State: Jharkhand

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Giridih

1.0 Di	strict Agriculture profile							
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone							
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Eastern plateau (chhotanagp	ur) And Eastern Ghats, Hot Subhumid E	Eco-Region (12.3)				
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Plateau and Hills Re	gion (VII) & Middle Gangetic Plain Re	gion (IV)				
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	Central and North Eastern Pl	ateau Zone (BI-4) & South Bihar Alluv	ial Plain Zone (BI-3)				
	List all the districts falling under the NARP Zone*	Deoghar, Dhanbad, Koderma, Bokaro, Chatra, Deoghar, Dhanbad, Dumka, Giridh, Godda, Hazaribagh,						
	(*>50% area falling in the zone)	Jamtara, Khunti						
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude				
		23 ⁰ 5'N to 24 ⁰ 7'N	86 ⁰ 18'E to 86 ⁰ 19'E	968 feet				
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS	Zonal Research Station, Dun	nka, Jharkhand.					
	Mention the KVK located in the district with address	dress Krishi vigyan Kendra, Bengabad, Giridih - 815312						
	Name and address of the nearest Agromet Field Unit (AMFU, IMD) for agro-advisories in the Zone							

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days	Normal Onset	Normal Cessation
			(number)	(specify week and month)	(specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep)	962		2 nd week of June	2 nd week of September
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec)	76			
	Winter (Jan- Feb)	33			
	Summer (Mar-May)	57			
	Annual	1128			

1.3	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics)	Geographical area	Cultivable area	Forest area	Land under non- agricultural use	Permanent pastures	Cultivable wasteland	Land under Misc. tree crops and	Barren and uncultivable land	Current fallows	Other fallows
	ŕ							groves			

Area ('000 ha)	493.2	144.4	202.7	23.8	14.6	42.2	10.7		
									Ĭ

Source : DAO, Giridih

1. 4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	loam deep soils (etc.,)*		
	1. Coarse loamy soils		
	2. Fine loamy soils		

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	138.4	109
	Area sown more than once	12.4	
	Gross cropped area	150.8	

1.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)		
	Net irrigated area	12.4		
	Gross irrigated area	14.8		
	Rainfed area	478.4 (97%)		
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
	Canals			
	Tanks/Pond		1.4	4.0
	Open wells		15.2	42.4
	Bore wells			
	Lift irrigation schemes			
	Micro-irrigation		8.7	24.3
	Other sources (River)		10.5	29.2
	Total Irrigated Area			
	Pump sets	1602		
	No. of Tractors	20		
	Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride, saline etc)

Over exploited		
Critical		
Semi- critical		
Safe		
Wastewater availability and use		
Ground water quality	•	
*over-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; critical: 90	-100%; semi-critical: 70-90%; safe: <70%	

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture

1.7	Major field crops cultivated	Area ('000 ha)							
			Kharif			Rabi			
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total
	Rice		68.3						68.3
	Maize		16.0		189				16.0
	Wheat				3.6				3.6
	Pigeonpea		3.6						3.6
	Sarson				1.8				1.8
	Horsegram		0.8						0.8
	Chickpea				0.7				0.7

Horticulture crops - Fruits		Area ('000 ha)	
	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Mango	0.26		
Banana	0.19		
Lemon	0.16		
Guava	0.02		
Coconut	0.025		
Horticulture crops - Vegetables	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Potato	2.5	2.5	
Lady finger	2.2	2.2	

Tomato	1.7	1.7	
Brinjal	1.7	1.7	
Cauliflower	1.1	1.1	
Medicinal and Aromatic crops			
Plantation crops			
Fodder crops			
Total fodder crop area			
Grazing land			
Sericulture etc			

1.8	Livestock		Male ('000)		Female ('000)	Total	('000)		
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yie	elding)	83.6	882.7		966.3			
	Improved cattle					42.06			
	Crossbred cattle					0.002			
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low	yielding)				161.9			
	Descript Buffaloes					4.36			
	Goat					598.24			
	Sheep					27.95			
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)					61.16			
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)								
1.9	Poultry		No. of farms		To	otal No. of birds ('000)			
	Commercial								
	Backyard		63	408.9					
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)								
	A. Capture								
	i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. of fishermen	Во	ats		Nets	Storage facilities (Ice		
	Department)		Mechanized	Non- mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non-mechanized (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)	plants etc.)		

ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer owned ponds	No. of R	Reservoirs	No	. of village tanks
B. Culture					
		Water Spre	ead Area (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Production ('000 tons)
i) Brackish water (Data Source: MP)	EDA/ Fisheries Department)				
ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheri	es Department)				
Others					

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of crop		Kharif	F	Rabi	Su	mmer	1	otal	Crop
		Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000
Major	Field arong (Cron	g identified has	ed on total acreage)							tons)
Major				•	•	_	_	1	-	
	Paddy	141.3	2066					141.3	2066	
	Maize	20.8	1300	0.1	1040			20.9	1170	
	Wheat			4.9	1347			4.9	1347	
	Pigeonpea	2.6	172					2.6	172	
	Mustard	0.6	360					0.6	360	
Major	Horticultural crop	s (Crops ident	ified based on total a	creage)					•	
	Potato			24.7	9695			24.7	9695	
	Lady finger							31.5	14000	
	Tomato							35.6	20000	
	Brinjal							34.4	20000	
	Cauliflower							18.3	16000	
	Mango							3.2	12000	
	Banana							3.8	20000	
	Lemon							1.6	10000	

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Rice	Maize	Wheat	Pigeonpea	Mustard
	Kharif- Rainfed	2 nd week of July- 2 nd week of August	2 nd week of June- 4 th week of June		2 nd week of June - 2 nd week of July	2 nd week of October- 4 th week of October
	Kharif-Irrigated					
	Rabi- Rainfed		November-December			
	Rabi-Irrigated			2 nd week of November- 2 nd week of December		

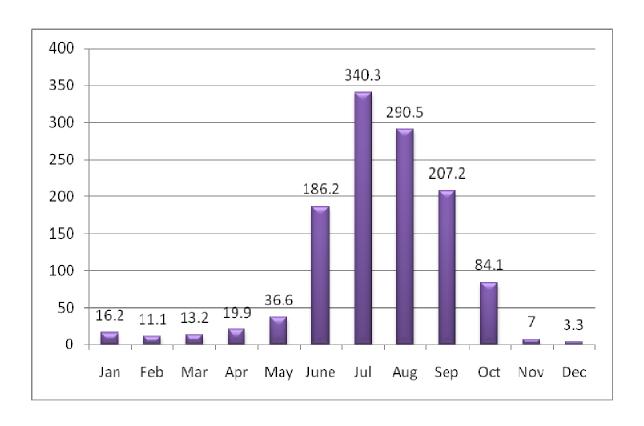
1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought	✓		
	Flood			✓
	Cyclone			✓
	Hail storm			✓
	Heat wave		✓	
	Cold wave		✓	
	Frost		✓	
	Sea water intrusion			√
	Pests and disease outbreak		√	

1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes

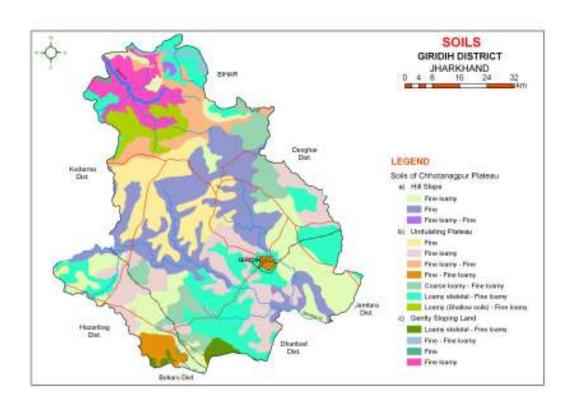
Annexure I



Annexure II



Annexure III



Source: NBSS& LUP, Kolkata

2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought

2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks 1 st week July	Shallow red upland soil	Maize (Suan) Pigeonpea Blackgram Finger millet	Pigeonpea + Maize Pigeonpea + Groundnut Pigeonpea (Upas 120, Bahar, Birsa Arhar-1) Finger Millet (Birsa Marua 2) Blackgram (Pant U 19, Birsa Urd 1) Cowpea MaizeBirsa Makka 1, Birsa Vikas Makka 2) Groundnut -Birsa Mungfali 2, Birsa bold-1)	Narrow spacing in Pigeonpea var. Upas 120, Birsa Arhar (60x 20 cm) Intercropping of Pigeonpea with Maize, Groundnut	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Delay by 4 weeks	Shallow red upland	Maize (Suan)	Pigeonpea + Maize	Narrow spacing in	Supply of seed drill	
, ,	soil	Pigeonpea	Pigeonpea + Groundnut	Pigeonpea var. like Upas	under RKVY,	
3 rd week July		Blackgram	Pigeonpea (Upas 120, Bahar,	120, Birsa Arhar (60x 20	Supply of seed	
ř		Finger millet	Birsa Arhar 1)	cm)	through NFSM	
			Finger millet (Birsa Marua 2)	Intercropping of		
			Blackgram (Pant U 19, Birsa Urd	Pigeonpea with Maize,		
			1)	Groundnut.		
			Maize-Birsa Makka 1, Birsa	Intercultivation		
			Vikas Makka 2)			
			Groundnut-Birsa Mungfali 2,			
			Birsa bold-1			

Condition			Suggested	Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 6 weeks 1st week August	Shallow red upland soil	Maize (Suan) Pigeonpea Blackgram Finger millet	Niger (Birsa Niger 1, Bira Niger-2) Horsegram (Birsa Kulthi 1, Pratap)	Spacing of Niger (30x 15 cm) and Horsegram (30x10 cm), Intercultivation	Supply of seed drill under RKVY, Supply of seed through NFSM

Condition			Suggested	Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
onset)	Situation	System			implementation
Delay by 8 weeks	Shallow red upland	Maize (Suan)	Niger (Birsa Niger 1, Bira Niger 2)	Spacing of Niger (30x 15	Supply of seed drill
	soils	Pigeonpea	Horsegram (Birsa Kulthi 1, Pratap)	cm) and Horsegram	under RKVY,
3 rd week of August		Blackgram		(30x10 cm),	
		Horsegram		Intercultivation	Supply of seed
		Niger			through NFSM

Condition Suggested Contingency measures					
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks 1 st week of July	Midland situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	Normal spacing, Practice SRI Technique (25x25 cm) Single seedling per hill	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Delay by 4 weeks	Midland situation	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita,	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin,	Normal spacing,	Supply of seed drill	

	Sandy Clay Loam	Swarna local)	IR 64, PA 6444)	Practice SRI Technique	under RKVY,
3 rd week July	soils			(25x25 cm)	
				Single seedling per hill	Supply of seed
					through NFSM

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 6 weeks 1st week August	Midland situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64, PA 6444)	SRI Technique (25x25 cm, Single seedling per hill Spacing should be decreased in normal sowing Direct seeding through drum seeder	Supply of seed drill under RKVY, Supply of seed through NFSM

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 8 weeks 3 rd week August	Midland situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	SRI Technique (25x25 cm, single seedling per hill) Spacing should be decreased in normal sowing. Direct seeding through drum seeder. Fertilizer dose should be increased by 25-50 %.	Supply of seed drill under RKVY, Supply of seed through NFSM

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks 1st week of July	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Normal spacing	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 4 weeks 3 rd week July	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Normal spacing	Supply of seed drill under RKVY, Supply of seed through NFSM

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Delay by 6 weeks 1 st Week August	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Spacing should be decreased. Direct seeding through drum seeder	Supply of seed drill under RKVY, Supply of seed through NFSM	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 8 weeks	Low land situation	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Spacing should be decreased.	Supply of seed drill under RKVY,

	Sandy Clay Loam		Direct seeding through	
3 rd Week August	soils		drum seeder.	Supply of seed
			Fertilizer dose should be	through NFSM
			increased by 25-50 %.	ullough NFSW

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Early season drought	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on
(Normal onset)	situation			conservation measures	Implementation
Normal onset	Shallow red upland	Maize (Suan)	Pigeonpea + Maize	Intercultivation	Supply of
followed by 15-20	soil	Pigeonpea	Pigeonpea + Groundnut	Furrow and Ridge method	intercultivation
days dry spell after	SOII	Blackgram	Gap filling and thinning of	of sowing	equipment through
sowing leading to		Finger millet	existing crop.	In sloppy side, 1x1x1m	RKVY
poor			Re sowing	ditch should be made	
germination/crop			Pigeonpea (Upas 120, Bahar,		
stand etc.			Birsa Arhar 1)		
			Finger Millet (Birsa Marua 2)		
			Blackgram (Pant U 19, Birsa Urd		
			1)		
			Cowpea		
			Maize-Birsa Makka 1, Birsa		
			Vikas Makka 2)		
			Groundnut-Birsa Mungfali 2,		
			Birsa bold-1		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At vegetative stage	Shallow red upland soil	Maize (Suan) Pigeonpea Blackgram Finger millet	Life saving irrigation, Thinning of crop, Postponement of top dressing of fertilizer	Intercultivation Furrow and ridge method of sowing In sloppy side, 1x1x1m ditch should be made	Supply of inter cultivation equipment through RKVY

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Shallow red upland soil	Maize (Suan) Pigeonpea Blackgram Finger millet	Life saving irrigation, Thinning of crop, Postponement of top dressing of fertilizer	Inter culturing (Soil Mulching)	Supply of inter culturing equipment through RKVY

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
	Shallow red upland	Maize (Suan)	Life saving irrigation	Chickpea (kak 2, ICCB 2,	Farm Pond through
	soil	Pigeonpea	Pigeonpea should be harvested for	HK94134)	MNREGA
	SOII	Blackgram	table purpose.	Mustard (Pusa jaykisan,	Programme
		Finger millet	Harvest at physiological maturity	Shivani, varuna) during	
			stage	15 th to 30 th September.	
				Toria (PT 303, Panchali,	
				bhavani) during 15 th to 30 th September.	
				Sowing of seedlings of	
				Tomato, Cauliflower and	
				cabbage	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on
drought (Normal	situation			conservation measures	Implementation
onset)					
Normal onset	Mid land situation	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita,	Transplanted paddy (Lalat,	In sloppy side, 1x1x1m	Cono weeder should
followed by 15-20		Swarna local)	Navin, IR 64)	ditch should be made,	be given through
days dry spell after	Sandy Clay Loam	2,	·	Weeding should be done	RKVY

sowing leading to	soils		
poor			
germination/crop			
stand etc.			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation	
At vegetative stage	Mid land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	In sloppy side, 1x1x1m ditch should be made Weeding should be done	Cono weeder should be given through RKVY	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation	
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Mid land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	Life saving irrigation, In sloppy side, 1x1x1m ditch should be made, Weeding should be done	Cono weeder should be given through RKVY	

Condition			Suggeste	d Contingency measures	
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
	Mid land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	For vegetable, Sowing of ready seedling. Chickpea (Kak 2, ICCB 2, HK 94-134 Lentil (L 4147, PL 406) Pea (PDR 23, Swarnrekha) Frenchbean (Swarn Priya, Arka Komal) Wheat (C 306, K 8962, HDR 77)	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on
(Normal onset)	situation			conservation measures	Implementation
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination /crop stand etc.	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Life saving irrigation, In sloppy side, 1x1x1m ditch should be made, Weeding should be done	Cono weeder should be given through RKVY, Seed Through NFSM

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season drought	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on
(long dry spell,	situation			moisture conservation	Implementation
consecutive 2 weeks				measures	
rainless (>2.5 mm)					
period)					

At vegetative stage	Low land situation	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita,	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029,	Life saving irrigation,	Cono weeder should
		Swarna)	BPT 5204, Raj shree)	In sloppy side, 1x1x1m	be given through
	Sandy Clay Loam	,		ditch should be made,	RKVY,
	soils			Weeding should be done	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation	
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna)	Transplanted paddy (MTU 7029, BPT 5204, Raj shree)	Life saving irrigation, In sloppy side, 1x1x1m ditch should be made, Weeding should be done	Cono weeder should be given through RKVY,	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation
	Low land situation Sandy Clay Loam soils	Transplanted paddy (IR 36, Sita, Swarna local)	Transplanted paddy (Lalat, Navin, IR 64)	For vegetable, Sowing with already prepared seedlings Plan for rabi season: Chickpea (Kak 2, ICCB 2, HK 94-134 Lentil (L 4147, PL 406) Pea (PDR 23, Swarnrekha) Frenchbean (Swarn Priya, Arka Komal) Wheat (C 306, K 8962, HDR 77) Linseed (T 397 and Shekhar)	

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

Condition			Sugg	ested Contingency measures	
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j
Delayed release of water in canals due to low rainfall Limited release of water in canals due	-	Not applicable			
to low rainfall					
Non release of water in canals under delayed onset of					
monsoon in catchment					
Lack of inflows into tanks due to					
insufficient /delayed onset of monsoon					
Insufficient groundwater					
recharge due to low rainfall					

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition	Suggested contingency measure					
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest		
Pigeonpea	Ridge making	Provide drainage				
Rice	Bund making	Provide drainage	Provide drainage			
Horticulture						
Vegetables	Sowing on ridge					
Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains						

Pulses	Leaf hoper/Caterpillar			
	Control- Monocrotophos @ 1 ml/lit			
Maize		Sheath blight		
	Stem borer	Control- Hexaconazole 1.0		
	Control- Phorate 10G@ 20 kg/ha	lit in 500 lit water/ha		
Rice		Blast diseases	False Smut	
		Control- Tricyclazole (0.05	Control- Propiconazole 0.1	
		%)	% or Copper oxy chloride -	
		,	50 (2 kg/ha)	
Bhendi		Yellow mosaic virus		
		Control- Carbofuran 3G @		
		3 gm/m2		
French bean	Rust disease Control- Mancozeb 2.5			
	kg/ ha			

2.3 Floods

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o				
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage Vegetative stage Reproductive stage At harvest				
Continuous submergence for more than 2 days ²	Not applicable				
Sea water intrusion ³					

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure					
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest		
Hailstorm	Not applicable	Not applicable				
Heat Wave						
Wheat	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation			
Cold wave						
Wheat	Light irrigation, Balanced fertilizer application Foliar spray of nutrients	Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds Fertilizer application	Light irrigation, fertilizer application			

Vegetables	Raising of seedling in Poly	Light irrigation	Quick harvesting	Grading, quick disposal for
	house, re sowing if damaged	Mulching with crop residue \ weeds		marketing
		Disease and pest control, care		
		for chilling injury or replanting		
Pigeonpea		Light irrigation		
		Mulching with crop residue \		
		weeds		
Frost				
Wheat		Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \		
		weeds		
	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time
			Light sprinkler irrigation	
Pigeonpea		Light sprinkler irrigation	Digit optimizer irrigation	
Tomato & Potato		Earth up to 15cm ht. Irrigation Intercultivation, Mulching with weeds		Harvest in dry weather
Horticultural crops (fruit crops)	Light frequent irrigation may be practiced wherever irrigation facilities are available, mulching, thatching and creating smoke screens and			
	lighting of fire is also practiced where irrigation facilities are not available			
Cyclone	Not applicable			

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the events	During the event	After the event	
Drought				

Feed and fodder	Preservation of surplus fodder,	Arrangement of feeds and fodder from adjoining	Promotion of fodder seed production, cultivation
availability	encourage fodder cultivation and tree	areas, exploitation of non conventional feed	and storage, establishment of fodder block making
	plantation and also encourage supply of	resources, use of urea treated straw and feed blocks.	machines in fodder surplus areas.
	molasses to cattle feed plants.		
Drinking water	Repairs of tube wells, clear off the	Harnessing water through the existing reservoirs	To strengthen reservoirs by promoting recharging
	sludge in the canals and local water	and exploitation of groundwater.	of water and rain water harvesting during rainy
	catchments and clean the water tanks,		season.
	large ponds and lakes		
Health and disease	Mass vaccination and de worming	Provide shades to animals and water as much as	Treatment of diseased animals and provide vitamin
management		possible. Treatment of diseased animals and proper	and mineral supplement to regain strength and
		disposal of carcasses.	vigour.

s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of feed	Provide non conventional feed,		
		supplement anti oxidant and anti stress		
Drinking water	Storage of water in tanks	Add vit-C and other anti stress		
		ingredients with water		
Health and disease management	Regular vaccination	Vaccination and treatment of diseased	Disposal of dead birds	
		one		

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event
1. Drought			
Aquaculture			

(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	Plough the pond and apply lime @ 250kg/ha	Reduce the stocking density from 25000 fry (1 inches size) to 10000-15000/ha	Remove the fishes of bigger size(0.5 kg)
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality		Apply lime @ 50 kg on every 15-30 days. Aerate the water as per need	Apply lime as per need @ 50 kg/ha
2. Heat wave and cold wave			
Aquaculture			
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)	Reduce application of organic manure and supplementary feeds	Reduce/stop application of feed	Harvest the bigger fishes, reduce/stop application of supplementary feed. Apply lime @ 50 kg/ha and potassium permanganate in perforated plastic ball 5-10g in each ball
(ii) Health and Disease management	Apply lime	Apply lime/salt as per need	Apply lime/salt as per need.

^a based on forewarning wherever available