State: MIZORAM

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Siaha District

1.0 D	istrict Agriculture profile*						
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone						
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Purvachal (Eastern Rang	e) (17.2)				
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Himalayan Regior floods, shifting cultivation, electricity, poor road, poor infrastructure.	–II with Al. toxicity and soil low Seed Replacement Rates, input delivery system and co	acidity, Soil erosion and , poor availability of mmunication			
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Humid Temperate Sub-Al Humid Sub-Tropical Hill 7	pine Zone Zone				
	List all the districts falling under the NARP Zone* (*>50% area falling in the zone)	All District of Mizoram					
	Geographic coordinates of district	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude			
	headquarters	22 ⁰ 29'24" N	92 ⁰ 58'50" Е	1226 m MSL			
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS						
	Mention the KVK located in the	KrishiVigyan Kendra, Siaha	tlah - III, Siaha District, Siaha,	Mizoram. PIN 796 901			
	district with full address						
	Name and address of the nearest	Not available					
	for agro-advisories in the Zone						

*Source: PMKSY, District irrigation Plan (DIP). Siaha District, 2016

	1.2	1.2 Rainfall		Rainfall Normal RF (mm) Normal Rainy days (number		ainy ber)	N (sp	Normal Onse ecify week a month)	t nd	Normal Cessation (specify week and month)				
Ì	SW monsoon (June-Sep):		146	2.38	.38 120		1 st week of June		e L	Last week of September				
		NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec):		97.4	14	39		1 st	1 st week of october		ober Last week of Decem		ecember	
Ì		Winter (Jan- February)			1.66		19	1 st week of January		ary I	Last week of February			
		Summer (Marc	ch-May)		164.	14	55		1 st week of March		ch	Last week of May		
		Total Annual r	ainfall		1725	.62	233						-	
S	ource:	Monthly Rainfal	l Data, DA	AO, Siaha Di	strict, Siaha	(2017)								
	1.3	Land use	Geogra	Cultivable	Forest	Land	Permanent	Cultiva	able	Land	Barre	n Cur	rent	Other
		pattern of the	phical	area	area	under	pastures	wastel	and	under	and	falle	ows	fallows
		district (latest	area			non-				Misc. tree	unculti	va		

crops and

groves

7.757

ble

land

1.072

9.125

2.840

1.4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils	Area ('000 ha)**	Percent (%) of total geographical
	(etc.,)*		area
	1. TypicUdorthents (Entisols)	NA	NA
	2. AquicDystrochrepts, Fluventic, Dystrochrepts,	NA	NA
	TypicDystrochrepts,UmbricDystrochrepts (Inceptisols)		
	3. HumicHapludults, TypicHapludults (Ultisols)	NA	NA
	Others (specify): Mostly red and yellow loamy soil		

0.950

0.980

Source : Geospatial planning for improved land use system in Saiha District, Mizoram, India in Sci Vis Vol 13 Issue No 3

agricultur

al use

7.473

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*Source: PMKSY, District irrigation Plan (DIP). Siaha District, 2016

139.99

0

133.226

102.671

statistics)

Area ('000 ha)

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %	
	Net sown area	7.122	1	01.68
	Area sown more than once	0.120		
	Gross cropped area	7.242		
1.6	Irrigation		Area ('000 ha))
	Net irrigated area		0.518	
	Gross irrigated area		0.518	
	Rainfed area		7.069	
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated
				area
	Canals	-	-	-
	Tanks	17 nos	-	-
	Open wells	-		
 	Bore wells	_		-
	Lift irrigation schemes	-	-	-
	Micro-irrigation	-	0.052	-
	Other sources (please specify)	-	0.384	-
	Total Irrigated Area	20	-	5.148%
	Pump sets	2		
	No. of Tractors	-		
	Groundwater availability and use*	-	-	-
	(Data source: State/Central			
	Ground water Department /Board)			
	Over exploited	-		-
	Critical			
	Semi- critical			
	Safe			
	Wastewater availability and use	-	-	
	Ground water quality			

1.7	S.No.	Major field crops		Area ('000 ha)								
		cultivated		Kharif			Rabi					
			Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total		
	1	Paddy–i) Jhum	-	0.616	0.616	-	-	-	-	0.616		
		ii) WRC	-	0.522	0.522	-			-	0.522		
	2	Maize	-	0.206	0.206	-	0.020	0.020	-	0.226		
	3	Rice bean	-	0.005	0.005	-	-	-	-	0.005		
	4	Cowpea	-	0.013	0.013	-	-	-	-	0.013		
	5	French bean	-	Nil	Nil	-	-	-	-	Nil		
	6	Soybean	-	0.016	0.016	-	-	-	-	0.016		
	7	Sesamum	-	0.007	0.007	-	-	-	-	0.007		
Sl. No.	Ног	ticulture crops -		Area ('000 ha)								
		Fruits	То	tal		Irrigated			Rainfed			
1	M. Ora	nge	1.3	71		-			1.371			
2	Hatkor	a	0.1	12		-			0.112			
3	Assam	Lemon	0.8	55		-			0.855			
4	Banana	l	0.5	60		-			0.560			
5	Passion	n Fruit	0.1	56		-			0.156			
6	Grape		0.0	65		-			0.065			
7	Pineap	ple	0.4	94		-		0.494				
8	Mango)		-				0.1185				

1. Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures) (Year: <u>2017-18</u>)

	Horticulture crops -	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
	Vegetables			
1	Cabbage	0.193	-	0.193
2	Tomato	0.057	-	0.057
3	Pea (Rabi)	0.015	-	0.015
4	French bean (Rabi)		-	
5	Local mustard		-	
6	French mustard (Rabi)	0.09875	-	0.09875
7	Brocolli	0.095	-	0.095
8	Brinjal	0.103	-	0.103
9	Cucumber	0.02	-	0.02
10	Lady's Finger	0.345	-	0.345
11	Chow chow		-	
12	Pumpkin	0.02	-	0.02
13	Bitter Gourd	0.44675	-	0.44675
14	Snake Gourd	0.005	-	0.005
15	Ash Gourd	0,001	-	0,001
16	Bottle Gourd	0.01575	-	0.01575
17	Water Melon	0.017	-	0.017
18	Musk Melon	0.005	-	0.005
19	Rice Bean		-	
20	Potato	0.00975	-	0.00975

21	Other roots (Colocasia,		-	
SL No	Medicinal and Aromatic	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
510 110	crops	I otur	Inguteu	
1	Citronella	0.004	NA	0.004
2	Stevia	0.014	NA	0.014
3	Aloe vera	0.1	NA	0.1
4	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Others	NA	NA	NA	NA
(specify)				
	Plantation crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
1	Arecanut	0.692	0.692	-
2	Jatropha	0.025	0.025	-
3	Coconut	0.033	0.033	-
Others (Specify)	Eg., industrial pulpwood crops etc.	NA	NA	NA
(~F))	Fodder crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
1	Signal grass	-	-	
Others (Specify)				
	Total fodder crop area	-	-	-
	Grazing land, reserve	-	-	-
	areas etc			

Availability of	-	-	-
unconventional feeds/by			
products eg., breweries			
waste, food processing,			
fermented feeds bamboo			
shoots, fish etc			
Sericulture etc	-	_	-
Other agro enterprises			
(mushroom cultivation etc			
specify)			
Others (specify)	-	-	-

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract, Department of Agriculture (Crop Husbandry), Mizoram, 2013-14, Horticulture Statistical Handbook, Mizoram 2016-17

1.8	Livestock	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)
	Indigenous cattle	657	1486	2471
	Improved / Crossbred cattle	135	193	328
	Buffaloes (local low yielding)	413	520	933
	Improved Buffaloes	-	-	-
	Goat	1559	2134	3693
	Sheep	28	22	50
	Pig	-	-	21856
	Mithun	-	-	545
	Yak	-	-	-
	Others			
	(Horses & ponies)	-	-	201

	(Ducks) (Turkeys)		-		-		1	28 11	
	Others (dogs etc)	Terma la cul	-		-		24	4/5	
1.0	Commercial dairy farms (F	Number)	- No of form		- Tata	l No of him		-	
1.9	Poultry		No. of farm	s	1 01 0 TO (T	I NO. OI DIR	us (1000)		
	Commercial		-		1,03,979 (Tot	tal No of Fo	wl in the L	ie District)	
	Backyard		-		Livestoc	k and Poultr	and Poultry Population		
Source:	Statistical Handbook, Mizo	ram (2014) and 19 th	Livestock ce	nsus 2012.					
1.10	Fisheries								
	A. Capture								
	i) Marine (Data Source:	No. of fishermen	Bo	ats		Nets		Storage	
	Fisheries Department)		Mashaning	N	Martania	NT	1	_ facilities	
			Mechanize	mechanize	d (Trawl	Non-mechanized		(Ice plants	
			a	d	u (Trawi nets, Gill	(Shore Stake & ti	serifies,	etc.)	
				u	nets)		ap nets)		
					neusy				
		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	A	NA	
	ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer ow	ned ponds	No. of R	eservoirs	No	. of village	e tanks	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	400		10)12		NA		
	B. Culture								
				Water Sp	read Area	Yield (t/ba)	Prod	uction ('000	
				u (I	<i>ia)</i>	(vna)		tons)	
	i) Brackish water (Data S	ource: MPEDA/ Fish	eries	N	IA	NA		NA	
	Department)								
	ii) Fresh water (Data Sour	ce: Fisheries Departr	nent)	N	IA	NA	NA		
	Others			N	NA NA		NA NA		

1. Production and Productivity of major crops (Final area and production of agricultural crops in Saiha District for the year 2017-18)

1.11	Name of	K	harif	R	abi	Sun	nmer	Total		Crop		
	crop	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Productio n ('000 t)	Productivi ty (kg/ha)	Productio n ('000 t)	Productivi ty (kg/ha)	Productio n ('000 t)	Productivi ty (kg/ha)	as fodder (*000		
Major	Field crops ((Trons to be i	lantified based	on total ac						tons)		
Major	major rieu crops (Crops to be lucitatieu baseu on total acreage)											
Crop 1	Paddy a) Jhum b) WRC	656.80 1118.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	656.80 1118.5	-		
Crop 2	Maize	206	-	20	-	-	-	-	226	-		
Crop 3	Pulses	17.30	-	5.50		-	-	-	22.80	-		
Crop 4	Oilseeds	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-		
Crop 5	Tobacco		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Crop 6	Sugarecane (in cane)	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-		
Crop 7	Potato	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	6	-		
Major l	Horticultural	crops (Crops	s to be identifie	d based on	total acreage	e)		I				
Crop 1	M. Orange	8.49425										
Crop 2	Banana	7.83675										
Crop 3	Pineapple	3.25										
Crop 4	Local Mustard											
Crop 5	Pumpkin	0.0025										
Crop 6	Potato	0.06525										

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Paddy	Maize	Soybean	Sesamum	Cowpea
	Kharif- Rainfed	3^{rd} wk Jun – 2^{nd} wk Jul	1^{st} wk Apr – 1^{st} wk	1 st wkjul – 2 nd wk	2 nd wk May –	1^{st} wk Jul – 2^{nd}
			May	Aug	1 st wk Jun	wk Aug
	Kharif-Irrigated	2^{nd} wk Jun – 1^{st} wk Jul				
	Rabi- Rainfed			1^{st} wk Oct – 4^{th}	1 st wk Oct –	1^{st} wk Oct – 4^{th}
				wk Oct	4 th wk Oct	wk Oct
	Rabi-Irrigated	2^{nd} wk Sep. -2^{nd} wk				
		Oct				
	Summer-irrigated					
	Summer-rainfed					

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular*	Occasional	None
	Drought		\checkmark	
	Flood		✓	
	Cyclone		✓	
	Hail storm		✓	
	Heat wave			\checkmark
	Cold wave		✓	
	Frost		✓	
	Sea water intrusion			\checkmark
	Snowfall		✓	
	Landslides		✓	
	Earthquake			
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)			
	Others (like fog, cloud bursting etc.)			✓

*When contingency occurs in six out of 10 years

1.14	Include Digital maps of	Location map of district within State as	Enclosed: Yes
	the district for	Annexure I	
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
			Endered Ne
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: No







2.2 .Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations): 2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought: NA

2.1.1 Rainfed situation (maintain separate rows for each cropping system and please write contingency measures)

2.1.1.1 Pre monsoon (4thweek of March)

Condition	Suggested Contingency measures						
Early season drought (delayed onset of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures including soil and water conservation, life saving irrigation, nutrient sprays, etc.	Remarks on Implement ation		
Delay by 2 weeks (2nd to of April)	Early rice	Japan, ,Matupi, Masuri	No change				
Delay by 4 weeks (4 th week of April)	Early rice	Japan, ,Matupi, Masuri	No change				
Delay by 6 weeks (2 nd week of May)	NA			•			
Delay by 8 weeks (4 th week of May)	NA						

2.1.1.2 South West Monsoon (1st week of June)

Condition	Suggested Contingency measures					
Early	Major Farming	Normal Crop /	Change in crop /		Agronomic measures including soil and	Remarks on
season	situation	Cropping system	cropping system	including	water conservation, life saving irrigation,	Implementa
drought			variety		nutrient sprays, etc.	tion
(delayed						
onset of						
monsoon)						

Delay by	1) Rainfed Upland	1) Paddy+	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land,	Supply of
2 weeks	/Jhum with	Ginger		Sowing can be delayed up to June with	seeds
(3rd week	Rich Alluvial Soil	+Bird's eye Chilli,		anticipation of rain.	through State
of June)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	Dept.
,				plain areas and in Terraces.	ATMAs &
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	KVKs
		2) Ginger	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land,	
		(sole crop)		Sowing can be delayed up to June with	
				anticipation of rain.	
				Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	
				plain areas and in Terraces.	
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	
		3) Bird's eye chilli	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land,	
		(sole crops0	_	Sowing can be delayed up to June with	
				anticipation of rain.	
				Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	
				plain areas and in Terraces.	
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	
		4) Maize	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land,	
		(sole crops)		Sowing can be delayed up to 1 st week of	
				July with anticipation of rain.	
				Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	
				plain areas and in Terraces.	
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	
		Horticulture crops:	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land,	
		Cabbage		Sowing can be delayed up to 1 st week of	
		French Bean		July with anticipation of rain.	
		Cow pea		Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	
		Brinjal		plain areas and in Terraces.	
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	
	2)Terrace / mid land	1.Rice(Sazukthau,Faz	Idaw, RCM-7	Normal sowing, Logwood bunding on	Promote
	with no irrigation	ai,buhbial,buhtial)		sloppy land,	optimum
	facility with rich	2. Maize(local)		Sowing can be delayed up to 1 st week of	water supply
	alluvial soil		RCM 75, HQPM5	July with anticipation of rain.	system, WHS
		3.Soyabean(local)		Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in	<i>system</i> , 110
			RCS1-1, RCS1-9, RCS1-10	plain areas and in Terraces.	
				Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	

		Horticulture crops: Passion Fruit Pineapple Banana M. Orange	No change	Mulching with organic materials(dry leaves,farm waste,saw dust), Earthing up, half moon terraces. Bunding, check dams, promote WHS	
	3) Rainfed Low land	Rice(Pasa,Sasai,Japan ,Matupi,Masuri)	Paddy var. RCM-10, RCM-11, Local, CAU R1,	Deep ploughings (3 times), application of fertilizers & manures, Late sowing	
Delay by 4 weeks (1 st week of July)	1) Upland /Jhum Rich Alluvial Soil	Rice based Rice + Maize + Cucumber	Rice : local short duration var.Sazukthu,fazai,buhbial) CAU R1 Maize: Local sticky maize, HQPM, RCM-75, Cucumber: Var. Local, Pusa Sanyog, Pant Khiraa-1 Local vegs	Late sowing, Sowing by dibbling, Interculture operations, Mulching Earthing up, Log/ bamboo bunding to conserve run –off water & top soil, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	
		Ginger	Local var. Thingpui, Thinglaidum, & Thingria,	Mulching with organic materials, Earthing up, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	
		Bird's eye chilli	Local variety	Mulching, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	
		Horticulture crops Cabbage French Bean Cow pea Brinjal	 Cabbage var. Ryozeki, Indam 1299, Improved Bahar, Rocky French Bean var. Local, Arka Anoop, Arka Komal, Arka Sharat Cow pea var. Local, Arka Garima Pusa Kumal, PKM-1 Brinjal var. Arka Kesav, Arka Neidhi, Arka Anand, Pusa Kranti 	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed up to June with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	
	2) Terrace / mid land with no irrigation facility	Rice	Early varieties as above	Late sowing, Application of slaked lime & organic manure, Mulching with available bio-mass, Frequent inter-culture operations, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	

		Perennial crops	No change	Mulching, Application of slaked lime &
		Pineapple, Banana,		organic manure
		M. Orange		
	3) Low land with	Rice	Short duration varieties by system	Deep ploughing
	irrigation facility		of rice intensification	Application of organic manure
				Late sowing
	4) Low land	Rice	Short duration varieties by system	Deep ploughing
	without irrigation		of rice intensification	Application of organic manure
	facility			Late sowing
		Lowland Paddy	Nursery preparation	Dry & Wet bed method
Delay by 6	1) Upland	NA	NA	NA
weeks	/Jhum	NA	NA	NA
(July 3 rd	Rich Alluvial Soil	NA	NA	NA
week)		NA	NA	NA
		NA	NA	NA
		NA	NA	NA
		NA	NA	NA
		NA	NA	NA
Delay by 8		NA	NA	NA
weeks		NA	NA	NA
(August 1 st		NA	NA	NA
week)		NA	NA	NA

*Matrix for specifying condition of early season drought due to delayed onset of monsoon (2, 4, 6 & 8 weeks) compared to normal onset (2.1.1)

Normal onset	Month and weel	Month and week for specifying condition of early season drought due to delayed onset of monsoon						
(monul and week)	Delay in onset of monsoon by							
	2 wks	4 wks	6 wks	8 wks				
June 1 st wk	June 3 rd wk	July 1st wk	July 3 rd wk	Aug 1 st wk				
June 2 nd wk	June 4 th wk	July 2 nd wk	July 4 th wk	Aug 2 nd wk				
June 3 rd wk	July 1st wk	July 3rd wk	Aug 1 ^{st d} wk	Aug 3 rd wk				
June 4 th wk	July 2nd wk	July 4th wk	Aug 2 nd wk	Aug 4 th wk				
July 1 st wk	July 3rd wk	Aug 1 st wk	Aug 3 rd wk	Sep 1 st wk				
July ^{2nd} wk	July 4th wk	Aug 2 nd wk	Aug 4 th wk	Sep 2 nd wk				

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient	Remarks on	
drought (Normal	situation ^a	system		&moisture	Implementation	
onset)				conservation measure		

	1) Up land/ Jhum	1.	Rice based	Weeding	Wood log/ bamboo	To create
Normal onset	Rich Alluvial soil	2.	Ginger	Gap filling	bunding	awareness on
followed by 15-20		3.	Bird's eye chilli	Plant protection measures	Mulching	moisture
days dry spell after					Earthing up,	management and
sowing leading to					Optimum irrigation	crop management
poor germination					technique	technique.
/crop stand etc.					_	_
	2) Terrace/ Mid land Red	1.	Rice	Intercultural operations	Application of organic	
	Alluvial soil	2.	Fruit crops	Gap filling	manure,	
				Plant protection measures	Mulching with biomass,	
				_	Earthing up	
					Half moon terracing for	
					M. Orange	
	3) Low land with		Rice	Weeding	SRI	
	irrigation facility			Gap filling		
	Clayey loam			Plant protection measures		
	4) Low land without		Rice	Weeding	SRI	
	irrigation facility			Gap filling		
	Sandy loam			Plant protection measures		

Condition			Suggeste	ed Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At vegetative stage	1) Farming situation: Up land/ Jhum Rich Alluvial soil	Rice based 2. Ginger	Weeding, mulching with locally available organic materialsPlant protection measuresWeeding, mulching with	Efficient use of store water for life saving irrigation. Mulching with locally	Create awareness on soil conservation measures
			locally available organic materials PP measures	available organic materials , Earthing up	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding, mulching with locally available organic material Thinning PP Measures	Mulching with bio mass Earthing up	
		Rice	Weeding	Earthing up	

2) Terrace/ land Red A	/ Mid Illuvial	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting meth	nod Mulching with locally available organic materials	
501	Fruit crops – Pineapple, Bana M. Orange	Meeding PP Measures Dripping & Wetting meth	hod Earthing up, Mulching with available biomass, use of cover crops. Half /fullmoon terrace.	
3) Low l irrigat facilit Clayey loa	and with Rice ion y m	Need based PP measures	Wetting & drying	
4) Low with irriga facili Sandy loar	land Rice out ation ty n	PP measures	Wetting & drying	

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Mid season drought	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management	Soil nutrient and	NA Remarks on
(long dry spell)	situation ^a	system ^b		moisture conservation	Implementation
				measures.	
	1)	1. Rice based	Tolerant/ resistant varieties	Earthing up, mulching	
At flowering/	Up land/ Jhum		Plant protection measures	with locally available	
fruiting stage	Rich Alluvial soil			materials	
		2. Ginger	Weeding	Mulching with bio mass	
			PP measures	Earthing up	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding	Mulching with bio mass	
			PP Measures	Earthing up	
	2) Farming situation:	Rice	PP Measures	Earthing up	
	Terrace/ Mid land		Dripping & Wetting method	Mulching with available	
	Red Alluvial soil			biomass	
		Fruit crops –	PP Measures	Earthing up	
		Pineapple, Banana,	Dripping & Wetting method	Mulching with available	
		M. Orange		biomass	
	3) Low land	Rice	Need based PP measures	Wetting & drying	
	with				
	irrigation				
	facility				
	Clayey loam				

	4) Low land without irrigation facility Sandy loam	Rice	PP measures	Wetting & drying	
Condition			Suggest	ed Contingency measures	
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
	1) Farming situation: Up land/ Jhum	1. Rice based	Plant protection measures	Cole crops, tomato, leafy mustard, French bean, Onion, garlic,	Contour trench formation.
	Rich Alluvial soil	2. Ginger	Weeding PP measures	NA	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding PP Measures	NA	
	2) Farming situation: Terrace/ Mid land	Rice	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	French bean, soybean, groundnut, maize,	
	Red Alluvial soil	Fruit crops – Pineapple, Banana, M. Orange	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	NA	
	3) Low land with irrigation facility Clayey loam	Rice	Need based PP measures	NA	
	4) Low land without irrigation facility sandy loam	Rice	PP measures	Cole crops, French bean, soybean, onion, garlic, field pea, brinjal, tomato, okra.	
a			Suggest	ed Contingency measures	
Condition	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ¹	Remarks on Implementation ^j
Limited release of water in canals due to low rainfall	1) Farming situation: Mention source of irrigation, topography (upland/lowland) and soil colour & depth Eg; canal irrigated shallow red soils;	NA	NA	NA	NA

tankfed medium		
deep black soils		

Non release of	1) Farming	NA	NA	NA	NA
water in canals	situation: Lowland				
under delayed	clayey loam				
onset of monsoon					
in catchment					

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j
Lack of inflows into tanks due to insufficient /delayed onset of monsoon	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Insufficiency of surface water for irrigation	1) Farming situation: Lowland clayey loam	NA	NA	NA	NA

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping Agronomic measures Remarks on		
	situation ^f	system ^g	system		Implementation ^j
Insufficient	1) Farming	NA	NA	NA	NA
groundwater	situation: Lowland				
recharge due to	clayey loam				
low rainfall					

Condition	Suggested contingency measure				
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post-harvest	
water logging					

Paddy	Improve drainage system.	Drain out excess water.	Drain out excess water. Lodge	Dry and safe well ventilated
	Stone terracing to help in	Application of	panicle may be harvested at	storage place
	conserving soil in hill slope.	hormones/nutrient sprays to	physiological maturity state.,	
	strip cropping.	prevent flower drop or		
		promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
Maize	Ridge planting, proper	Proper drainage to avoid water	Proper drainage, PP measures	Dry and safe well ventilated
	drainage . Improve drainage	logging.		storage place
	system.	Application of		
	Stone terracing to help in	hormones/nutrient sprays to		
	conserving soil in hill slope.	prevent flower drop or		
	strip cropping.	promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
Bird's eye	Ridge planting, Improve	Proper drainage to avoid water	Proper drainage, PP measures	Sun drying after harvest.
chilli	drainage system.	logging.		Provision for good storage
	Stone terracing to help in	Application of		facilities.
	conserving soil in hill slope.	hormones/nutrient sprays to		
	strip cropping.	prevent flower drop or		
	1 11 0	promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
Pineapple	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
11	PP measures	PP measures.	measures	
		Application of		
		hormones/nutrient sprays to		
		prevent flower drop or		
		promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
Banana	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	PP measures. Application of	measures	
		hormones/nutrient sprays to		
		prevent flower drop or		
		promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
Grapes	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	PP measures. Application of	measures	
		hormones/nutrient sprays to		
		prevent flower drop or		
		promote quick		
		flowering/fruiting		
M. Orange	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	PP measures. Application of	measures	
		hormones/nutrient sprays to		

		prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting		
Ginger	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Vegetables	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper storage facilities
Heavy rainfall with high speed winds in a short span ²				
Paddy	Drain out excess water. Provide wind break.	Drain out excess water.	Drain out excess water.	Dry and safe storage place
Maize	Ridge planting, proper drainage, provide wind break, support with bamboo.	Proper drainage to avoid water logging.	Proper drainage, PP measures	Dry and safe storage place
Bird's eye chilli	Ridge planting, proper drainage, provide wind break, support with bamboo.	Proper drainage to avoid water logging.	Proper drainage, PP measures	Sun drying after harvest. Provision for good storage facilities.
Pineapple	Proper drainage, need based PP measures, provide wind break, support with bamboo.	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Banana	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Grapes	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
M. Orange	Proper drainage, need based PP measures, provide wind break, support with bamboo.	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Ginger	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains	NA	NA	NA	NA

Paddy	Spray tricyclazole against blast, Chloropyriphos,Regent against stem borer, Monocrotophos against Swarming caterpillar	Spray tricyclazole against blast, Chloropyriphos against stem borer, Monocrotophos against Swarming caterpillar & leaf folder	Malathion spray against Gundhi bug at the time of grain filling stage/milking stage.	Proper winnowing and sun drying of grains. Fumigation/disinfection of storage bin/bags including store house.
Horticulture				
Pineapple	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	NA
Banana	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
Grapes	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
M. Orange	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
Ginger	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	

2.3 Floods: NA

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o					
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest		
Continuous submergence for more than 2 days ²	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Sea water intrusion ³	NA	NA	NA	NA		

2.4. Extreme events: Heat wave /Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone:

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure ^r					
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest		
Heat Wave ^p	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Crop1 (specify)	NA	NA	NA	NA		

Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cold Wave ^q	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA
Banana	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Spray the canopy with water in the morning.	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Harvested at physiological maturity. Induce ripening under controlled conditions.
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Frost	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA
Banana	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Spray the canopy with water in the morning.	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	-
Pineapple	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Spray the canopy with water in the morning /open wounds.	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	-
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Hailstorm	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rice	Cover the nursery with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and

				sprouting of the
Maize	Cover the nursery with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA
Banana	Cover the crops with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
M orange	Cover the crops with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
Crop 3				
Cyclone	NA	NA	NA	NA
Paddy	Re-sowing of crop. Cultivation of Short duration varieties	NA	NA	Timely broadcast and telecast and other types of announcement warning regarding cyclone.

				Harvest crop as much as possible. Store harvest crop at safe place Emphasis should be given on forthcoming rabi crops Supply of seeds and other agro-inputs of <i>rabi</i> crops at subsidized rate, provision of bank loan etc
Horticulture				
Banana	Replanting of suckers Proping Growing more wind tolerant varieties i.e. dwarf Cavendish to minimize loss. Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	NA Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Propping of plants to avoid fall down. Harvested at green stage or table purpose.	Propping of plants to avoid fall down. Harvested mature bunches and store for ripening in closed godowns for marketing
Citrus	Replanting of seedling/ sapling. Suppport with bamboo Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Harvested mature and ripe fruits Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed
Рарауа	Resowing of seeds in nursery. Growing dwarf varieties i.e. PusaNanha etc. Replanting of seedling Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Propping of plants to avoid fall down. Harvested at green stage or table purpose. Provision of wind break to reduce wind speed	Propping of plants to avoid fall down. Harvested mature bunches and store for ripening in closed godowns for marketing
Sand deposition or heavy siltation				
Specify crop/horticulture/plantation				

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries:

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event	
Drought NA				
Feed and fodder availability	NA	NA	NA	
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA	
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA	
Floods	·			
Feed and fodder availability	Storage of available fodder recourses at elevated place, Protection of stored fodder from unusual/ heavy rains with poly sheet.	Collect and utilize locally available feed including kitchen waste	Collect the residual crop (maize, paddy, cowpea leaves etc) & dried for future	
Drinking water	Harvest the rainwater and collect in tank.	Provide clean and Hygienic water	Cleaning tank, restore hygienic environment.	
Health and disease management	Regular supplementation of Vitamin and minerals Vaccination and deworming should be regular Feeding of balanced diet, Restriction of the entry to farm premises, isolation of the dise4ase animals	Proper disposal of manure Regular cleaning of shed Disinfection of shed Restricting movement of livestock in any case of epidemics. Rescue of sick and injured animals and their treatments.	Disinfection and sanitation of all the shed Movement other than the attendant into the farm premises should be restricted Proper disposal of dead animals	
Cyclone	NA	NA	NA	
Feed and fodder availability	NA	NA	NA	
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA	
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA	
Cold wave				
Shelter/environment management	Provision of proper shelter.	Proper Housing, cover the surrounding with covers,	Clean the surrounding environment.	

	Regular supplementation of Vitamin	Proper disposal of manure .	Disinfection and sanitation of all
	and minerals	Regular cleaning of shed.	the shed.
	Vaccination and deworming should be	Disinfection of shed.	Movement other than the attendant
	regular	Restricting movement of livestock in	into the farm premises should be
	Feeding of balanced diet, Restriction of	any case of epidemics.	restricted.
Health and disease	the entry to farm premises, isolation of	Rescue of sick and injured animals and	Proper disposal of dead animals.
management	the diseased animals	their treatments.	
management			
Snowfall	NA	NA	NA
Earthquake	NA	NA	NA
Landslides	NA	NA	NA

^s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shortage of feed ingredients				
Drinking water				
Health and disease management				
Floods				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of available feed, Protection of stored feed from rodents	Collect and utilised locally available feed including kitchen waste	Collect the residual, routine managemental practices	
Drinking water	Harvest the rainwater and collect in tanky	Provide clean and Hygienic water	Cleaning tank, restore hygienic environment.	

	Regular supplementation of	Proper disposal of	Disinfection and	
	Vitamin and minerals	manure	sanitation of all the shed	
	Vaccination and deworming	Regular cleaning of	Movement other than the	
	should be regular	shed	attendant into the house	
	Feeding of balanced diet.	Disinfection of shed	Premises should be	
	Restriction of the entry to	Restricting movement	restricted	
	farm premises, isolation of the	of livestock in any	Proper disposal of dead	
	dise4ase animals	case of epidemics	bird	
		Rescue of sick and	ond	
		injured animals and		
Health and disease management		their treatments		
	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cyclone	1174			
	Proper storage of locally	Provision of medicine		Backyard Poultry Production
Shortage of feed ingredients	available feeds			
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA	NA
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA	NA
	ΝΔ	NΔ	ΝΔ	NA
Heat wave and cold wave	1 11	141	1 11 2	
	Stress Management	Provision of proper		Backyard Poultry Production
	_	ventilation, protection		
		from extreme		
		temperature using		
Shelter/environment management		covers.		
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA	NA
Theatth and disease management				
Snowfall	NA	NA	NA	NA
Forthquaka Landslides etc.	Proper Selection of housing	Measures to Prevent	Biosecurity, disinfection	Backyard Poultry Production
Earniquake, Landshues etc	site, stock preventive	outbreak of diseases.	of sheds, disposal of	
	medicines. vaccines:	continue feeding and	dead birds	
	procurements of feeds & litter	construction of shed		
	materials	proper disposal of		
		dead birds		
	1			

^a based on forewarning wherever available -+

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

Suggested contingency measures		
Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event

1) Drought			
Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	NA	NA	NA
Impact of heat in ponds / change in water quality	NA	NA	NA
2) Floods			
Inundation with flood waters	 Storage of sand filled bags for emergency use. Repair and maintenance of bunds. Insurance coverage provision for life and property 	 Timely broadcast and telecast and other types of announcement warning about the danger level with respect to water level. Relief operation. 	 Relief operation will continue. Care of health of affected people Settlement of insurance. Financial support to other people.
Water contamination & change in BOD	Take appropriate measures to check seepage into pond e.g. Raising bunds to prevent entry of water	Check the water quality & take appropriate action	 Application of lime Application of Alum. Application of KmnO4
Health and diseases management	Stock preventive medicines, vaccines	Prevent influx of diseased fish from outside source, Check through nets Administer medicines through random catch Disinfect water by lime, KMnO4	 Application of lime and KmnO4. Assessment of the health status of fish and accordingly control measure should be taken. Control on transport of brooders and seeds.
3. Cvclone / Tsunami	NA	NA	NA
A.Capture	NA	NA	NA
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture	NA	NA	NA
(i) Overflow / flooding of ponds	NA	NA	NA
(ii) Changes in water quality (fresh water / brackish water ratio)	NA	NA	NA
(iii) Health and diseases	NA	NA	NA
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)	NA	NA	NA
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, shelters/hutsetc)	NA	NA	NA
(vi) Any other	NA	NA	NA
4. Heat wave and cold wave	NA	NA	NA
A. Capture	NA	NA	NA
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA

B . Aquaculture	NA	NA	NA
(i) Changes in pond environment	NA	NA	NA
(water quality)			
(ii) Health and Disease management	NA	NA	NA
(iii)Any other			

^a based on forewarning wherever available