State: **GUJARAT**

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: <u>JUNAGADH</u>

			1.0 Dis	trict Agricultur	e profile						
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone										
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Arid weste	Arid western Plains (5.1)								
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Gujarat P	Gujarat Plains & Hills Region (XIII)								
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	South Sa	South Saurashtra Zone (GJ.7)								
	List all the districts or part thereof falling under the NARP Zone	Junagadh,	Porbandar, I	Part of Amreli an	r						
	Geographic coordinates of district		Latitude		Lo	ongitude	Altitude				
	headquarters	21 ⁰ .31'.23.29" N			70 ⁰ . 27'.17.90" E		86 m				
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS	Directorate of Research Junagadh Agricultural University, Junagadh, Gujarat									
	Mention the KVK located in the district		gyan Kendra oundation, A		lant, Kodinar (Dist	Junagadh-Gujarat)					
1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)	Normal Onset (specify week	and month)	Normal Cessation (specify week and m	onth)				
	SW monsoon (June-Sep):	900	40	2 nd V	Week of June	2 nd We	eek of September				
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec):	-	-		-		-				
	Winter (Jan- March)	-	-		-		-				
	Summer (Apr-May)	-	-		-		-				
	Annual	900	-		-		-				

1.3	Land use	Geographica	Cultivabl	Forest	Land under	Permanent	Cultivable	Land under	Barren and	Current	Other fallows
	pattern of the	1	e area	area	non-	pastures	wasteland	Misc. tree	uncultivable	fallows	
	district (latest	area			agricultural			crops and	land		
	statistics)				use			groves			
	Area ('000 ha)	884.8	534.3	176.0	45. 5	89.0	8.8	0.00	132.9	17.0	0.00
	·										

(Source: Reports of Junagadh District Panchayat, Junagadh)

1. 4	Major Soils	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	Medium to shallow black soils	619	70
	Mixed red and black soils	132	15
	Coastal alluvial soils	125	14

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	535	128
	Area sown more than once	150	
	Gross cropped area	685	

.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)						
	Net irrigated area	195						
	Gross irrigated area	220						
	Rain fed area	314						
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area				
	Canals	(263 km)	11.0	5.6				
	Tanks	8	1.0	0.5				
	Open wells	103764	73.0	37.4				
	Bore wells	110594	1095	56.0				
	Lift irrigation schemes	-	-	-				
	Micro-irrigation		1.4	-				
	Other sources, Ponds & Check dams	-	1.0	0.5				
	Total Irrigated Area		196.9					
	Pump sets	108626						
	No. of Tractors	9773						
	Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride, saline etc), *GW Development =72 %, Semi critical				
	Over exploited	1	7.5	Saline (with sea water intrusion)				
	Critical	2	11.2	Saline				
	Semi- critical	7	42.2	Moderate saline				
	Safe	4	39.1	-				
	Wastewater availability and use	-	-	-				
	Ground water quality	Saline groundwater	with higher TDS, Sea water intrusion pro	blem in coastal aquifers				

(Source: Reports of Junagadh District Panchayat, Junagadh & Reports on GWR&IP in Gujarat, NWR, WS & Kalpsar Deptt., Govt. of Gujarat)

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures) (Specify year 2008-09)

Major field crops cultivated	Area ('000 ha)							
Cultivateu	Kharif				Rabi			
	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total
Groundnut	-	404.3	404.3	-	-	-	18.7	423.0
Wheat	-	-	-	188.1	-	188.1	-	188.1
Cotton	39.80	2.7	42.5	-	-	-	-	42.5
Pulses	-	7.9	7.9	8.1	-	8.1	-	15.0
Sugarcane	-	-	-	14.6	-	-	-	14.9
Bajra(Pearl Millet)	-	9.4	9.4	-	-	-	3.5	12.9
Others								
Other Oil seed crops	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-
Horticulture crops - Fruits					Area ('00	00 ha)		
					Tota	1		
Mango					16.9)		
Sapota					3.7			
Banana					1.7			

Citrus	0.5	
Ber	0.3	
Horticulture crops -	Total	
Vegetables		
Garlic	11	
Onion	3.2	
Tomato	1.0	
Brinjal	8.3	
Others	-	
Medicinal and Aromatic crops	Total	
Isabgul	0.3	
Fenugreek	0.1	
Cumin	18.2	
Coriander	17.0	
Others	-	
Plantation crops	Total	
Coconut	6.5	
eg., industrial pulpwood crops etc.	-	

Fodder crops	Total	
Sorghum		
Total fodder crop area	-	
Grazing land	88.9	
Sericulture etc	-	

1.8	Livestock	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)			445.0
	Crossbred cattle			
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low yielding)			304.5
	Graded Buffaloes			
	Goat			122.0
	Sheep			55.8
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak, horse etc.)			33.4
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)			3.0
1.9	Poultry	No. of farms	Total No. o	of birds ('000)
	Commercial	-	2	39.6
	Backyard	-		-
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)			

i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. of fishermen	Boa	ats		Nets	Storage facilities (Ic plants etc.)	
•		Mechanized	Non- mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non-mechanized (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)	_ p.m.es ecciy	
	33364	9239	257	260459	-	300 cold storage & Ice units	
ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer ov	No. Farmer owned ponds		eservoirs	No. of	village tanks	
	-			-		-	
B. Culture							
	Water	Spread Area (ha))	Yield (t/ha)	Pro	oduction ('000 tons)	
i) Brackish water (Data Source: MPEDA/ Fisheries Department)		0.1		0.8		0.08	
ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheri Department)	ies	-		-		-	

(Source: Reports of Junagadh District Panchayat, Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Animal husbandry, Govt. of Gujarat)

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops (Average of last 5 years: 2004-09; specify years)

1.11	Name of crop		Kharif	R	labi	Sur	Summer		Total	
		Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000						
Major	 Field crops									tons)
	Grounnut	656.9	1657.4	-	-	34.3	1742.4	691.2	1699	1283.5
	Cotton	215.7	887.1	-	-	-	-	215.7	887	-
	Wheat	-	-	517.1	3639.2			517.1	3639	631.7
	Bajra	23.3	1797.4			15.8	2431.4	39.1	2114	76.0
	Pulses	5.6	654.1	10.4	1296.2			16.0	975	23.9
	Sugarcane	102.4	9075.6	-	-	-	-	102.4	9076	-
Major 1	Horticultural crops			•					1	
	Mango	-	-	-	-	-	-	77.0	4671	-
	SapotaChiku)	-	-	-	-	-	-	32.1	8779	-
	Banana	-	-	-	-	-	-	77.3	39862	-
	Citrus	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	6404	-
	Coconut	-	-	-	-	-	-	46.3	9315	-
i	Ber	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	3775	-

(Source: Reports of Department Agriculture, Govt. of Gujarat)

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Groundnut	Cotton	Wheat	Bajra (Pearl Millet)	Green gram
	Kharif- Rainfed	June 2 nd wk to July 1 st wk	June 2 nd wk to July 1 st wk	-	June 2 nd wk to July 2 nd wk	June 2 nd wk to July 2 nd wk
	Kharif-Irrigated	-	May 4 th wk to June 2 nd wk	-	-	-
	Rabi- Rainfed	-		-	-	-
	Rabi-Irrigated	-	-	Nov.2 nd wk to Nov.4 th wk '	-	Oct.3 rd wk to Nov.4 th wk

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought		√	
	Flood		V	
	Cyclone		√	
	Hail storm			V
	Heat wave		√	
	Cold wave			V
	Frost			V
	Sea water intrusion(Una,Kodinar,Sutrapada,Veraval, Maliya Hatina &Mangrol talukas)	V		
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify) Pests-Aphid, Jasid, Thrips, White fly&Fruit fly Diseases-Powdery Mildew,Rust,Leaf spot,Tikka & Downy Mildew	V		
	Others (specify)			

1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
	the district for	Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes

2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought

2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping	Agronomic	Remarks on Implementation		
drought (delayed onset)	situation		system ^c including variety	measures			
Delay by 2 weeks	Medium & shallow black to	Groundnut (spreading & semi spreading)	No Change	-	-		
(June 4 th week)	mixed red & black soils	Bajra					
		Green gram					
	Coastal Alluvial soils	Вајга			-		
Condition			Suggest	ted Contingency	measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system (including variety)	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation		
Delay by 4 weeks (July 2 nd week)	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black soils	Groundnut (spreading & semi spreading)	Prefer bunch variety GG-2/GG-5/ GG-7/Semi spreading variety G-20 of groundnut	Keep 45 cm and 60 cm row spacing for bunch and semi spreading groundnut, respectively. Other practices will be as such	Agencies for quality seed supply are National Seed Corporation(NSC), Gujarat State Seed Corporation(GSSC), University, Gujcomasol.		
		Bajra	Castor(GAU-CH-1,GCH-6)Pigeonpea (GT-100, BDN-2)/ Sorghum (GFS-4&5, Gundhari, S-1049)	As per crop change, follow the package of			

			practices.	
	Green gram	Green Gram (Variety Guj. Mug-4) / Black Gram (Guj. Udad-1, T-9)	As per crop change, follow the package of practices.	
Coastal alluvial soils	Bajra	Castor GAU-CH-1, GCH-6 / Pigeon pea, GT-100, BDN-2 / Sorghum GFS-4&5, Gundhari, S-1049	As per crop change, follow the package of practices.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures					
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation			
Delay by 6 weeks (July 4 th week)	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black soils	Groundnut (spreading & semi spreading)	Green Gram (Guj. Mung-4, K-85)/ Sesame (Purva-1)/Sorghum (GFS- 4&5, Gundhari, S-1049)/ Castor (GAU-CH-1, GCH-)6 / Pigeon pea, (BDN-2)/ Cotton (G cot 13,15,21)	Keep 45 cm and 60 cm row spacing for bunch and semi spreading groundnut, respectively.	Agencies for quality seed supply are National Seed Corporation(NSC), Gujarat State Seed Corporation(GSSC), University, Gujcomasol. Supply of quality seed from NSC, GSSC, SAU, and zero till seed drill, seed dressing equipments, Spayers & dusters from government schemes (Implements like seed drill, seed dressing)			
		Bajra Greengram	-do- Green Gram (Variety Guj. Mug-4) / Black Gram (Guj. Udad-1, T-9)		are available in Rajkot).			

	Coastal Alluvial	Bajra	Greengram (Variety Guj. Mug-4) / Blackgram (Guj. Udad-1, T-9)/ /Sorghum GFS-4&5, Gundhari, S-1049/ Castor GAU-CH-1, GCH-6 / Pigeon pea, GT-100, BDN-2, Cotton G cot 13,15,21	(As per crop change, follow the package of practices.)	
Condition				Suggested Contingency	measures
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 8 weeks (Aug 2 nd week)	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black	Groundnut (spreading & semi spreading)	Sesame Purva-1/Sorghum GFS- 4&5, Gundhari, S-1049/ Castor GAU-CH-1, GCH-5/	Keep 45 cm and 60 cm row spacing for bunch and semi spreading groundnut, respectively.	Agencies for quality seed supply are National Seed Corporation(NSC), Gujarat State Seed Corporation(GSSC), University, Gujcomasol. Supply of quality seed from NSC, GSSC, SAU, and zero till seed drill, seed dressing equipments, spayers & dusters from government schemes (Implements like seed drill, seed dressing
		Bajra	-do-		are available in Rajkot).
		Green gram	-do-		
	Coastal alluvial soils	Bajra	Sorghum GFS-4&5, Gundhari, S-1049/ Castor GAU-CH-1, GCH-5		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Early season drought (Normal	Major	Normal	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on Implementation		
onset)	Farming	Crop/cropping		conservation measures			
	situation	system					
Normal onset followed by 15-	Medium &	Groundnut	Gap filling	Intercultivation to fill soil	Supply of plastic film through govt.		
20 days dry spell after sowing	shallow black to			cracks, mulching with wheat	schemes. Cotton stock shredding		
leading to poor	mixed red &			straw or shredded cotton stalk	machine which available in Jasdan		
germination/crop stand etc.	black			Mulching(Plastic film 25	Village of Rajkot district to be		
				micron, ~200 kg/ha.)	supplied by Govt.		
		Bajra	Thinning to	Intercultivation to fill soil			
			maintain 10 cm	cracks, mulching with wheat			

Greengram		plant to plant spacing	straw or shredded cotton stalk
Greengram	Greengram	-	-do-
Coastal alluvial soils Thinning to maintain 10 cm plant to plant spacing Mulching with wheat straw or shredded cotton stalk.	Bajra	maintain 10 cm plant to plant	

Condition			Sug	ggested Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At vegetative stage	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black	Groundnut	Weeding. Protection against sucking pests (control Jassid with methyle-o-demeton @ 10 ml / 10 lit. water or dimetheote @10 ml / 10 lit water), life saving irrigation if possible	Mulching with wheat straw or crushed cotton stalk Mulching(Plastic film 25 micron, ~200 kg/ha.) Inter tilling,	Supply of plastic film and pesticides through govt. schemes. Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation
		Bajra	Weeding/ thinning to maintain 10 cm plant to plant spacing. Life saving irrigation if possible.	Inter tilling. Spray 1 % N through urea after relief of drought.	
		Greengram	Weeding. Protection against sucking pests_(To control Jassid spraying of methyle-o-demeton @ 10 ml / 10 lit. water or dimetheote @10 ml/ 10 lit water). Life saving irrigation if possible.	Intercultivation	
	Coastal alluvial soils	Bajra	Weeding/ thinning to maintain 10 cm plant to plant spacing life saving irrigation if possible	Intercultivation	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation by Electricity Supply Board of State

Condition			Sug	gested Contingency meas	ures
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black	Groundnut	Supplemental irrigation followed by weeding.	-	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation by Electricity Supply Board of State
		Bajra	Supplemental irrigation if possible. Harvest non flowering plants for fodder purpose, if water is not available	-	-do -
		Green gram	Supplemental irrigation if possible followed by weeding.	-	-do -
	Coastal alluvial soils	Bajra	Supplemental Irrigation Harvest non flowering plants for fodder	Intercultivation, Top dressing N through urea after relief of drought	Supply of urea through govt. schemes

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on Implementation		
	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black	Groundnut	Life saving irrigation from harvested water	-	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation by Electricity Supply Board of State		
		Bajra	Supplemental irrigation. Harvest non flowering plants	-			

		for fodder.		
	Green gram	Supplemental irrigation. Thin out plant population. Harvest at physiological maturity	-	
Coastal alluvial soils	Bajra	Supplemental irrigation. Harvest non flowering plants for fodder purpose.	-	

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming	Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic	Remarks on	
	situation			measures	Implementation	
Delayed/	Medium & shallow	Wheat	No change	-	-	
limited release	black to mixed red &					
of water in	black					
canals due to	Coastal alluvial soils	Sugarcane		-	-	
low rainfall						

Note: Very limited canal irrigation facility exists in Junagadh

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming situation	Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Non release of		•	NA			
water in canals						
under delayed						
onset of						
monsoon in						
catchment						

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
	Major Farming	Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on		
	situation				Implementation		

Condition		Suggested Contingency measures				
	Major Farming	Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on	
	situation				Implementation	
Lack of inflows into tanks due to insufficient /delayed onset of	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black		NA			
monsoon	Coastal alluvial soils					

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
	Major Farming	Crop/cropping	Change in	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
	situation	system	crop/cropping system		
Insufficient groundwater recharge due to low rainfall	Medium & shallow black to mixed red & black	Wheat	No Change	Supply irrigation during night time to reduce transpiration.	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation by Electricity Supply Board of State
			Gram ICCC 4, Guj 1 &2 / Cumin Guj 1,2,3 & 4/ Coriander Guj 1 & 2/ Fenugreek Guj 1, Leafy vegetables / carrot.	Adoption of Sprinkler irrigation system. Reduce area of irrigation.	Construction of Well recharge structures, Timely supply of MIS and seeds through govt. schemes.
		Cotton	No Change	Give irrigation during night time to reduce transpiration.	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation by Electricity Supply Board of State.
			Gram ICCC 4, Guj 1 &2 / Cumin Guj 1,2,3 & 4/ Coriander Guj 1 & 2/ Fenugreek Guj 1, Leafy vegetables / carrot	Adoption of drip irrigation system. Mulching of 50 μ , ~370 kg/ha. Reduce area of irrigation.	Supply of MIS and plastic film through govt. schemes.
	Coastal alluvial medium land	Wheat	No Change	Give irrigation during night time to reduce	Ensure electric supply for life saving irrigation

	soils		Gram ICCC 4, Guj 1 &2 / Cumin Guj 1,2,3 & 4/ Coriander Guj 1 & 2/ Fenugreek Guj 1, Leafy	transpiration losses Adoption of Sprinkler irrigation system, deficit irrigation, Reduce area of irrigation.	
			vegetables, / carrot		
Sea water intrusion	Coastal alluvial, medium land soils	Wheat	Leafy vegetables, Carrot, Beet, Lucerne	Adoption of drip irrigation system, limited area under irrigation, Light frequent irrigations, to reduce over exploitation some extent & limit depth of pumping	-

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition		Sugges	sted contingency measure	
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest
Wheat	-	-	Surface drainage for management of water logging, lodging crop and to control black point in grain. spray mancozeb 0.2 %	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 µm, UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc, Preparation of quick drying techniques to separate good lot and bad lot.
Cotton	Surface drainage (for management of water logging,	Surface drainage for management of water logging,	Surface drainage (for management of water logging) harvesting mature bolls	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 μm , UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc,
Groundnut	-	-	delay harvesting for	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 μm,

			spreading groundnut if possible. Immediately harvest bunch groundnut. Quick surface drainage, Open channel around field.	UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc, Preparation of quick drying techniques to separate good lot and bad lot.
Bajra	-	-	Harvest mature ear heads.	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 µm, UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc, Preparation of quick drying techniques to separate good lot and bad lot.
Greengram	-	-	Arrange drainage , Harvest mature pods.	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 µm, UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc, Preparation of quick drying techniques to separate good lot and bad lot.
Horticulture				
Mango	Provision of drainage. Fertilizer application. Control leaf blight	Spray 0.2% wettable sulphur or 0.005% hexaconazole for protection against powdery mildew after cessation of heavy rain.	Hang methyle euginol trap, one /acre for control of fruit fly.	Utilized unripe fruits for pickles.
Heavy rainfall with high		rt span²		
Wheat	Surface drainage (to control water logging condition).	Surface drainage (to control water logging condition).	Surface drainage (for management of water logging, and to control black point in grain, spray mancozeb 0.2%.	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 µm, UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc, Preparation of quick drying techniques to separate good lot and bad lot.
Cotton	Surface drainage (for management	Surface drainage (for management of water logging. After drainage apply	Surface drainage (for management of water	Protect produce with plastic sheet (100 µm, UV stabilized colour plastic) or shift produces

	of water logging. After drainage	199 Kg/ha ammonium sulphate.	logging). Harvesting mature bolls.	to farm shed and protection against pest/disease damage in storage etc
Groundnut	-	-	Harvesting delay for spreading groundnut if possible. Immediately harvested bunch groundnut. Quick surface drainage, Open channel around field.	-Do-
Bajra	-	-	Harvest mature ear heads, Quick surface drainage.	-Do-
Green gram	-	-	Provide drainage , Harvest mature pods.	-Do-
Horticulture				
Mango	-	Spray 0.2% wettable sulphur or 0.005% Hexaconazole for protection against powdery mildew.	Collect fallen fruits.	Utilized unripe fruits for pickles.
Outbreak of pests and d	liseases due to unseaso	onal rains		
Wheat	Spray mancozeb 0.2% control leaf Blight & rusts.	Spray mancozeb 0.2% control leaf Blight & rusts.	Spray mancozeb 0.2% to control black point in grain.	-
Cotton	-	Control cotton angular leaf spot by spray of Copper Oxy chloride 0.2 % & streptocycline 100 ppm.	Control cotton angular leaf spot by spray of Copper Oxy chloride 0.2 % & streptocycline 100 ppm.	-
Groundnut	Spray 0.005% hexaconazole for rust & tikka disease control.	Spray 0.005% hexaconazole for rust & tikka disease control.	Spray 0.005% hexaconazole for rust & tikka disease control.	-
Bajra	-	-	Spray Mancozeb 0.2%	-
Green gram			-	
Horticulture	I			

Mango	Provision of	Spray 0.2% wettable sulphur or	Hang methyl euginol trap,	-
	drainage,	0.005% hexaconazole for protection	one /acre for control of fruit	
	fertilizer	against powdery mildew after	fly.	
	application,	cessation of heavy rain.	-	
	Control leaf blight.	j		

2.3 Floods

Condition				
Transient water logging/ partial inundation	Seedling / Nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Groundnut	NA	As a preventive step open drainage channel	As a preventive step open drainage channel	
Cotton	NA	As a preventive step open drainage channel	As a preventive step open drainage channel	
Bajra	NA	As a preventive step open drainage channel	As a preventive step open drainage channel	
Green gram	NA	As a preventive step open drainage channel	As a preventive step open drainage channel	
Horticulture	-	-	-	
Mango	Provide surface drainage	Provide surface drainage	Provide surface drainage	
Continuous submergence for more than 2 days				
Groundnut	As a preventive step open drainage channel followed by spray 0.05 % carbendazim for control of leaf spot.	As a preventive step open drainage channel followed by spray 1 % FeSO ₄ + 0.1 % citric acid for control yellowing, 0.0025% hexaconazole for rust & leaf spot management.	As a preventive step open drainage channel followed by spray 1 % FeSO ₄ + 0.1 % citric acid for control yellowing.	
Cotton	As a preventive step open	As a preventive step open	As a preventive step open	

	drainage channel and apply amonium sulphate.	drainage channel and apply amonium sulphate.	drainage channel. Harvesting mature bolls.				
Bajra	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray mancozeb 0.2% control downy mildew	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray mancozeb 0.2% control downy mildew.	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray mancozeb 0.2% control rusts.	Harvest mature ear heads.			
Green gram	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray 0.05 % carbendazim for powdery mildew.	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray 0.005% hexaconazole or 0.025% carbendazim for leaf spot & powdery mildew.	As a preventive step open drainage channel and spray 0.005% hexaconazole or 0.025 % carbendazim for powdery mildew.	Picking of mature pods.			
Horticulture							
Mango	Shift grafts to safe place & proper surface drainage.	Surface drainage.	Surface drainage.	Surface drainage.			
Sea water intrusion	NA	NA	NA	NA			

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type	pe Suggested contingency measure				
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest	
	Light & frequent irrigation to all	Light & frequent irrigation to	Light & frequent irrigation to all	-	
Heat Wave	crops	all crops	crops		
	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Hailstorm					
Cyclone					
Wheat	Quick drainage	Quick drainage	Quick drainage and spray mancozeb 0.2% to control black point in grain.	Shift produce at safer place.	
Cotton	Earthing up, quick drainage	Earthing up, quick drainage	Earthing up, quick drainage		
Groundnut	Quick drainage	Quick drainage	Quick drainage]	
Horticulture					

Mango	Shift grafts to safe place if possible	Reduce canopy & tying plants	Reduce canopy & tying plants	Early harvesting of crop.
	& build Cyclone proof nursery,	diagonally if possible, Grow	diagonally if possible.	
	Grow wind barrier trees around	wind barrier trees around		
	nursery.	field.		

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures				
	Before the event	During the event	After the event		
Drought					
Feed and fodder availability	Store fodder (silage and hay). Conventional feeds are used for feeding (Roughages & concentrates) of maize, sorghum, groundnut fodder & wheat straw).	Stored feed & fodder in silage & Hay. Treated wheat straw with 4 % urea solution. Use chaff cutter for fodder. Use press for making compact bundles of fodder for easy transportation. Establish feed block preparation facilities for animals. Arrange bulk transportation of fodder.	Feed little green fodder along with unconventional feed, 5 kg green feed/mature animal.		
Drinking water	Rain water harvesting and create water bodies/watering points. When water is scarce use only for drinking water for animals.	Avoid wallowing. Judicious use of drinking water. Establish and arrange the community based drinking water facilities. In coastal area community based R.O. Plant to be established for drinking water. Add bleaching powder to drinking water	Give sufficient water as per the animal requirement		
Health and disease management	Foot & Mouth disease vaccination in June, Vaccination for Bacterial diseases e.g., HS,BQ Deworming of the animals (cattle & buffaloes). Add mineral mixtures 25 g/animal/day along	Add mineral mixtures 25 g/Animal/day along with feed, deworming of the animals. Arrange mobile dispensary for animal heath in the region. Establish link with Agricultural/Veterinary University for	Add vitamin mineral mixtures 25 g/Animal/day along with feed, quarantine diseased animals and deworming of the animals.		

	with feed. Animals to be covered cover under insurance schemes. Vaccination for bacterial diseases e.g. , HS,BQ	animal health. Involve vet. science students for health management of animal. Carry out decease diagnosis camps.	
Floods			
Feed and fodder availability	Harvest available fodder and store it at safe place if floods forecast. Shift animals to safe place. Identify rescue places for safety of animals.	Give stored fodder with mineral mixture. Fodder should be stored at safe place. In severe rain and flood unteather animals.	Feed silage & hay material along with concentrate feed. Use chaff cutter for fodder. Use press for making compact bundles of fodder for easy transportation. Establish community based shelter houses for animals. Establish feed block preparation facilities for animals. Arrange bulk transportation of fodder.
Drinking water	Add bleaching powder (1%) to drinking water when heavy rains occur and flood expected.	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).
Health and disease management	Provide insurance cover to the animals.	Vaccination of animals against HS, BQ Add mineral mixtures 25 g/Animal/day along with feed, deworming of the animals. Arrange mobile dispensary for animal heath in the region. Establish link with Agricultural/Veterinary University for animal health. Involve vet. science students for health management of animal. Carry out decease diagnosis camps.	Disposal of dead animals by burning the carcas and sanitation measures to control spread of diseases. Health checking to diseases out break.
Cyclone			
Feed and fodder availability	Early harvesting & storage of fodder.	Shift animals to safe place, give stored fodder with mineral mixture along with	Feed silage & hay material along with concentrated feed.

		concentrated feed. In severe rain and flood unteather animals.	Use chaff cutter for fodder. Use press for making compact bundles of fodder for easy transportation. Establish community based shelter houses for animals. Establish feed block preparation facilities for animals. Arrange bulk transportation of fodder.
Drinking water	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).
Health and disease management	Provide insurance cover to the animals.	Vaccination of animals to HS & BQ. Keep animal free. Add mineral mixtures 25 g/Animal/day along with feed, deworming of the animals. Arrange mobile dispensary for animal heath in the region. Establish link with Agricultural/Veterinary University for animal health. Involve vet. science students for health management of animal. Carry out decease diagnosis camps.	Disposal of dead animals by burning the carcas and sanitation measures to control spread of diseases. Health checking to diseases out break.
Heat wave and cold wave	NA	NA	NA
Heat wave	NA	NA	NA

s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event	During the event	After the event	
Drought				

Shortage of feed ingredients	Stored feed, conventional feed, Antibiotics and probiotics	Stored feed, conventional feed, Antibiotics and probiotics	Use conventional feed, vaccination for viral diseases –Marek's and Ranikhet diseases (MD & RD).	Linkage Govt. schemes with public/NGOs at grass root levels.
Drinking water	Rain water harvesting	Give water for drinking only	Give sufficient water as per the bird's requirement	Linkage Govt. schemes with public/NGOs at grass root levels
Health and disease management	Vaccination for viral diseases –against MD & RD, cover birds under insurance.	Provide ventilation. Add more calcium with feed. Assure supply of electric power.	Routine practices are to be followed Culling affected birds disposal by burning.	Vaccination for viral diseases –against MD & RD
Floods				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Use conventional feed, ingredients.	Use stored feed, Antibiotics Pro biotics, and Assure supply of electric power.	Routine practices are to be followed.	Linkage Govt. schemes with public/NGOs at grass root levels.
Drinking water	-	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Linkage Govt. schemes with public/NGOs at grass root levels
Health and disease management	Cover birds under insurance.	For suspected cases give antibiotic in the feed, prevent water logging surrounding sheds, Assure supply of electric power.	Dispose dead birds by burning.	Vaccination for viral diseases –against MD & RD
Cyclone				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Use stored feed ingredients.	Use stored feed & Use conventional feed, Antibiotics Probiotic.	Routine practices are to be followed.	Use stored feed ingredients

Drinking water	-	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	Add bleaching powder to drinking water (1%).	-
Health and disease management	Cover birds under insurance.	For suspected cases give antibiotics.	Dispose dead birds by burning.	-
Heat wave and cold wave	,			
Heat wave				
Shelter/environment management	Arrangement of good ventilation by fitting fan and foggers	Operate fans , foggers, keep open ventilators in night and cool period.	Routine practices are to be followed.	
Health and disease management	Cover birds under insurance.	Viral vaccination add calcium in the poultry feed.	Routine practices are to be followed.	-
Cold wave				
Shelter/environment management	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	-
Health and disease management	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	-

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

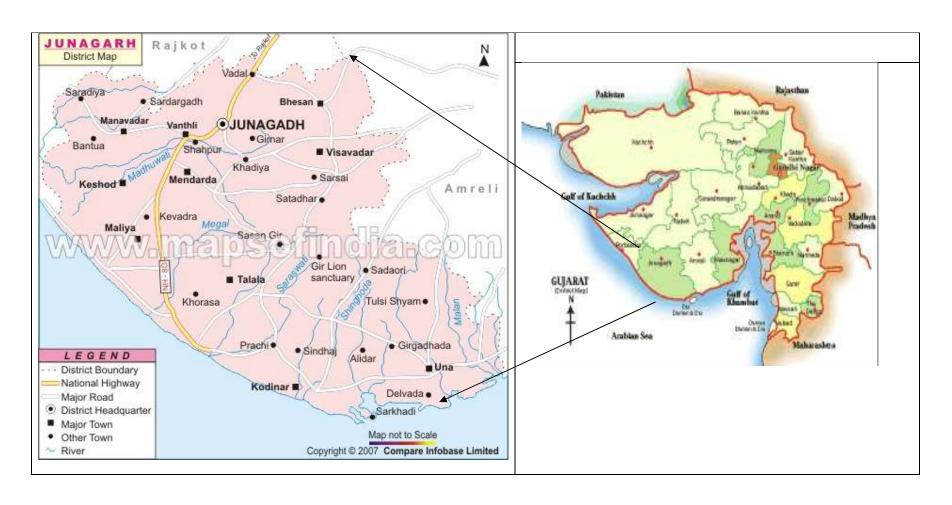
Suggested contingency measures				
Before the event	During the event	After the event		

	1)	Drought	
A. Capture			
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	Desilting/deepening of pond so that more water can be stored	Provision of additional bore wells use Euryhaline species	Maintaining pond water level at least 1 m depth.
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality	Replenishment of water in pond with fresh water	30 % exchange of water	10 % exchange of water
(iii) Any other	-	-	-
2) Floods			
A. Capture			
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Inundation with flood water	Deepening of ponds, Repair, strengthening of dykes	Enhancement of dykes height by sand bags	-
(ii) Water contamination and changes in water quality	Use of calcium hydroxide @ 150 kg/ha	Infected fishes to be treated with KMno ₄ 1 % as prophylactics	Lime treatment for oxidation
(iii) Health and diseases	Antibiotics fortified feeding as prophylactics	Disinfectants formalin treatments as prophylactics	-do-
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)	Stock cover under insurance	-	
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, huts etc)	-	-	Repaire & maintenance of aqua structures to be given
(vi) Any other	-	-	-

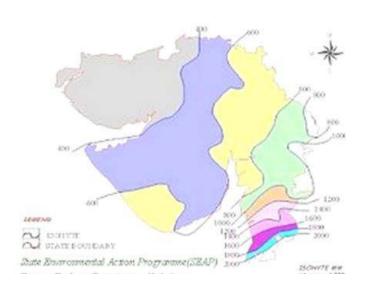
3. Cyclone / Tsunami			
A. Capture			
Marine			
(i) Average compensation paid due to loss of fishermen lives	For warning systems to be installed. Insurance & communication instruments supplied to fisher man, Warning systems to be installed	Warning systems to be installed	Compensations to be paid for repair & maintenance of boats & gears on actual survey basis
(ii) Avg. no. of boats / nets/damaged			Compensation on assessment of actual losses & damage of boats & nets to be given
(iii) Avg. no. of houses damaged	-	-	Compensation on assessment of actual losses & damage of houses to be given
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Overflow / flooding of ponds	Strengthing of dykes	Enhancement of dykes height by sand bags	-
(ii) Changes in water quality (fresh water / brackish water ratio)	Maintain salinity by addition of fresh water up to 20-25 ppt.	Use euryhaline species	use Euryhaline species for culture
(iii) Health and diseases	Liming and formalin treatment	Disinfectants treatments	-
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)	Stock cover under insurance	-	-
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, shelters/huts etc)	-	-	Compensation on assessment of actual losses & damage of pumps, aerators, shelters/huts to be given
4. Heat wave and cold wave			
Heat wave			
A. Capture			

Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)	Plantation of leafy trees on dyke , increase depth	To maintain Water level in pond, Use of fountain and peddle wheel aerator	
(ii) Health and Disease management	-	Bleaching powder 1 to 2 %, formalin treatment to prevent disease	KMnO ₄ 2 % to maintain oxygen level
(iii) Any other	-	-	-
cold wave			
A. Capture			
Marine	NA	NA	NA
Inland	NA	NA	NA
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)	-	To maintain Water level in pond,	Prophylactic measures
(ii) Health and Disease management	-	Bleaching powder 1 to 2 %, formalin treatment to prevent disease	KMnO ₄ 2 % to maintain oxygen level
(iii) Any other	-	-	-

Anneure-1: Location map of Junagadh district



Annexure 2: Mean annual rainfall of Junagadh



Annexure 3: Soil map of Junagadh

