District Agriculture Contingency Plan of KVK, Serchhip District: Mizoram



KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA (KVK): SERCHHIP DISTRICT N.VANLAIPHAI: MIZORAM

State: MIZORAM

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: <u>SERCHHIP DISTRICT</u>

Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone							
Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Purvachal (Eastern Ran	ge) (17.2)					
Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Himalayan Regio	on.					
Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Temperate sub-alpine zon	ne, Sub-tropical Hill zone,	Mild-tropical Hill zone				
List all the districts falling under the NARP Zone* (*>50% area falling in the zone)	All District of Mizoram	All District of Mizoram					
	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude				
Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	35° 58'82'' and 23° 18' 29" N	92° 51' 24" E and 92° 41' 00'' E	500m – 1889m				
Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS							
Mention the KVK located in the district with full address	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Serchhip District, N.Vanlaiphai- 796184, Mizoram Small Weather Station installed at KVK Serchhip District Complex, N.Vanlaiphai under NICRA Project						
Name and address of the nearest Agromet Field Unit (AMFU, IMD) for agro- advioring in the Zong							

*Indicate source of data while furnishing information at different places in the district profile

Source: Vision 2020, Krishi Vigyan Kendras, Mizoram. Published by Directorate of Agriculture (Research & Education), Aizawl, Mizoram - 2011

Rainfall data (Average of five year 2009-2014)

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days	Normal Onset	Normal Cessation	
			(number)			
	SW monsoon (June- September):	1433.28	120	1 st week of June	Last week of September	
	NE Monsoon(October- December):	199	8	1 st week of October	Last week of December	
	Winter (January- February)	1.66	5	1 st Week of January	2 nd week of February	
	Summer (March-May)	377.1	13	1 ^{st h} week of March	4 nd week of May	
	Annual	2011.04				

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract, Department of Agriculture (Crop Husbandry), Mizoram, 2013-14

1.3	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics)	Geographical area	Cultivable area	Forest area	Permanent pastures	Cultivable wasteland	Land under Misc. tree crops and groves	Barren and uncultivable land	Current Fallows
	Area ('000 ha)	142.160	18.497	91.235	0.350	0.480	2.819	0.658	6.821

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract(2013-2014), Dte.of Agriculture(Crop Husbandry), Govt. of Mizoram, Aizawl-2015

1.4	Major Soils (common names like red	Area ('000 ha)**	Percent (%) of total geographical area
	sandy loam deep soils(etc.,)*		
	1. Very deep, dark brown to yellowish	-	-
	red, clay loam to clay, very strongly		
	acidic, well drained		
	2. Deep yellowish frown to brownish	-	-
	yellow clay loam to sandy clay loam,		
	strongly acidic, poorly drained		
	3. Dark yellowish brown to yellowish	-	-
	brown, clay loam, strongly acidic		
1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %

	Net sown area	18.497		99.375	
	Area sown more than once	0.190			
	Gross cropped area	18.687		1	
.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)		<u> </u>	
	Net irrigated area	2.054			
	Gross irrigated area	2.054			
	Rainfed area	16.443			
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000	ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
	Canals	-	-		Area may be indicated
	Tanks				
	Open wells				
	Bore wells				
	Lift irrigation schemes				
	Micro-irrigation				
	Other sources (please specify) River Perennial stream Springs (Tuikhur) Farm pond				
	Total Irrigated Area				
	Pump sets	_			
	No. of Tractors	35			
	Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area		Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride saline etc)
	Over exploited	-	-		-
	Critical		-		
	Semi- critical	-	-		-
	Safe	-	-		-
	Wastewater availability and use	-	-		-
	Ground water quality				

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract, Department of Agriculture (Crop Husbandry), Mizoram, 2013-14

1.7 Area under major field crops & Horticulture

1.7	Major field crops				A	Area ('000 ha))		
	cultivated		Kharif			Rabi			
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total
	Paddy	-	2.054	2.054	-	-	-	-	2.054
	Maize	-	1.520	1.520	-	-	-	-	1.520
	Arhar	-	0.078	0.078	-	-	-	-	0.078
	Field Pea	-	-	-	-	0.075	0.075	-	0.075
	Rice bean	-	0.089	0.089					0.089
	Soyabean	-	0.26	0.26	-	-	-	-	0.26
	Bitterguard	-	0.60275	0.60275					0.60275
	Brinjal		0.419	0.419					0.419
	Cabbage		1.093	1.093					1.093
	Onion		0.3215	0.3215					0.3215
	Tomato	0.069		0.069					0.069
	Broccolli	0.017		0.017					0.017
	Cow pea	-	0.342	0.342	-				0.342
	French bean	-	0.02	0.02	-	0.07	0.07	-	0.09
	Sesamum	-	0.088	0.088	-	-	-	-	0.088
	Rapeseed & Mustard	-	-	-	-	0.045	0.045	-	0.045
	Sugarcane	-	0.44	0.44	-	-	-	-	0.44
	Bird's eye chilli		1.25625	1.25625					1.25625

Horticulture crops -		Area ('000 ha)						
Fruits	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed					
Banana	4.18		4.18					
Khasi mandarin	2.729		2.729					
Hatkora	0.203		0.203					
Lemon	1.11		1.11					
Passion fruit	0.101		0.101					
Pineapple	0.59		0.59					
Amla	0.035		0.035					

Grapes	0.282		0.282
Papaya	0.0865		0.0865
Avocado	0.03		0.03
Strawberry	0.026	0.026	
Horticulture crops -	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Vegetables		C C	
French bean	0.63	0.63	-
Bitterguard	0.60275	-	0.60275
Brinjal	0.419	-	0.419
Cabbage	1.093	1.093	-
Onion	0.3215	0.3215	-
Tomato	0.069	0.069	-
Broccoli	0.107	0.107	-
Medicinal and	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Aromatic/Spice crops		_	
1. Ginger	1.5656		1.5656
2. Turmeric	1.2435		1.2435
3. Chilli	1.69175		1.69175
Plantation crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Arecanut	0.42		0.42
Jatropha	0.025		0.025
Other plantation crops (Tum)	0.047		0.047
Fodder crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
NA	NA	NA	NA
Grazing land, reserve areas etc			
Availability of			
unconventional feeds/by			
products eg., breweries			
waste, food processing,			
fermented feeds bamboo			
shoots, fish etc			
Sericulture etc			
Other agro enterprises			
(mushroom cultivation			

	etc specify)		
	Others (specify)		

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract, Department of Agriculture (Crop Husbandry), Mizoram, 2013-14, Horticulture Statistical Handbook, Mizoram 2016-17

1.8	Livestock	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)
	Indigenous cattle	475	1151	1626
	Improved / Crossbred cattle	166	590	756
	Buffaloes (local low yielding)	228	381	609
	Improved Buffaloes	-	-	-
	Goat	158	309	467
	Sheep	0	0	0
	Pig	39963	34377	74340
	Mithun	26	68	94
	Yak	0	0	0
	Others (Horse, mule, donkey etc., specify)			-
	1. Dog	-	-	1.825
	2. Rabbit	-	-	-
	3. Horse			0.0128
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)			
1.9	Poultry	No. of farms	Total No. o	f birds ('000)

	Commercial				0.84											
	Backyard Backyard Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)				52.654											
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Plan	nning Officer)														
	A. Capture															
	i) Marine (Data Source:No. of fisheFisheries Department)		o. of fishermen Bo		Boa	Boats		Nets		Storage						
			-		ed	Non-	Mechanized	Non-mech	anized	facilities						
												mechanized	(Trawl nets,	(Shore Seines	, Stake &	(Ice
							Gill nets)	trap ne	ets)	plants						
										etc.)						
		-	-						-							
	ii) Inland (Data Source:	No. Farmer	. own	ed ponds		No. of Reservoirs		No. o	of village ta	nks						
	Fisheries Department)	7	776			-										
	B. Culture															
						Water Spread Area (ha)		Yield (t/ha)	Produc to	etion ('000 ons)						
	i) Brackish water															
	ii) Fresh water					202		NA	NA							
	Others															

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of crop]	Kharif	R	Rabi		Summer		Total	
		Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	fodder (`000 tons)						
Major	Field crops (Cro	ps to be identi	fied based on total	acreage)	·				·	<u>.</u>
	Paddy	4.620	2074					4.620	2074	
	Maize	1.139	749.34			-	-	1.139	749.34	
	Sesame	0.027	306.81					0.027	306.81	
	Cowpea	0.175	853.65					0.175	853.65	
	French bean	-	-	0.051	72.85	-	-	0.051	72.85	-
Major I	Horticultural cro	ps (Crops to b	e identified based	on total acreas	ge)		1		•	
	Pineapple	7.11	12050.847					7.11	12050.847	
	Turmeric	3.847	3089.95					3.847	3089.95	
	Khasi mandarin	14.70425	5388.145					14.70425	5388.145	
	Banana	50.70675	12128.625					50.70675	12128.625	
	Bird eye chilli	1.25625	742.257 (dried)					1.25625	742.257 (dried)	
	Ginger	8.7685	5601.1					8.7685	5601.1	
	Passion Fruit	0.301	2980.198					0.301	2980.198	

Source: Agriculture Statistical Abstract, Department of Agriculture (Crop Husbandry), Mizoram, 2013-14, Horticulture Statistical Handbook, Mizoram 2016-17

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Paddy	Maize	Cowpea	French bean	Birds' eye chilli
	Kharif- Rainfed	4 th Week of May - 1st	4 th Week of May - 1 st	2^{nd} week of April- 2^{nd}	2^{nd} week of march - 1^{st}	2 nd week of march -
		week of July	Week of July	week of May	week June	1 st week June
	Kharif-Irrigated	1 st week of March- 1 st	1st week of March-1st	1 st week of March- 1 st	1 st week of March- 1 st	1 st week of March-1 st
		week of July	week of July	week of July	week of July	week of July
	Rabi- Rainfed	NA	1st week of September	1 st week of September to	1 st week of September to	1 st week of
			to 2 nd Week of	2 nd Week of October	2 nd Week of November	September to 2 nd
			October			Week of November
	Rabi-Irrigated	NA	1 st week of September	1 st week of September to	1 st week of September to	1 st week of
			to 2 nd Week of	2 nd Week of October	2 nd Week of November	September to 2 nd
			October			Week of November
	Summer-irrigated	NA	1 st week of March to	1 st week of March to 4 th	1 st week of March to 4 th	1 st week of March to
			4 th Week of May	Week of May	Week of May	4 th Week of May
	Summer-rainfed	NA	2 nd week of March to	2 nd week of March to 4 th	2 nd week of March to 4 th	2 nd week of March
			4 th Week of May	Week of May	Week of May	to 4th Week of May

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular*	Occasional	None
	Drought			\checkmark
	Flood			
	Cyclone			
	Hail storm			
	Heat wave			
	Cold wave			
	Frost			
	Sea water intrusion			
	Snowfall			
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)			
	Others (like fog, cloud bursting etc.)			

*When contingency occurs in six out of 10 years

1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: no

Annexure I: Location Map of Serchhip District, Mizoram



Annexure 2: Average Mean annual rainfall of SerchhipDistrict



2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought: NA

2.1.1 Rainfed situation (maintain separate rows for each cropping system and please write contingency measures)

2.1.1.1 Pre monsoon (4thweek of March)

Condition	n Suggested Contingency measures					
Early season drought (delayed onset of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures including soil and water conservation, life saving irrigation, nutrient sprays, etc.	Remarks on Implement ation	
Delay by 2 weeks (2nd to of April)	Early rice	Tai, idaw, Buhsakei, Phul- buh, tialte, fangsei, farel	No change			
Delay by 4 weeks (4 th week of April)	Early rice	Tai, idaw, Buhsakei, Phulbuh.	No change			
Delay by 6 weeks (2 nd week of May)	NA					
Delay by 8 weeks (4 th week of May)	NA					

2.1.1.2 South West Monsoon (1st week of June)

Condition	n Suggested Contingency measures							
Early season drought (delayed onset of monsoon	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures including soil and water conservation, life saving irrigation, nutrient sprays, etc.	Remarks on Implement ation			
Delay by 2 weeks (3rd week of June)	1) Rainfed Upland /Jhum with Rich Alluvial Soil	Paddy+ Ginger +Bird's eye Chilli,	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	Supply of seeds through State Dept. ATMAs & KVKs			
		Ginger (sole crop)	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.				
		Bird's eye chilli (sole crops0	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.				
		Maize (sole crops)	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.				
		Horticulture crops: Cabbage French Bean Cow pea Brinjal	No change	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.				

	2)Terrace / mid land with no irrigation facility with rich alluvial soil	1.Rice 2. Maize 3. Soyabean Horticulture crops: Passion Fruit Pineapple Banana	Changkawi, Lalrawna, manipurbuh, RCM7, CAUR2, Bhalum 3,4 RCM 75, HQPM5, Charhang, Mimbanvar. RCS1-1, RCS1-9, RCS1-10, JS335 No change	Normal sowing, Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting. Mulching with organic materials, Earthing up, half moon terraces. Bunding, check dams, promote WHS, life saving irrigation, application of lime/FYM	Promote optimum water supply system, WHS
	3) Rainfed Low land	M. Orange Rice	Paddy var. RCM-10, RCM-11, Local, CAU R1,	Deep ploughings (3 times), application of fertilizers & manures, Late sowing	
Delay by 1) Upland Rice 4 weeks /Jhum + Ma (1 st Rich Alluvial Soil Cucu week of July)		Rice based Rice + Maize + Cucumber	Rice : local short duration var. Idaw, tai, Buhsakei, CAU R1 Maize: Local sticky maize, HQPM, RCM- 75, Cucumber: Var. Local, Pusa Sanyog, Pant Khiraa- 1 Local vegs	Late sowing, Sowing by dibbling, Interculture operations, Mulching Earthing up, Log/ bamboo bunding to conserve run –off water & top soil, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	
		Ginger Bird's eye chilli	Local var. Thingpui, Thinglaidum, & Thingria, Local variety	Mulching with organic materials, Earthing up, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash Mulching,Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying	
		Horticulture crops Cabbage French Bean Cow pea Brinjal	 Cabbage var. Ryozeki, Indam 1299, Improved Bahar, Rocky French Bean var. Local, Arka Anoop, Arka Komal, Arka Sharat Cow pea var. Local, Arka Garima Pusa Kumal, PKM-1 Brinjal var. Arka Kesav, Arka Neidhi, Arka Anand, Pusa Kranti 	Logwood bunding on sloppy land, Sowing can be delayed up to May with anticipation of rain. Ridge & Furrow /Raised bed sowing in plain areas and in Terraces. Dibbling instead of broadcasting.	

	2) Terrace / mid land with no irrigation facility	Rice	Early varieties as above	Late sowing, Application of slaked lime & organic manure, Mulching with available bio-mass, Frequent inter-culture operations, Spraying of 0.2 % Urea spraying of 0.2 % Potash	
		Perennial crops Pineapple, Banan, M. Orange	No change	Mulching, Application of slaked lime & organic manure	
	3) Low land with irrigation facility	Rice	Short duration varieties by system of rice intensification	Deep ploughing Application of organic manure Late sowing	
	4) Low land without irrigation facility	Rice	Short duration varieties by system of rice intensification	Deep ploughing Application of organic manure Late sowing	
		Lowland Paddy	Nursery preparation	Dry & Wet bed method	
Delay by 6 weeks (July 3 rd week)	1) Upland /Jhum Rich Alluvial Soil	NA	NA	NA	
	2) Terrace / mid land with no irrigation facility	NA	NA	NA	
	3) Low land with irrigation facility	NA	NA	NA	
	4) Low land without irrigation facility	NA	NA	NA	
Delay by 8 weeks (August 1 st week)	 Farming situation : Jhum/ up land with rich alluvial soil 	NA	NA	NA	
	2) Farming				

situation: Terrace/ Midland with red alluvial soil				
3) Low land with no irrigation facility Sandy loam	NA	NA	NA	NA
4) Low land with irrigation facility Clayey loam	NA	NA	NA	NA

*Matrix for specifying condition of early season drought due to delayed onset of monsoon (2, 4, 6 & 8 weeks) compared to normal onset (2.1.1)

Normal onset	Month and week for specifying condition of early season drought due to delayed onset of monsoon								
(month and week)	Delay in onset of monsoon by								
	2 wks	4 wks	6 wks	8 wks					
June 1 st wk	June 3 rd wk	July 1 st wk	July 3 rd wk	Aug 1 st wk					
June 2 nd wk	June 4 th wk	July 2 nd wk	July 4 th wk	Aug 2 nd wk					
June 3 rd wk	July 1 st wk	July 3 rd wk	Aug 1 ^{st d} wk	Aug 3 rd wk					
June 4 th wk	July 2 nd wk	July 4 th wk	Aug 2 nd wk	Aug 4 th wk					
July 1 st wk	July 3 rd wk	Aug 1 st wk	Aug 3 rd wk	Sep 1 st wk					
July ^{2nd} wk	July 4 th wk	Aug 2 nd wk	Aug 4 th wk	Sep 2 nd wk					

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient	Remarks on
drought (Normal	situation ^a	system		&moisture	Implementation
onset)				conservation measure	
	1) Up land/ Jhum	1. Rice based	Weeding	Wood log/ bamboo	To create
Normal onset	Rich Alluvial soil	2. Ginger	Gap filling	bunding	awareness on
followed by 15-20		3. Bird's eye chilli	Plant protection measures	Mulching	moisture
days dry spell after			Use of drought resistant	Earthing up,	management
sowing leading to			variety local var	Optimum irigation	technique.
poor germination				technique	

/crop stand etc.					
	2) Terrace/ Mid land Red	1.	Rice	Intercultural operations	Aplication of organic
	Alluvial soil	2.	Fruit crops	Gap filling	manure,
				Plant protection measures	Mulching with biomass,
					Earthing up
					Half moon terracing for
					M. Orange
	3) Low land with		Rice	Weeding	SRI
	irrigation facility			Gap filling	
	Clayey loam			Plant protection measures	
	4) Low land without		Rice	Weeding	SRI
	irrigation facility			Gap filling	
	Sandy loam			Plant protection measures	

Condition			Suggeste	ed Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At vegetative stage	1) Farming situation: Up land/ Jhum Rich Alluvial soil	1. Rice based	Weeding, mulching with locally available organic materials Plant protection measures	Efficient use of store water for life saving irrigation.	Create awareness on soil conservation measures
		2. Ginger	Weeding, mulching with locally available organic materials PP measures	Mulching with locally available organic materials Earthing up	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding, mulching with locally available organic material Thinning PP Measures	Mulching with bio mass Earthing up	
	2) Terrace/ Mid land Red Alluvial soil	Rice	Weeding PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	Earthing up up Mulching with locally available organic materials	
		Fruit crops – Pineapple, Banana, M. Orange	Weeding PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	Earthing up up, Mulching with available biomass, use of cover	

			crops. Half /fullmoon	
3) Low land with irrigation facility	Rice	Need based PP measures	Wetting & drying	
4) Low land without irrigation facility	Rice	Need based PP measures	Wetting & drying	
Sandy loam				

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management	Soil nutrient and moisture conservation measures.	NA Remarks on Implementation
At flowering/ fruiting stage	1) Up land/ Jhum Rich Alluvial soil	1. Rice based	Tolerant/ resistant varieties Plant protection measures	Earthing up, mulching with locally available materials	
		2. Ginger	Weeding PP measures	Mulching with bio mass Earthing up	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding PP Measures	Mulching with bio mass Earthing up	
	2) Farming situation: Terrace/ Mid land Red Alluvial soil	Rice	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	Earthing up Mulching with available biomass	
		Fruit crops – Pineapple, Banana, M. Orange	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	Earthing up Mulching with available biomass	
	3) Low land with irrigation facility Clayey loam	Rice	Need based PP measures	Wetting & drying	
	4) Low land without irrigation facility Sandy loam	Rice	PP measures	Wetting & drying	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
	1) Farming situation: Up land/ Jhum	1. Rice based	Plant protection measures	Cole crops, tomato, leafy mustard, French bean, Onion, garlic,	Contour trench formation.
	Rich Alluvial soil	2. Ginger	Weeding PP measures	NA	
		3. Bird's eye chilli	Weeding PP Measures	NA	
	2) Farming situation: Terrace/ Mid land	Rice	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	French bean, soybean, groundnut, maize,	
	Red Alluvial soil	Fruit crops – Pineapple, Banana, M. Orange	PP Measures Dripping & Wetting method	NA	
	3) Low land with irrigation facility Clayey loam	Rice	Need based PP measures	NA	
	4) Low land without irrigation facility sandy loam	Rice	PP measures	Cole crops, French bean, soybean, onion, garlic, field pea, brinjal, tomato, okra .	
a 114			Suggest	ed Contingency measures	
Condition	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ¹	Remarks on Implementation ^j
Limited release of water in canals due to low rainfall	1) Farming situation: Mention source of irrigation, topography (upland/lowland) and soil colour &	NA	NA	NA	NA

depth Eg; canal		
irrigated shallow		
red soils; tankfed		
medium deep		
black soils		

Non release of	1) Farming	NA	NA	NA	NA
water in canals	situation: Lowland				
under delayed	clayey loam				
onset of monsoon					
in catchment					

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on
	situation	system ^g	system ⁿ		Implementation ^J
Lack of inflows	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
into tanks due to					
insufficient					
/delayed onset of					
monsoon					
Insufficiency of	1) Farming	NA	NA	NA	NA
surface water for	situation: Lowland				
irrigation	clayey loam				

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation ^f	system ^g	system		Implementation ^j
Insufficient	1) Farming	NA	NA	NA	NA
groundwater	situation: Lowland				
recharge due to	clayey loam				
low rainfall					

2.2 .Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations) :

Condition	Suggested contingency measure				
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post-harvest	
Paddy	Improve drainage system. Stone terracing to help in conserving soil in hill slope . strip cropping.	Drain out excess water. Application of hormones/nutrient sprays to prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting	Drain out excess water. Lodge panicle may be harvested at physiological maturity state.,	Dry and safe well ventilated storage place	
Maize	Ridge planting, proper drainage . Improve drainage system. Stone terracing to help in conserving soil in hill slope . strip cropping.	Proper drainage to avoid water logging. Application of hormones/nutrient sprays to prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting	Proper drainage, PP measures	Dry and safe well ventilated storage place	
Bird's eye chilli	Ridge planting, Improve drainage system. Stone terracing to help in conserving soil in hill slope . strip cropping.	Proper drainage to avoid water logging. Application of hormones/nutrient sprays to prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting	Proper drainage, PP measures	Sun drying after harvest. Provision for good storage facilities.	
Pineapple	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures. Application of hormones/nutrient sprays to prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place	
Banana	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures. Application of hormones/nutrient sprays to prevent flower drop or promote quick flowering/fruiting	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place	
Grapes	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures. Application of	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place	

		hormones/nutrient sprays to		
		prevent flower drop or promote		
		quick flowering/fruiting		
M. Orange	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	measures. Application of	measures	
		hormones/nutrient sprays to		
		prevent flower drop or promote		
		quick flowering/fruiting		
Ginger	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	measures	measures	
Vegetables	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper storage
	PP measures	measures	measures	facilities
Heavy rainfall with high				
speed winds in a short span				
Paddy	Drain out excess water.	Drain out excess water.	Drain out excess water.	Dry and safe storage
	Provide wind break.			place
Maize	Ridge planting, proper	Proper drainage to avoid water	Proper drainage, PP measures	Dry and safe storage
	drainage, provide wind break,	logging.		place
	support with bamboo.			
Bird's eye chilli	Ridge planting, proper	Proper drainage to avoid water	Proper drainage, PP measures	Sun drying after
	drainage, provide wind break,	logging.		harvest. Provision for
	support with bamboo.			good storage
				facilities.
Pineapple	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures, provide wind	measures	measures	
	break, support with bamboo.			
Banana	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	measures	measures	
Grapes	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures	measures	measures	
M. Orange	Proper drainage, need based	Proper drainage, need based PP	Proper drainage, need based PP	Stored in a dry place
	PP measures, provide wind	measures	measures	
	break, support with bamboo.			

Ginger	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Proper drainage, need based PP measures	Stored in a dry place
Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains	NA	NA	NA	NA
Paddy	Spray tricyclazole against blast, Chloropyriphos,Regent against stem borer, Monocrotophos against Swarming caterpillar	Spray tricyclazole against blast, Chloropyriphos against stem borer, Monocrotophos against Swarming caterpillar & leaf folder	Malathionspray against Gundhi bug at the time of grain filling stage/milking stage.	Proper winnowing and sun drying of grains. Fumigation/disinfecti on of storage bin/bags including store house.
Horticulture				
Pineapple	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	NA
Banana	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
Grapes	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
M. Orange	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	
Ginger	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	Need based PP measures	

2.3 Floods: NA

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o				
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest	
Continuous submergence for more than 2 days ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Sea water intrusion ³	NA	NA	NA	NA	

2.4. Extreme events: Heat wave /Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone:

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure ^r						
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest			
Heat Wave ^p	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop1 (specify)	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Cold wave ^q	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Banana	Spray the canopy with	Spray the canopy with water in the	Spray the canopy with water in	Harvested at physiological			

	water in the morning	morning.	the morning	maturity.
				Induce ripening under
				controlled conditions.
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Frost	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA
Banana	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Spray the canopy with water in the morning.	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	-
Pineapple	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	Spray the canopy with water in the morning /open wounds.	Spray the canopy with water in the morning	-
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Hailstorm	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rice	Cover the nursery with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce

Maize	Cover the nursery with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
Crop3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Crop 5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Horticulture	NA	NA	NA	NA
Banana	Cover the crops with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
M orange	Cover the crops with net	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Prevention of hails by hails suppression techniques, following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, Use heaters, wind machines, sprinkling water etc.	Following forecasts of weather and protecting crops, spraying salt on harvested paddy or other crop to prevent the germination and sprouting of the harvested produce
Crop 3				
Cyclone	NA	NA	NA	NA

	- · ·		1	
Paddy	Re-sowing of crop. Cultivation of Short	NA	NA	Timely broadcast and telecast and other types of announcement warning
	duration varieties			regarding cyclone.
				Harvest crop as much as
				possible.
				Store harvest crop at safe
				place
				Emphasis should be given
				on forthcoming rabi crops
				Supply of seeds and other
				agro-inputs of rabi crops
				at subsidized rate,
				provision of bank loan etc
Horticulture				
Banana	Replanting of suckers	NA	Propping of plants to avoid fall	Propping of plants to
	Proping	Duration of wind break to reduce	down.	avoid fall down.
	Growing more wind	wind speed	Harvastad at grean stage or	Harvastad matura hunchas
	tolerant varieties i.e. dwarf	wind speed	table purpose	and store for ripening in
	Cavendish to minimize		table purpose.	closed godowns for
	loss.			marketing
	Provision of wind break to			marketing
	reduce while speed			
Citrus	Replanting of seedling/	Provision of wind break to reduce	Provision of wind break to	Harvested mature and
	sapling.	wind speed	reduce wind speed	ripe fruits
	Support with bamboo			Provision of wind break
	provision of wind break to			to reduce wind speed
	reduce while speed			to reduce wind speed
Рарауа	Resowing of seeds in	Provision of wind break to reduce	Propping of plants to avoid fall	Propping of plants to
	nursery.	wind speed	down.	avoid fall down.
	Growing dwarf varieties		TT I I I I I I	TT . 1 . 1 1
	i.e. PusaNanha etc.		Harvested at green stage or	Harvested mature bunches
	Replanting of seedling		table purpose.	and store for ripening in
	Duration of the line of the		Provision of wind break to	closed godowns for
	Provision of wind break to			

	reduce wind speed	reduce wind speed	marketing
Sand deposition or heavy siltation			
Specify crop/horticulture/plantation			

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries:

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures				
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event		
Drought NA		<u>.</u>	·		
Feed and fodder availability	NA	NA	NA		
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA		
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA		
Floods					
Feed and fodder availability	Storage of available fodder recourses at elevated place, Protection of stored fodder from unusual/ heavy rains with polysheet.	Collect and utilised locally available feed including kitchen waste	Collect the residual crop (maize, paddy, cowpea leaves etc) & dried for future		
Drinking water	Harvest the rainwater and collect in tanky	Provide clean and Hygienic water	Cleaning tank, restore hygienic environment.		
Health and disease management	Regular supplementation of Vitamin and minerals Vaccination and deworming should be	Proper disposal of manure Regular cleaning of shed Disinfection of shed	Disinfection and sanitation of all the shed Movement other than the attendant		

	regular	Restricting movement of livestock in any	into the farm premises should be
	Feeding of balanced diet, Restriction of	case of epidemics.	restricted
	the entry to farm premises, isolation of the dise4ase animals	Rescue of sick and injured animals and their treatments.	Proper disposal of dead animals
	NA	NIA	NTA .
Cyclone		IVA	NA
Feed and fodder availability	NA	NA	NA
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA
Cold wave			
	Provision of proper shelter.	Proper Housing, cover the surrounding	Clean the surrounding environment.
Shelter/environment management		with covers,	
	Regular supplementation of Vitamin and	Proper disposal of manure	Disinfection and sanitation of all the
	minerals	Regular cleaning of shed	shed
	Vaccination and deworming should be	Disinfection of shed	Movement other than the attendant
	Feeding of balanced diet Restriction of	case of epidemics	restricted
	the entry to farm premises, isolation of	Rescue of sick and injured animals and	Proper disposal of dead animals
	the dise4ase animals	their treatments.	
Health and disease management			
Snowfall	NA	NA	NA
Earthquake	NA	NA	NA
Landslides	NA	NA	NA

^s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shortage of feed ingredients				
Drinking water				
Health and disease management				
Floods				•
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of available feed, Protection of stored feed from rodents	Collect and utilised locally available feed including kitchen waste	Collect the residual, routine managemental practices	
Drinking water	Harvest the rainwater and collect in tanky	Provide clean and Hygienic water	Cleaning tank, restore hygienic environment.	
Health and disease management	Regular supplementation of Vitamin and minerals Vaccination and deworming should be regular Feeding of balanced diet, Restriction of the entry to farm premises, isolation of the dise4ase animals	Proper disposal of manure Regular cleaning of shed Disinfection of shed Restricting movement of livestock in any case of epidemics. Rescue of sick and injured animals and their treatments.	Disinfection and sanitation of all the shed Movement other than the attendant into the house Premises should be restricted Proper disposal of dead bird	
Cyclone	NA	NA	NA	NA

Shortage of feed ingredients				
Drinking water	NA	NA	NA	NA
Health and disease management	NA	NA	NA	NA
cold wave	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shelter/environment management	Proper Selection of housing site,	Provision of proper ventilation, protection from extreme temperature using covers. Provision of heater	Disinfection of sheds, disposal of dead /inferior birds	
Health and disease management	Stock preventive medicines, vaccines; procurements of feeds & litter materials	Measures to Prevent outbreak of diseases, continue feeding and construction of shed,	proper disposal of dead birds	NA
Snowfall	NA	NA	NA	NA
Earthquake, Landslides etc	NA	NA	NA	NA

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
1) Drought				
Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	NA	NA	NA	
Impact of heat in ponds / change in water quality	NA	NA	NA	
2) Floods				
Inundation with flood waters	1. Storage of sand filled bags for emergency use.	1. Timely broadcast and telecast and other types of announcement	 Relief operation will continue. Care of health of affected people 	

	2. Repair and maintenance of bunds.	warning about the danger level	3. Settlement of insurance.
	3.Insurance coverage provision for	with respect to water level.	4. Financial support to other people.
	life and property	2. Relief operation.	
Water contamination & change in	Take appropriate measures to check	Check the water quality & take	1. Application of lime
BOD	seepage into pond e.g. Raising bunds	appropriate action	2. Application of Alum.
	to prevent entry of water		3. Application of KmnO4
Health and diseases management	Stock preventive medicines, vaccines	Prevent influx of diseased fish	1. Application of lime and KmnO4.
		from outside source, Check	2. Assessment of the health status of
		Administer medicines through	tish and accordingly control measure
		random astah	Should be taken.
		Disinfect water by lime $KMnOA$	3. Control on transport of brooders
3 Cyclone / Tsunami	ΝΑ	NA	NA
A Conture			
A.Capture			NA
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture	NA	NA	NA
(i) Overflow / flooding of ponds	NA	NA	NA
(ii) Changes in water quality (fresh	NA	NA	NA
water / brackish water ratio)			
(iii) Health and diseases	NA	NA	NA
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed,	NA	NA	NA
chemicals etc)			
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps,	NA	NA	NA
aerators, shelters/hutsetc)			
(vi) Any other	NA	NA	NA
4. Heat wave and cold wave	NA	NA	NA
A. Capture	NA	NA	NA
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B . Aquaculture	NA	NA	NA
(i) Changes in pond environment	NA	NA	NA
(water quality)			
(ii) Health and Disease management	NA	NA	NA
(iii)Any other			
(ii) Health and Disease management (iii)Any other	NA	NA	NA

^a based on forewarning wherever available