State: CHHATTISGARH

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Surguja

1.0 Di	strict Agriculture profile						
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone						
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)		Moderately To Gently Sloping ChattisgarhMahanadi Basin, Hot Moist/Dry Subhumid Transitional				
			ESR With	Deep L	oamy To Clayey Red And Yellow	v Soils	s (11.0)
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commissi-	on)	Eastern Pl	ateau A	nd Hills Region (VII)		
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)		North Hill	Zone o	f Chattisgarh (MP-3)		
	List all the districts falling under the NAF area falling in the zone)	P Zone*(*>50%	Koriya, B	Koriya, Bilaspur, Jashpur, Surguja, Raigarh, Anupur, Dindori, Mandla, Seoni			dori, Mandla, Seoni
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters		Latitu	de	Longitude		Altitude
			23° 10	' N	83 ⁰ 15' E		623m
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS		RMD,College of Agriculture and Research Station -Ambikapur(C.G.)				
	Mention the KVK located in the district w	vith address	Ambikapur -Surguja				
	Name and address of the nearest Agromet (AMFU, IMD) for agro-advisories in the	Field Unit Zone	AMFU -RMD,College of Agriculture and Research Station -Ambikapur(C.G.)				
1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)		Norm	al Onset		Normal Cessation
				(spec	ify week and month)		(specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep)	1178		2^{nd} we	eek of June		2 nd Week of October
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec)	62.5		3 rd we	ek of October		
	Winter (Jan- March)	39.5					
	Summer (Apr-May)	33.5					
	Annual	1314					

1.3	Land use	Geographical	Cultivable	Forest area	Land under	Permanent	Cultivable	Land under	Barren and	Current	Other
	pattern of	area	area		non-	pastures	wasteland	Misc. tree	uncultivable	fallows	fallows
	the				agricultural			crops and	land		
	district				use			groves			
	Area('000	1034.3	620.6	203.1	90.08	183.8	50.5	-	-	55.9	34.2

ha)					
maj					

1.4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils (etc.,)*	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	1. E		
	2.		
	3.		

 3.

 * mention colour, depth and texture (heavy, light, sandy, loamy, clayey etc) and give vernacular name, if any, in brackets (data source: Soil Resource Maps of NBSS & LUP)

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	508.8	121.9
	Area sown more than once	111.8	
	Gross cropped area	620.6	

Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)	Percent(%)	
Net irrigated area	26.1	5.14	
Gross irrigated area	63.3	10.21	
Rainfed area	508.8	84.65	
Sources of irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
Canals	-	8.1	
Tanks	-	12.2	
Open wells	-	8.4	
Bore wells	-	10.9	
Lift irrigation schemes	-	-	
Micro-irrigation	-	-	
Other sources (please specify)	-	23.5	
Total irrigated area	-	508.8	9%
Pump sets	-	-	
No. Of tractors	-	-	
Groundwater availability and use* (data source:	No. Of blocks/ tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of

state/central ground water department /board)			arsenic, fluoride, saline etc)
Over exploited	0	<70-100	
Critical	0	<70-100	
Semi- critical	0	<70-100	
Safe	0	<70-100	
Wastewater availability and use			
Ground water quality	70-100%		

*over-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; critical: 90-100%; semi-critical: 70-90%; safe: <70%
1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture

1.7.	Major field crops				Area ('000) ha)			
	cultivated		Kharif			Rabi			
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total
	Rice		306.6	306.6					306.6
	Maize		43.6	43.6					43.6
	Pigeonpea		28.8	28.8					28.8
	Blackgram		23.2	23.2					23.2
	Sesame		5.3	5.3					5.3
	Niger		19.3	19.3					19.3
	Groundnut		13.8	13.8					13.8
	Sugarcane	3.1	3.1	6.2					6.2
	Wheat				33.3		33.3		33.3
	Pea				8.6		8.6		8.6
	Toria				30.8		30.8		30.8
	Llinseed					11.4	11.4		11.4
	Sugarcane				2.5		2.5		2.5

Hanticulture energy Envite		Area ('000 ha)						
fior ficulture crops - Fruits	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed					
Mango	9.0		9.0					
Banana	1.5		1.5					
Рарауа	1.6		1.6					

Jack fruit	0.9		0.9
Litchi	2.4		2.4
Pear	0.6		0.6
Others	0.8		0.8
Horticulture crops - Vegetables	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Cauliflower	1.6		1.6
Cabbage	1.4		1.4
Brinjal	3.4		3.4
Tomato	4.1		4.1
Potato	12.7		12.7
Bitter guord	1.2		1.2
Medicinal and Aromatic crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Lemon Grass	0.1		0.1
E.Citridora	0.6		0.6
Others	0.04		0.04
Plantation crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Fodder crops	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed
Total fodder crop area			
Grazing land			
Sericulture etc			

1.8	Livestock	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)	623.3	956.6	719.0
	Improved cattle			
	Crossbred cattle	5.3	13.07	18.4
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low yielding)	217.4		220.04
	Descript Buffaloes			
	Goat	148.9	404.02	553.0
	Sheep	2.6	4.9	7.5
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)	76	33	.10
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)	-	-	.1

1.9	Poultry	No. of farms	Total No. of birds ('000)
	Commercial	111	148.5
	Backyard	0	0

1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Plann	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)								
	A. Capture									
	i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries	No. of fishermen	Bo	ats		Nets		Storage facilities		
-	Department)		Mechanized	Non- mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non-mechaniz Seines, Stake &	zed (Shore & trap nets)	(Ice plants etc.)		
	ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer ov	vned ponds	No. 0	f Reservoirs	Ν	lo. of village	tanks		
	B. Culture									
				Water S	pread Area (ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Produc	tion ('000 tons)		
	i) Brackish water (Data Source: M									
	ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fishe	eries Department)								

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of crop		Kharif		Rabi Sur		ımmer		Total	Crop residue
		Production	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Productio	Productivity (kg/ha)	('000 tons)
Major Field crops (Crops identified based on total acreage)										
	Rice	148.1	1605					148.1	1605	
	Maize	20.9	1520					20.9	1520	
	Pigeonpea	8.1	761					8.1	761	

Blackgram	4.5	603				4.5	603	
Sesame	0.5	363				0.5	363	
Niger	3.0	318				3.0	318	
Groundnut	6.3	1313				6.3	1313	
Sugarcane	3.2	3448				3.2	3448	
Wheat			16.5	1442		16.5	1442	
Pea			1.7	592		1.7	592	
Toria			6.5	652		6.5	652	
Linseed			1.5	433		1.5	433	
Sugarcane			2.9	3490		2.9	3490	

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops (start and end of normal sowing period)	Rice	Maize	Ground nut	Wheat	Sugarcane
	Kharif- Rainfed	4 th week of June to	4 th week of June to	4 th week of June to		
		2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July		
	Kharif-Irrigated	3 rd week of June to				
		1 st week of July				
	Rabi- Rainfed					-
	Rabi-Irrigated				2 nd week of November	4 th week of February
					to 1 st week of January	to 2 nd week of April

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought			
	Flood			
	Cyclone			
	Hail storm			
	Heat wave			

	Cold wave		
	Frost		
	Sea water intrusion		
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)		\checkmark
1			

1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes





Annexure II



2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought 2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delayed by 2 week	Upland shallow red	Rice-Fallow	Rice- Tulsi, Vandana, Aditya, Kalinga- 3, Vanprabha	Line sowing with recommended dose of fertilizer	
June 4 th week	soils	Pigeonpea-Fallow	Pigeonpea -UPAS-120,TAG-10,Asha, Rajivlochan, ICPL-151, ICPL-87 Urd- JU-2, JU-3, PDU-1TAU-2, TU-94-2	Proper Spacing with recommended dose of Fertiliser & Seed Inoculation with Rhizobium culture	
		Maize-Fallow	Maize- Hi sell,Proagro-6444 ,BIO- 9681,DHM117,PMH-3,PRO- 4640,PIO30-R26	Line sowing & weed management. by Atrazin @ 2 gm./litre water at (PE)	
		Groundnut-Fallow	Groundnut -SB-11, JL-24, ICGS-11, ICGS-34, ICGS-43 Sesame-Selection-5,TC-25,JT-21	Line sowing & seed Inoculation with Rhizobium culture	
		Fallow-Horsegram/Niger/ Toria	Niger -IGP-76,GA-10,JNS-1,JNS-6 Horsegram- K42,Birsa kulthi-1, pk-1	Timely sowing of Niger & Finger millet	
	Midland	Rice-Fallow Rice-Wheat/Pea	Rice-MTU-1010,PA-6444,PHB-71,KRH- 1,Indira sona	Use 15-20 days old seedling for transplanting Apply 15-20 kg ZnSo4 before	
	Low land	Rice-Fallow Rice-Linseed	Rice-Sawarna,Sawarna ,Jaldubi Mahamaya,Danteswari ,Bambleswari Linseed- R552,kiran,shital	planting or sowing Apply recommended dose of Fertilizer	

Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delayed by 4 week	Upland shallow red	Rice-Fallow	Rice- Tulsi, Vandana, Aditya, Kalinga- 3, Vanprabha	Line sowing with recommended dose of fertilizer	1).Seed drills is being provide under RKVY
July 2 nd week	soils	Pigeonpea-Fallow	Pigeonpea -UPAS-120,TAG-10,Asha, Rajivlochan,ICPL-151,ICPL-87 Urd- JU-2,JU-3,PDU-1TAU-2,TU-94-2	Proper Spacing with recommended dose of Fertiliser & Seed Inoculation with Rhizobium culture	2) Rhizobium culture Supply through RKVY3)Supply suitable Seed
		Maize-Fallow	Maize- Hi sell,Proagro-6444 ,BIO- 9681,DHM117,PMH-3,PRO- 4640,PIO30-R26	Line sowing & weed management. by Atrazin @ 2 gm./lit water at (PE)	through Seed through seed corporation/,Agril university
		Groundnut-Fallow	Groundnut -SB-11, JL-24, ICGS-11, ICGS-34, ICGS-43 Sesame-Selection-5,TC-25,JT-21	Line sowing & seed Inoculation with Rhizobium culture	
		Fallow-Horsegram/Niger/ Toria	Niger - IGP-76,GA-10,JNS-1,JNS-6 Horsegram- K42,Birsa kulthi-1, pk-1	Timley sowing of Niger & Finger millet	-
	Midland	Rice-Fallow Rice-Wheat/Pea	Rice-MTU-1010,PA-6444,PHB-71,KRH- 1,Indira sona	Use 15-20 days old seedling for transplanting	
	Low land	Rice-Fallow Rice-Linseed	Rice-Sawarna,Sawarna ,Jaldubi Mahamaya,Danteswari ,Bambleswari Linseed- R552,kiran,shital	Apply 15-20 kg ZnSo4 before planting or sowing Apply recommended dose of Fertilizer	

Early season	Major	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
drought	Farming	system			Implementation
(delayed	situation				
onset)					

Delayed by 6	Upland	Rice-Fallow	Pegionpea-UPAS120,TAG10,Asha,	Proper Spacing with	1).Seed drills is being
week	shallow red		Rajivlochan,ICPL151,ICPL-87	recommended dose of fertilizer	provide under RKVY
	soils	Pigeonpea-Fallow	Urd- JU-2, JU-3, PDU-1TAU-2, TU-94-2	& seed Inoculation with	
				Rhizobium culture	2) Rhizobium culture
		Maize-Fallow	Moong-Pusa Vishal,BM-4,HUN-		Supply through RKVY
July 4 th week			12,Pragya,Pairi Moong		
		Groundnut-Fallow			3)Supply suitable Seed
		Fallow-Horsegram/Niger/	Niger -IGP-76,GA-10,JNS-1,JNS-6	Timely sowing of Niger &	through Seed through
		Toria	Horsegram- K42,Birsa kulthi-1, pk-1	Finger millet	seed corporation/ ,Agril
			Sesame-selection-5,TC-25,JT-21	_	university
	Midland	Rice-Fallow	Rice-Sawarna, Sawarna , Jaldubi	Direct Seeding of Sprouted rice	
		Rice-Wheat/Pea	Mahamaya, Danteswari , Bambleswari	seed under puddled condition	
	Low land	Rice-Fallow	Linseed- R552,kiran,shital	_	
		Rice-Linseed		Grow short and medium	
				duration variety	

Early season drought	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
(delayed onset)		D: D !!			
Delayed by 8	Upland	Rice-Fallow	Niger - IGP-76,GA-10,JNS-1,		1).Seed provide by drills
week	shallow red soils	Pigeonpea-Fallow	JNS-6		under RKVY
		Maize-Fallow	Horse Gram- K42,Birsa kulthi-1,		
		Groundnut-Fallow	pk-1		2) Rhizobium culture
		Var local / Improved	Sesame-selection-5,TC-25,JT-21		Supply through RKVY
August 2 nd week		Fallow- Horsegram /Niger	Fingermillet,-KM68,VL148,km-		
		/Toriya	68.vl-48		3)supply suitable Seed
		5			through Seed through
	Midland	Rice-Fallow	Rice-MTU-1010,PA-6444,PHB-	Apply additional nitrogenous	seed corporation/ ,Agril
		Rice-Wheat/Pea	71,KRH-1,Indira sona	fertilizer	university
	Low land	Rice-Fallow	Rice-Sawarna, sawerna sub-1	Apply 15-20 kg ZnSo4	
		Rice-Linseed	sapada, Mahamaya, Danteswari	before planting or sowing	
			swarna,		

Early season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on
arought	situation	system		conservation measues	Implementation
(Normal onset)					
Normal onset	Upland	Rice-Fallow	Thinning and gap filling the existing	Life saving Irrigation	Supply of inter cultural
followed by 15-	shallow red soils	Pigeonpea-Fallow	crops	In situ SWC measures	implements through
20 days dry spell		Maize-Fallow	*Re-Sowing		RKVY
after sowing		Groundnut-Fallow	*Sprouted seed should be		
leading to poor		Var local / Improved	sown if nursery is not		
germination/crop		Fallow- Horsegram /Niger	available		
stand etc		/Toria			
	Midland	Rice-Fallow			
		Rice-Wheat/Pea			
	Low land	Rice-Fallow			
		Rice-Linseed			

Condition			Suggested Continger	ncy measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures	Remarks on Implementation
At vegetative stage	Upland shallow red soils	Rice-FallowPigeonpea -FallowMaize-FallowFallow- Horse gram/Niger/ToriaGroundnut -Fallow	Thinning, Post -ponment of top dressing, Life saving irrigation Protection against diseases and pests	1.Inter cultivation (Soil Mulching)1)Su Imp 2.Conservation furrow 2. Life saving irrigation2) F 3. Opening of	 Supply of Inter cultural Implements through RKVY Farm pond through IWSM programme
	Midland Low land	Rice-Fallow Rice-Fallow Rice-Linseed/Lathyrus/ Pea/Lentil	Conserve water in crop field, Life saving irrigation	furrows 4. Spray of 2% urea in paddy.	3) Seed supply through seed corporation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on
drought (long dry	situation			conservation measues	Implementation
spell,					
At flowering/	Upland	Rice-Fallow	1) Weeding and Weed mulching	1. Life saving	1) Farm pond
fruiting stage	shallow red soils	Pigeonpea -Fallow		Irrigation	through IWSM
		Maize-Fallow	2) Life saving irrigation	2. Rainwater conservation	programme
		Fallow- Horse gram/Niger/	7	during kharif season	
		Toria	3) Could be harvested for fodder		
		Groundnut -Fallow	purpose		
	Midland	Rice-Fallow	4) Protection against diseases		
	Low land	Rice-Fallow	and pests		
		Rice-Linseed/Lathyrus/			
		Pea/Lentil			
1	1				

Condition			Sugge	sted Contingency measures	i
Terminal drought	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on
(Early withdrawal	situation				Implementation
of monsoon)					
	Upland	Rice-Fallow	Life saving Irrigation	1)Make a plan for Early	
	shallow red soils	Pigeonpea -Fallow	Rainwater conserve during	sowing of Ramtil,	
		Maize-Fallow	kharif for rabi	Kulthi(Horse gram)	
		Fallow- Horse gram/Niger/			
		Toria			
		Groundnut -Fallow			
	Midland	Rice-Fallow		1)Make plan for Utera	
		Rice-Wheat		cultivation of	
	Low land	Rice-Linseed/Lathyrus/	1	Linseed, Lathyrus, Lentil	
		Pea/Lentil			

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation	system			Implementation
Delayed release of	Low land tube well,	Rice -Rice	Aerobic Rice	1) Alternate Furrow	Seed supply through
water in canals due	canal irrigated soils			irrigation	seed corporation
to low rainfall			-		
Limited release of	Low land tube well,	Rice-Rice	Aerobic Rice	1)Transplanting of rice	
water in canals due	canal irrigated soils			with SRI system	
to low rainfall				-	
Non release of	Low land tube well,	Rice-Rice	Aerobic Rice	1) Alternate furrow	
water in canals	canal irrigated soils			Irrigation	
under delayed onset				2) Drip Irrigation	
of monsoon in					
catchment					
Lack of inflows into	Low land tube well,	Rice-Rice	Aerobic Rice	1) Alternate furrow	
tanks due to	canal irrigated soils			Irrigation	
insufficient /delayed				2) Drip Irrigation	
onset of monsoon					
Insufficient	Low land tube well,	Rice-Wheat	Wheat,- GW-273,GW173,DL-788-	1) Alternate Furrow	
groundwater	canal irrigated soils		2,C-306	irrigation	
recharge due to low			Mustard-Varun,Pusa bold,	2)irrigate crops at critical	
rainfall			varun,vardan,Krishna	stages	
			Gram-JG-74,JG-315,vaibhav		

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition	Suggested contingency measure				
Continuous high rainfall in a short snan leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest	
Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Blackgram, Wheat, Rice	Provide Drainage Need based plant protection IPDM for pulses	Provide Drainage	Drain out excess water , Harvesting at Physiological maturity stage	Shift to safer place Safe storage against pest and disease	
Heavy rainfall with high speed winds in a short span ² Outbreak of pests and diseases due to	Not applicable				
unseasonal rains	Not applicable				

2.3 Floods

Condition	Suggested contingency measure ^o			
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Continuous submergence	Not Applicable			
for more than 2 days ²				
Sea water intrusion ³				

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type	type Suggested contingency measurer						
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest			
Heat wave ^p	Not Applicable						
Cold wave ^q	Not Applicable						
Frost							
Potato, Tomato	Protect nursery plot through polythene sheet	*Need based plant protection Integrated pest and disease management for Potato	*Need based plant protection IPDM for Potato * Irrigate the crops to protect from Frost				
Hailstorm	Not Applicable						
Cyclone	Not Applicable						

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures				
	Before the event ^s During the eventAfter the event				
Drought					

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Feed and fodder availability	Preservation of surplus fodder ,encourage fodder cultivation and tree plantation and also encourage supply of molasses to cattle feed plant.	Arrangement of feed and fodder from adjoining areas ,exploration of non conventional feed resources ,use of urea treated straw and feed blocks.	Promotion of fodder seed production cultivation and storage establishment of fodder blocks		
Drinking water	Preserving water in the tank for drinking purpose Excavation of bore wells	Harvesting water through the existing reservoirs and exploration of ground water.	To strengthen reservoirs by promoting recharging of water and rain water harvesting during rainy season		
Health and disease management	Mass vaccination and De-worming	Provide shade to animals and water as much as possible .Treatment of diseased animal and proper disposal of carcases	Treatment of diseased animal and provide vitamin and minerals supplement to regain strength and vigor		
Floods	Not Applicable	·			
Cyclone	Not Applicable				
Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable				

^s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

				Convergence/linkag
		Suggested contingency measures		programs, if any
	Before the event	During the event	After the event	
Drought				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of feed	Provide non conventional feed, supplement anti oxidant and anti stress		
Drinking water	Storage of water in tanks	Add vit-C and other anti stress ingredient with water		
Health and disease management	Regular vaccination	Use pellet feeding		
Floods	Not Applicable			
Cyclone	Not Applicable			
Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable			

^a2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
1) Drought				
A. Capture				
Marine				
Inland				
(i) Shallow water depth due to insufficient rains/inflow	 Harvest all the large fish except the brood stock. Move other fish into pens or small confined waters. 3. Provision for Rainwater harvesting Deepening/Desilting of existing 	 Harvest all the fish. Stock water bodies with desirable species for culture. Shallow derelict waters can stocked with stunted fish seed for culture. Pens of 0.2 to 0.5 ha may facilitate easy operation of culture. 	1. Stocking and management ofgrowth of stock grow out water bodies to improve	
(ii) Changes in water quality	 Monitor water quality Avoid polluting materials entry into water body. 	1. Monitor water quality as small water bodies have less tolerance to environmental changes leading to algal blooms and fish mortality.	1. Advent of monsoon will mitigate the water shortage and normal stocking and culture practice may be adopted.	
B. Aquaculture				
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	 Harvest all the large fish except the brood stock. Move other fish into pens or small confined waters with at least one meter depth. Go for low stocking density. Provision for Rainwater harvesting Deepening/Desilting of existing water bodies. Removal of debris and compaction of pond bunds. 	 Harvest all the fish. Stock ponds with desirable species for culture. Transfer the brood stock to deep water ponds if the existing ponds cannot be filled with bore well water. Postpone breeding operations till the first heavy rains or Start breeding if sufficient bore well water is available. 	 Start breeding operation with full preparations. Undertake nursery and rearing operations. Stocking and management of grow out ponds to improve growth of stock. 	

		6. Start pond preparations, like	
		deweeding, desilting & repair of	
		dykes.	
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality	1. Add bore well water and if available, canal-water	 Add bore well/ canal water if available or else harvest the stock. Implement standard water conservation management practices 	1. Exchange pond water with freshsurface runoff water.
2) Floods	Not Applicable		
3. Cyclone / Tsunami	Not Applicable		
4. Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable		

^a based on forewarning wherever available