut, maize
		paddy - mustard		Mustard: M-27,	Mustard, under FLD oilseeds
		Groundnut/ soybean		TS-38	and pulses
		Cropping System:2	In situ moisture	Maize-HQPM-1,	
		Maize / paddy	conservation,	Vijaya composite,	
		Chilli, FrenchBeans	mulching in	Local	
		Pineapple, Banana(Local Var.)	crops other		
	AES I		than paddy ,life		
			saving		
			irrigation from		
			Rain water		
			harvesting		
			structure		

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation-- not applicable

	<u> </u>				
Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on
	situation ^f	system ^g	system ^h		Implementation ^j
Delayed release	1) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1			
of water in		Paddy (sub merged condition)			
canals due to	Low land tube well	Cropping System:2			
low rainfall	Irrigated Canal	Cropping System:3			
	red soils				
	2) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1			
		Cropping System:2			
		Cropping System:3			
Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on
	situation ^f	system ^g	system ^h		Implementation ^j
Limited release	1) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1			
of water in		Cropping System:2			
canals due to		Cropping System:3			
low rainfall					

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j	
Non release of	1) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1				
water in canals		Cropping System:2				
under delayed		Cropping System:3				
onset of						
monsoon in						
catchment						

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on	
	situation ^f	system ^g	system ^h		Implementation ^j	
Lack of inflows	1) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1				
into tanks due		Cropping System:2				
to insufficient		Cropping System:3				
/delayed onset	2) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1				
of monsoon		Cropping System:2				
		Cropping System:3				
Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures		
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on	
	situation ^f	system ^g	system ^h		Implementation ^j	
Insufficient	1) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1				
groundwater	Tube well red soil	Paddy				
recharge due to		Cropping System:2				
low rainfall		Cropping System:3				
	2) Farming Situation	Cropping System:1				

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations) not applicable

Condition		Sugg	gested contingency meas	ure
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage ^k	Flowering	Crop maturity stage ^m	Post harvest ⁿ
		stage		
Horticulture				
Crop1 (specify)				
Crop2				

Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		
Heavy rainfall with high speed winds in a short span ²		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		
Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains		
Finger millet + pigeon pea		
Groundnut + pigeon pea		
Field bean		
Horse gram		
Crop5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		

2.3 Floods: Not encountered-

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o		ncy measure ^o	
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Crop1 (specify)				
Crop2				

Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Continuous submergence		
for more than 2 days ²		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Sea water intrusion ³		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop5		

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone: Not encountered

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure ^r					
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest		
Heat Wave ^p						
Crop1						
Crop2						
Crop3						
Crop4						
Crop 5						
Horticulture						
Crop1 (specify)						

Crop2		
Crop3		
Cold wave ^q		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop 5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Frost		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop 5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Hailstorm		
Crop1		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop 5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		
Cyclone		
Crop1		
Crop2		

Crop3		
Crop4		
Crop 5		
Horticulture		
Crop1 (specify)		
Crop2		
Crop3		

2.5 2.5.1 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures				
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event		
Drought/Lean period (Oct- March)					
Feed and fodder availability	Encourage perennial fodder on bunds and waste land on community basis Establishing fodder banks, encouraging hedge row species for fodder crops Sufficient stock of mineral mixture should be kept. Preparation of hay.	Utilizing fodder from perennial trees and fodder bank reserves Transporting excess fodder from adjoining districts Use of feed mixtures and feed blocks Supplementation with mineral mixture Use of non-conventional fodder Culling unproductive livestock	Availing Insurance, Mineral supplementation, Use of feed mixtures and feed blocks		
Drinking water	Roof top water harvesting, Preserving water in the tank for drinking purpose	Judicious use of water. Using preserved water in the tanks for drinking purpose. Recycling of household water.	Maintenance /cleaning of community reservoir/village ponds		
Health and disease management	Animal insurance should be done, veterinary preparedness with medicines and vaccines, organizing vaccination camps and mineral supplementation.	Conducting mass animal Health Camps and treating the affected one. Mineral supplementation	Culling sick animals, Mineral supplementation		
Floods	Not applicable				
Feed and fodder availability					
Drinking water					
Health and					

Not applicable		
Not applicable		
	Not applicable Not applicable	Not applicable Not applicable

^s based on forewarning wherever available 2.5.2 **Poultry**

				Convergence/linka
		programs, if any		
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Procurement and storage of feed ingredient. Establishing feed reserve bank.	Utilizing from feed reserve banks. Nutritional supplementation of poultry	Nutritional supplementation of poultry	
Drinking water	Arrangement for drinking water. Roof top water harvesting , Preserving water in the tank for drinking purpose	Judicious use of water. Providing vitamin B complex and Vitamin C in water		
Health and disease management	Emergency Veterinary preparedness with medicines and vaccination to birds	Campaign and Mass Vaccination	Culling affected birds Nutritional supplementation and compensation for forceful culling	
Floods	Not applicable			
Shortage of feed ingredients				

Drinking water			
Health and disease			
management			
Cyclone	Not applicable		
Shortage of feed			
ingredients			
Drinking water			
Health and disease			
management			
Heat wave and			
cold wave	Not applicable		
Shelter/environme			
nt management			
Health and disease			
management			

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 **Fisheries/ Aquaculture** Suggested contingency measures Before the event During the event After the event 1) Drought A. Capture Marine Inland (i) Shallow water depth due to insufficient rains/inflow (ii) Changes in water quality (iii) Any other **B.** Aquaculture (i) Shallow water in ponds due to Desilting, repair of bunds of existing Integrated farming, Air breathing ponds, rain water harvesting, liming fishes. Avoid fertilization and insufficient rains/inflow and adopt low stocking density manuring on supplementary basis, feeding should be minimum to Prepare the pond for the next crop avoid organic loading.. after early harvest. Rain water harvesting, deepening (ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality /desilting of existing water bodies and Feeding should be minimum to Control feeding to avoid waste removal of debris. avoid organic loading accumulation. (iii) Any other

2) Floods		
A. Capture		
Marine		
Inland		
(i) Average compensation paid due to loss of human life		
(ii) No. of boats / nets/damaged		
(iii) No.of houses damaged		
(iv) Loss of stock		
(v) Changes in water quality		
(vi) Health and diseases		
B. Aquaculture		
(i) Inundation with flood water		
(ii) Water contamination and changes in water quality		
(iii) Health and diseases		
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)		
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, huts etc)		
(vi) Any other		
3. Cyclone / Tsunami		
A. Capture		
Marine		
(i) Average compensation paid due to loss of fishermen lives		
(ii) Avg. no. of boats / nets/damaged		
(iii) Avg. no. of houses damaged		
Inland		
B. Aquaculture		
(i) Overflow / flooding of ponds		
(ii) Changes in water quality (fresh		
water / brackish water ratio)		
(iii) Health and diseases		
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed,		
chemicals etc)		
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps,		

aerators, shelters/huts etc)		
(vi) Any other		
4. Heat wave and cold wave		
A. Capture		
Marine		
Inland		
B. Aquaculture		
(i) Changes in pond environment		
(water quality)		
(ii) Health and Disease management		
(iii) Any other		