STATE: BIHAR

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Gopalganj

1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone							
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Eastern Plain, Hot Subhum	id (moist) Eco-Region (13.1)					
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Middle Gangetic Plain Region (IV)						
	List all the districts or part thereof falling	North West Alluvial Plain	North West Alluvial Plain Zone (BI-1)					
		Saran, Siwan, Goplaganj, I Darbhanga, Madhubani, S	Muzaffarpur, E. Champaran, W. Champaran, amastipur	Sitamarhi, Sheohar, Vaishali,				
	Geographic coordinates of district	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude				
	headquarters	26 ⁰ 26'N	84 ⁰ 23'E	65 m				
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ZARS/RARS/RRS/RRTTS	R.R.S Madhopur, W. Char	nparan					
	Mention the KVK located in the district	Gopalganj						
	AMFU Station							

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)	Normal Onset	Normal Cessation
	SW monsoon (June-Sep)	1207	-	2 nd week of June	3 rd week of September
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec)	196	-	1 st week of October	1 st week of November
	Winter (Jan-Feb)	43	-		
	Summer (March-May)	220	-		

Annual	1667	-	-	-
	1007			

1.	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics)	Geographical area	Cultivable area	Forest area	Land under non- agricultural use	Permanent pastures	Cultivable wasteland	Land under Misc. tree crops and groves	Barren and uncultivable land	Current fallows	Other fallows
	Area ('000 ha)	203.7	163.1	1.2	22.9	-	17.6	0	0	0	0

1. 4	Major Soils	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	Sandy loam	-	-
	Loam	-	-
	Clay loam	-	-

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	163.1	150.30
	Area sown more than once	82.2	
	Gross cropped area	245.2	

1.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)		
	Net irrigated area	115.8		
	Gross irrigated area	-		
	Rainfed area	47.1		
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
	Canals	-	26.3	22.7
	Tanks	-	2.2	1.9
	Open wells	-	11.7	10.1
	Bore wells	-	56.07	48.4

Lift irrigation schemes	-		
Micro-irrigation			
Other sources (please specify)		19.4	16.7
Total Irrigated Area		115.8	
Pump sets			
No. of Tractors			
Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the prob such as high levels of arsenic,
Department /Board)	Tensus		fluoride, saline etc)
Over exploited			
Critical			
Semi- critical			
Safe	14	100%	
Wastewater availability and use			
Ground water quality		•	·
r-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; crit	ical: 90-100%; semi	-critical: 70-90%; safe: <70%	

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture

1.7	Major field crops				Area ('(000 ha)			
	cultivated		Kharif			Rabi			
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Summer	Grand total
	Rice	-	-	87.2	-	-	-	-	87.2
	Pulses	-	-	6.9	-	-	3.5	0.8	11.3
	Maize	-	-	2.9	-	-	2.4	3.4	8.7
	wheat	-	-		-	-	91.2	0	91.2
	Sugarcane	-	-		-	-	25.3	10.8	36.2

Horticulture crops - Fruits	Area ('000 ha)
	Total
Mango	2.9
Guava	0.5
Litchi	1.1
Lemon	0.4
Banana	0.6
Horticulture crops - Vegetables	Total
Cauliflower	1.8
Oka	2.1
Tomato	1.4
Potato	11.7
Brinjal	1.3
Medicinal and Aromatic	
crops	
Plantation crops	
Fodder crops	
Grazing land	
Sericulture etc	

1.8	Livestock	Male ('000)	Female ('000)	Total ('000)
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)	78.9	92.5	171.4
	Improved cattle			

	Crossbred cattle		3.3	3		13.7			17.1	
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (loc	cal low yiel	ding)							
	Descript Buffaloes		15	72.6		102.9 143.6		118.2		
	Goat		72						216.3	
	Sheep		0.4			0.7			1.1	
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)									
	Commercial dairy farms (Num	nber)								
1.9	Poultry			No. of farms		Total No	of birds ('000))		
	Commercial					76714				
	Backyard					37880				
1.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief	Planning C	Officer)							
	A. Capture									
		i) Marine (Data Source: No. of fish			ats	its				Storage facilities
	Fisheries Department)			Mechanized		Non-	Mechanized	Non-	mechanized	(Ice plants etc.)
					me	chanized	(Trawl nets,		ore Seines,	
							Gill nets)		& trap nets)	
		No Fo	rmer owned p	onds	No	of Dogowa	zo in a	No of	villaga tanka	
	ii) Inland (Data Source:	No. Fa	rmer owned p	onus	110	No. of Reservoirs		No. of village tanks		
	Fisheries Department)	30			229)		209		
İ	- ~ ·				-			1		
1	B. Culture									'000 tons)
	B. Culture		Water Spre	ad Area (ha)		Yield (t/h	na)		Production	('000 tons)
			Water Spre	ad Area (ha)		Yield (t/h	na)		Production	('000 tons)
	i) Brackish water (Data Source MPEDA/ Fisheries Department		Water Spre	ad Area (ha)		Yield (t/h	na)		Production	('000 tons)
	i) Brackish water (Data Source	nt)	Water Spread	ad Area (ha)		Yield (t/h	na)		Production 2113.4	('000 tons)

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of	Kharif	Rabi	Summer	Total	Crop

	crop	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000 tons)						
Major	Field crops (Cr	ops identified	d based on total ac	creage)						
	Rice	166.6	1910	-	-	-	-	193.3	1910	-
	Maize	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.6	1905	-
	Pulses	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	643	-
	Wheat	-	-	236.2	2580	-	-	247.7	2580	-
	Sugarcane	-	-	-	-	-	-	162.8	44940	-
Major 1	 Horticultural cr	ops (Crops i	dentified based on	total acreage)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
<u>_</u>	Fruits	-	-	-	-	-	-	50.2	9750	-
	Cauliflower	-	-	-	-	-	-	225.6	11860	-
	cabbage	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.3	16070	-
	Tomato	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.8	15330	-
	Onion	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	20900	-
	Brinjal	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8	20000	-

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops	Rice	Pulses	Maize	Wheat	Sugarcane
	(start and end of normal sowing period)					
	Kharif- Rainfed	May to June	June	May to June	-	February to March
	Kharif-Irrigated	May to June	July to August	May to June	-	-
	Rabi- Rainfed	-	October to November	-	1 st week of November to 2 nd week of November	-
	Rabi-Irrigated	-	November to December	October to November	2 nd week of November to 2 nd week of	2 nd week of October to 2 nd week of December

		_	1
		OBLIGHT.	1
		i January	1
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought		V	
•	Flood	V		
	Cyclone			
	Hail storm			
	Heat wave			
	Cold wave			
	Frost			
	Sea water intrusion			
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)	V		

-	1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
			Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: Yes
			Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes

Annexure I

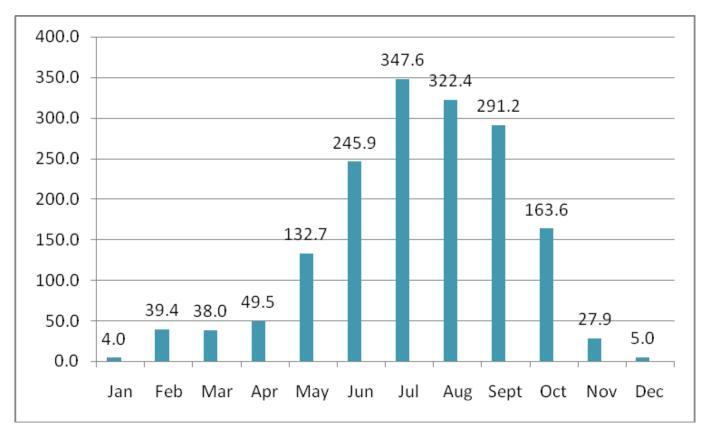
Agro climatic Zones of Bihar



Source: krishi.bih.nic.in

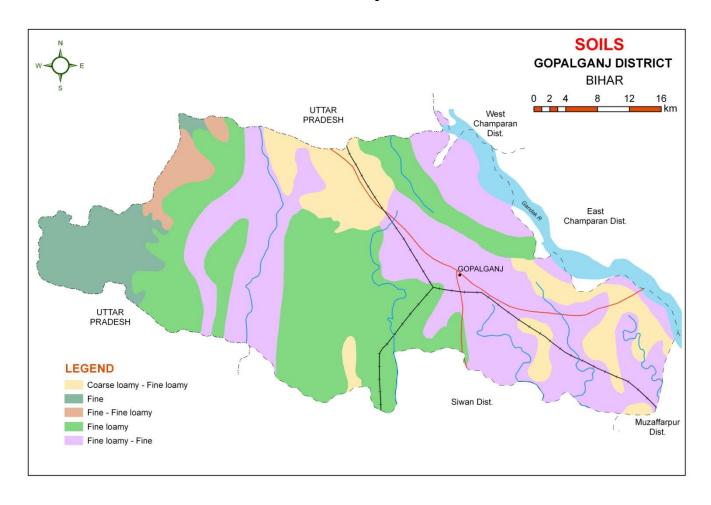
Annexure II

Mean Annual Rainfall (mm)



Annexure – III

Soil map



2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought

2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition			Suggeste	ed Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 2 weeks 4 th week of July	Up land Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Rice (Short Duration) - Wheat Rice- Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat- HD -2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Normal Package of practices Life saving irrigation Direct seeding of rice 	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat Rice-Wheat	Medium duration Rice Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni Rajshree, Prabhat , Late Wheat – HUW-234,DBW- 14, HP-1744, HD-2643 Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki Pusa early hybrid Macca-3	 Normal Package of practices Life saving irrigation Direct seeding of rice 	
		Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9	No change	Normal Package of practicesLife saving irrigation	
		Narendra Arhar-I			

		Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44			
V	Low land Very deep clay oamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Medium duration Rice –Late wheat Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita Rajendra Suwasni, Rajendra Sweta Late Wheat–HUW-234, C-306, DBW-14, HP-1744, HD-2643	 Normal package of practices Life saving irrigation to the seedling in nursery 	
		Sugarcane (February and October Planting) Sugarcane – BO 141, BO 147, BO 136, BO91	Ç	 Weeding Inter culturing Life saving irrigation Fertilizer, Pesticides application Propping etc. 	

Condition			Suggeste	ed Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 4 weeks 1st week of August	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Short Duration Rice –Wheat Rice- Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Life saving irrigation to rice nursery Direct seeding of short duration rice may also be done 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat Rice-Wheat	Medium duration Rice-Late wheat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwa, Ganga-11, Deoki Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni	 Life saving irrigation to rice nursery Application of potash with adjuvant Application of Organic manure and vermi compost Enhanced dose of nitrogen 	

		Rajshree, Prabhat Late Wheat – HUW-234, C-306, DBW-14, HP-1744, HD-2643	with full basal dose of NPK
	Pigeonpea (Arhar) – Greengram	Pigeonpea –Greengram	
		Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9	
		Narendra Arhar-I	
		Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44	
Low land	Rice-wheat	Short Duration Rice-Wheat	• SRI
Very deep clay loamy soils		Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita	Para grass cultivation for fodder
loany sons		Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta	
		Wheat - HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	
	Sugarcane (February and	No change	• Weeding
	October Planting)		Inter culturingLife saving irrigation
			Fertilizer and, Pesticides
	Sugarcane – BO 141, BO		application
	147, BO 136, BO91		Propping etc.

Condition			Sugge	sted Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Delay by 6 weeks 3 rd week of August	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Short Duration Rice-Wheat Rice- Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat - HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Spray of Potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against BLB & Blasts and Helmintho sporium leaf 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc

			anot
Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat Rice- Wheat	Short Duration Rice-Wheat Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni Rajshree, Prabhat Wheat - HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki, Pusa early hybrid Maka-3	 spot Life saving irrigation to seedling if raised earlier Application of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage in rice Intercultivation in maize Application of Organic manure and vermi compost . in Rice and maize
	Pigeonpea (Arhar) Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa- 9, Narendra Arhar-I	Sept. Pigeonpea (30 th August to 10 th September) Pigeonpea - Pusa, Sharad Greengram- Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, T-44, PDM 44	 Irrigation for maize crop Normal practices in Pigeonpea
Low land Very deep clay loamy soils	Rice-wheat-green gram (Greengram)	Rice (Short Duration)- Wheat/Vegetable/Pulses/ Oilseed Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta Wheat - HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Oilseed- 66-197-3, Rajendra Sarson-I	 Dapog Nursery raised 20 days old seedling should be used for Rice Spray of Potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage 35-40 days old seedling transplantation Protective spray of pesticides Enhanced basal dose of NPK

	Sugarcane (Februry and	No change	Weeding	
	October Planting)		Inter culturing	
			Life saving irrigation	
			Fertilizer and Pesticides	
	Sugarcane – BO 141, BO		application	
	147, BO 136, BO91		Propping etc.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation	
Delay by 8 weeks	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay	Rice-Wheat	Early Rice - Pigeonpea/Greengram/ Late wheat/Vegetable/pulses/ oilseed	 Zero tillage wheat Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant in Rice at vegetative stage Life saving irrigation to Rice 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc	
September	loamy soils		Rice- Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Late Wheat – HUW-234, DBW-14, HP-1744, HD- 2643	 nursery raised Direct seeding of rice Enhanced basal dose of NPK in rice to boost early vegetative growth Protective spray of pesticides 		
			Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Sept. Pigeonpea –Pusa-9 Sharad Blackgram- T-9, Navin, Pant Urd-30, Pant, Urd-19 Mustard- 66-197-3, Rajendra	with adjuvant against pest & disease • Application of organic manure and vermi compost initially for Rice and other crops		
	Medium land	Maize-Wheat	Sarson-I Rice –Rabi maize	Zero tillage wheat	_	
	Loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Rice-Late Wheat	 Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant in Rice at vegetative stage 		

	Pigeonpea –Greengram	Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni Rajshree, Prabhat Rabi Maize- Saktiman-1,2,3,4, Laxmi, Deoki, Rajendra Hybrid-1,2 Late Wheat –HUW-234, C-306, DBW-14,HP-1744, HD- 2643 September Pigeonpea- Greengram	 Life saving irrigation to Rice nursery raised Direct seeding of rice Enhanced basal dose of NPK in rice to boost early vegetative growth Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against pest & disease Application of organic manure and vermi compost initially for Rice and other crops Application of organic manure and vermi compost initially for rice and other
		Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Sept.Pigeonpea–Pusa-9, Sharad	crops
Low land Very deep clay loamy soils	Rice- Potato	Rice-Potato Rice-wheat Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita, Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Potato – PJ376, Rajendra Aloo- 1,2,3, Kufri Jyoti	 Application of organic manure and vermi compost initially for Rice and other crops Transplanting of 35-40 days old seedling

Rice-wheat-Green gram	Sept. Pigeonpea-Greengram Sesame-Rabi maize Pigeonpea – Sharad, Pusa-9 Rabi Maize - Saktiman-1,2,3,4, Laxmi, Deoki, Rajendra Hybrid –	Normal practices for sesame, Pigeonpea	
	1,2 Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Sesame – Krishna, Pragati		
Sugarcane (February and October Planting) Sugarcane – BO 141, BO 147, BO 136, BO91	No change	 Weeding Interculturing Life saving irrigation Fertizer, Pesticides application, propping etc. 	

Condition			Sugge	ested Contingency measures	
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues	Remarks on Implementat ion ^e
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Life saving irrigation Gap filling of existing crop 	 Inter culturing Mulching with weeds for moisture conservation Conservation tillage Inter culturing Spray potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage Protective spray of pesticides 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc

			with adjuvant against Pesticides and disease
Medium land	Maize-wheat	 Life saving irrigation Gap filling	Application of potash must at final land preparation
Loamy soils	Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki, Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	Sup mining	 Inter culturing Mulching with weeds for moisture conservation Conservation tillage Inter cultivation Spray potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against Pesticides and disease
	Pigeonpea-Greengram Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9 Narendra Arhar-I Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668,	 Pre sowing irrigation higher seed rate Gap filling 	 Application of potash must at final land preparation Inter culturing Mulching with weeds for moisture conservation Conservation tillage Inter culturing Spray potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against Pesticides and disease
Low land Very deep clay loamy soils	Rice-wheat-Green gram Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita, Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Greengram- SML-6-68, Pusa Vishal, Samarat	 Life saving irrigation Gap filling through Dapog nursery 	 Application of potash must at final land preparation Inter culturing Mulching with weeds for moisture conservation Conservation tillage Inter culturing Spray potassic fertilizer with adjuvant at vegetative stage Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against

		Pesticides and disease	
Sugarcane (feb & Oct) planting	No change	■ Weeding	
Var. – BO 141, BO 147, BO		Inter culturing	
136, BO91		Life saving irrigation	
,		Fertilizer, Pesticides application,	
		propping etc.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues	Remarks on Implementation	
At vegetative stage	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Gap filling of existing crop Postponement of top dressing Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against BLB, BLAST & Helmintho sporium leaf spot 	 Inter culturing Mulching through weeds, Conservation tillage Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Spray (1%) Urea on the crops 		
	Medium land Loamy soils	Rice-Potato Rice – Wheat Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni, Rajshree, Prabhat Potato – PJ376, Rajendra Aloo-1,2,3, Kufri Jyoti Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Pigeonpea (Arhar)-	 Gap filling of existing crop Postponement of top dressing Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against BLB, BLAST & Helmintho sporium leaf spot 	 Inter culturing Mulching through weeds, Conservation tillage Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Spray (1%) Urea on the crops 		

Low land Very deep clay loamy soils	Greengram Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9 Narendra Arhar-I Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Rice-wheat-Green gram Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, Sita, Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Green Gram- SML-6-68, Pusa Vishal, Samarat	 Gap filling of existing crop Postponement of top dressing Protective spray of pesticides with adjuvant against BLB, BLAST & Helmintho sporium leaf spot 	 Inter culturing Mulching through weeds, Conservation tillage Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Spray (1%) Urea on the crops 	
	Sugarcane Var. – BO 141, BO 147, BO 136, BO91	 Life saving irrigation Weed management	Mulching for moisture conservation	

Condition			Sugg	gested Contingency measures	
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Up land	Rice-Wheat Vegetable – Wheat Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343 HP-1731, HD-2824	 IPM practices Spray of pesticides with spreader	 Inter culturing Mulching through weeds Conservation tillage Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant 	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki	 IPM practices Spray of pesticides with spreader	Inter culturingMulching through weedsConservation tillageLife saving irrigation	

	Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-282 Pigeonpea(Arhar)-Greengram Var. Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1	 If rice crop withers & gets damaged blackgram/sesame-Wheat should be followed IPM practices Spray of pesticides with spreader 	 Spray of potash and nitrogen fertilizer with adjuvant Inter cultivation, mulching through weeds Life saving irrigation Conservation tillage Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant
Low lan Very de loamy se	Rice- Rajshree, Santosh, ep clay Sita, Rajendra Suwasni	IPM practice	 Inter culturing Mulching through weeds Life saving irrigation Conservation tillage Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant,
	Sugarcane Var. – BO 141, BO 147, BO 136, BO91	IPM practiceLife saving irrigationSpray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant	 Weeding Inter culturing Fertilizer, Pesticides application, propping etc

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Terminal	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management	Rabi Crop planning	Remarks on
drought	situation	system			Implementatio
(Early					n
withdrawal of					
monsoon)					

Up land	Rice-Wheat	• Spray of potassic fertilizer with	Open the furrow during evening leave it open	Seeds from RAU, Pusa,
Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Rajendra Bhagwati, Saroj Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-2824	adjuvant • IPM practices • Life saving irrigation • Mulching • Thinning	overnight and plank morning before sunrise for growing of early rabi crops like wheat Rabi Maize/Pulses /Oilseeds/ Vegetables etc. • Use stored water at critical stage of growth • To clean irrigation channel for preventing loss of moisture through seepage	NSC, TDC , BRBN etc
Medium land	Maize-wheat		Open the furrow during	-
Loamy soils	Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki Pusa early hybrid Macca-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-282		evening and left furrow open overnight and plank in the next morning before sunrise for growing of early rabi crops like wheat, Rabi Maize/Pulses /Oilseeds/ Vegetables • Use stored water at critical stage of growth • To clean irrigation channel for preventing loss of moisture through seepage	
	Pigeonpea (Arhar) Var. Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1		 Open the furrow during evening and left furrow open overnight and plank in the next morning before sunrise for growing of early rabi crops like wheat, Rabi Maize/Pulses /Oilseeds/ Vegetables Use stored water at critical stage of growth To clean irrigation channel for preventing loss of moisture through seepage 	

Low land	Rice-wheat-Green gram	Open the furrow during evening and left furrow open
Very deep clay lo soils	Rice-Rajshree, Santosh, Sita, Rajendra Suwasni Rajendra Sweta Wheat- HD-2733, PBW- 343, HP-1731, HD-2824 Green Gram- SML-6-68, Pusa Vishal, Samarat	overnight and plank in the next morning before sunrise for growing of early rabi crops like wheat, Rabi Maize/Pulses /Oilseeds/ Vegetables • Stored water to be used at critical stage of growth • To clean irrigation channel for preventing loss of moisture through seepage
	Sugarcane (Feb & Oct. planting)	Var. – BO 141, BO 147, BO 136, BO91 • Life saving irrigation • Mulching • IPM practices • Weed management • Fertilizer & Pesticides application Propping etc

2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

Condition			Suggeste	ed Contingency measures	
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on
	situation	system	system		Implementation
Delayed limited release of water in canals due to low rainfall	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	1) Rice (Short Duration)-Late sown wheat 2) Vegetable –Wheat 3) Lobia-Rajmash Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Late Wheat – HUW-234, DBW-14, HP-744, HD-2643 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343,	 Zero tillage wheat Direct seeding of short duration rice Life saving irrigation Application of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Inter culturing Mulching Application of Organic manure and vermi 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc Seeds from RAU, Pusa

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
			HP-1731, HD-2824	compost.	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat	Rice –maize Rice-wheat Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati,		
			Rajendra Suwasni		
			Rajshree, Prabhat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deok, Pusa early hybrid Macca-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343,		
			HP-1731, HD-2824		
		Pigeonpea (Arhar)- Greengram	No change		
		Pigeonpea - Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1			
		Greengram – Samrat, Pusa			
		Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming	Normal Crop/cropping	Change in crop/cropping	Agronomic measures	Remarks on	
	situation	system	system		Implementation	
Limited release of water in canals due to low rainfall	Upland Very deep, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	1) Rice (Short Duration)-Late sown wheat 2) Vegetable –Wheat 3) Lobia-Rajmash Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj	 Zero tillage wheat Direct seeding of short duration Rice Life saving irrigation Application of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Inter culturing 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc	
			Richnaria, Turanta, Saroj	Mulching		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
			Late Wheat – HUW-234, DBW-14, HP- 1744, HD-2643	Application of Organic manure and vermi compost.	
			Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	Normal practices Application of Organic manure and vermi compost	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat	Rice -maize Rice -wheat	Dapog Nursery-medium land nurseryZero tillage wheat	
	Loamy sons		Rice - Rajendra Bhagawati, Rajendra Suwasni Rajshree, Prabhat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki, Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	Direct seeding of short duration Rice	
		Pigeonpea (Arhar)- Greengram Pigeonpea -Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1	No change		
		Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measuresi	Remarks on Implementation ^j	
Non release of water in canals under delayed onset of monsoon in catchment	Upland Very deep to medium deep black, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	Rice (Short Duration)-Late sown wheat Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Late Wheat – HUW-234, DBW-14, HP-1744 HD-2643	 Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Zero tillage wheat Direct seeding of short duration Rice Life saving irrigation Mulching for moisture conservation Application of organic manure and vermicompost 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat	Maize-Wheat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki Pusa early hybrid Macca-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824			
		Pigeonpea	September Red gram Pigeonpea - Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measuresi	Remarks on Implementation ^j	
Lack of inflows into tanks due to insufficient /delayed onset of monsoon	Upland Very deep to	Rice-Wheat	Rice (Short Duration)-Late sown wheat Pigeonpea-Greengram Blackgram— Wheat Sesame – Wheat	 Life saving irrigation Mulching for moisture conservation Zero tillage wheat 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j
	medium deep black, fine loam to clay loamy soils		Rice-Prabhat, Dhanlaxmi, Richharia, Turanta, Saroj Late Wheat – HUW-234, DBW-14, HP- 1744, HD-2643 Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9 Narendra Arhar-I Greengram – Samrat, Pusa	 Direct seeding of short duration Rice Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Application of organic manure and vermi compost 	
	Medium land	Maize-wheat	Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Blackgram- T-9, Navin, Pant Urd-30, Pant Urd-19 Maize-Wheat		
	Loamy soils		Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki, Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824		
		Pigeonpea (Arhar) – Greengram Pigeonpea - Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1 Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44	No change		

Condition	Suggested Contingency measures					
	Major Farming situation ^f	Normal Crop/cropping system ^g	Change in crop/cropping system ^h	Agronomic measures ⁱ	Remarks on Implementation ^j	
Insufficient groundwater recharge due to low rainfall	Upland Very deep to medium deep black, fine loam to clay loamy soils	Rice-Wheat	1.Black gram-Wheat 2. Sesamum-Wheat 3.Pigeonpea – Greengram Pigeonpea – Bahar, Pusa-9 Narendra Arhar-I Sesame – Krishna, Pragati Blackgram - T-9, Navin, Pant Urd-30, Pant Urd-19 Greengram – Samrat, Pusa Vishal, SML 668, PDM-44, T-44 Wheat -HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824	 Life saving irrigation Zero tillage wheat Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant 	Seeds from RAU, Pusa, NSC, TDC, BRBN etc	
	Medium land Loamy soils	Maize-wheat Pigeonpea	Maize-Wheat Maize - Shaktiman-1,2,3,4, Suwan, Ganga-11, Deoki, Pusa early hybrid Maka-3 Wheat- HD-2733, PBW-343, HP-1731, HD-2824 September Pigeonpea Pigeonpea -Bahar, Narendra Arhar-1	 Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant Interculturing Mulching for moisture conservation Zero tillage wheat Application of organic manure and vermicompost . 		

2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition	Suggested contingency measure				
Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest	
Rice	 Drainage management Re transplanting through Dapog nursery if needed Gap filling Re sowing through drum seeder 	 Drainage management Subsequently crop if totally damaged i.e. Toria 	 Drainage management Harvest at physiological maturity 	Storage at safer place	
Maize	 Drainage management Gap filling Re sowing, if completely damaged 	 Drainage management Alternative maize or other rabi crop if totally damaged 	 Drainage management Harvest at physiological maturity 	Storage at safer place	
Pigeonpea	 Drainage management September sowing if kharif pigeon pea is completely damaged Gap filling if needed 	 Drainage management Alternative maize or other rabi crop if totally damaged 	 Drainage management Harvest at physiological maturity 	Storage at safer place	
Sugarcane	Drainage management	• propping	Drainage managementHarvest the crop at proper maturity	Storage at safer place	
Horticulture					
Vegetables	 Drainage management Re sowing, if needed Gap filling, if needed	 Drainage management Alternative vegetable if totally damaged	Harvest at proper maturityDrainage management		
Mango	Replanting if completely damagedGap fillingDrainage management	Drainage management	 Drenching with copper fungicides Drainage management Harvesting at proper maturity 		
Banana	Replanting if completely damagedGap fillingDrainage management	Drainage management	Drainage management		

Guava	• Replanting if completely damaged	Drainage management	Drenching with copper fungicides	
	 Gap filling Drainage management		Drainage management	
Heavy rainfall with high speed winds in a short span ²				
Rice	 Drainage management Replanting if completely damaged Gap filling if needed 	Drainage managementSubsequent crop if totally damaged i.e. Toria	Drainage managementSubsequent crop if totally damaged	Storage at safer place
Maize	 Drainage management Re sowing If completely damaged Gap filling if needed 	Drainage management Alternative maize or other crop if totally damaged	Drainage managementSubsequent crop if totally damaged	Storage at safer place
Pigeonpea	 Re sowing If completely damaged Gap filling if needed Drainage management 	 Drainage management Alternative crop if totally damaged	 Drainage management Alternative crop if totally damaged	Storage at safer place
Sugarcane	Drainage management	• propping	• propping	
Horticulture				
Vegetables	 Drainage management Re sowing Gap filling as the case may be	 Drainage management Alternative vegetable if totally damaged	Harvest at proper maturity	
Mango	 Drainage management Replanting if substantially damaged	 Drainage management Drenching with copper fungicides	 Drainage management Harvest at proper time	
Banana	 Drainage management Replanting if substantially damaged	 Drainage management Staking	 Drainage management Harvest at proper time	
Guava	 Drainage management Replanting if substantially damaged	 Drainage management Drenching with copper fungicides	Drainage management Harvest at proper time	
Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains				
Rice	Seedling treatment with	• Spray of specific pesticides with	• Spray of specific pesticides with	Storage at safer

	Carbendazim + Imidacloprid • Spray of pesticides with adjuvant	adjuvant • Drainage management	adjuvant • Drainage management	place
Maize	Application of granular insecticides viz. Thimet 10 g/Carbofuran 3g in whorl of maize	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Storage at safer place
Pigeonpea	• Use of pesticides	 Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management 	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Storage at safer place
Sugarcane	Use of pesticides	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	
Horticulture				
Vegetables	 Spray of pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	
Mango	 Spray of pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management	 Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management 	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	
Banana	 Spray of pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	
Guava	 Spray of pesticides with adjuvant Drainage management 	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	Spray of specific pesticides with adjuvantDrainage management	

2.3 Floods

Condition		Suggested contin	gency measure ^o	
Transient water logging/ partial inundation ¹	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Rice For such situation var. like Swarna-Sub-I & local var. of Desaria Barogar etc. should be taken	 Drainage management Re transplanting through Dapog nursery if completely damaged Gap filling 	 Drainage management Alternative crops if totally damaged Gap filling 40-45 days old seedlings may be used Kharuhan (double transplanting) 	 Drainage management Harvest at physiological maturity Lentil as paira crop can be taken 	Storage at safer place
Maize	 Drainage management Re sowing if substantially damaged Gap filling, if needed 	 Drainage management Alternative crops if totally damaged like maize or subsequent crop i.e. Toria 	Drainage managementHarvest at physiological maturity	Storage at safer place
Pigeonpea	 Drainage management Re sowing if substantially damaged Gap filling if needed 	Drainage managementAny rabi crop can e taken, if completely damaged	Drainage managementHarvest at physiological maturity	Storage at safer place
Sugarcane	Drainage management	Drainage management	Drainage managementHarvest at physiological maturity	
Horticulture				
Vegetables	 Drainage management Replanting Spray Ridomil M-Z, 2gm/lt to check damping off 	Drainage managementApply 25 kg Urea /Acre	 Drainage management Harvest the vegetable at proper time 	
Mango	 Replanting if substantially damaged Gap filling Drainage management 	Drenching with copper fungicidesDrainage management	Drenching with copper fungicidesDrainage management	Judicious harvesting
Guava	Replanting if substantially damaged	Drenching with copper fungicides	Drenching with copper fungicides	Judicious harvesting

	 Gap filling Drainage management	Drainage management	Drainage management	
Banana	 Replanting if substantially damaged Gap filling Drainage management 	Drenching with copper fungicidesDrainage management	Drenching with copper fungicidesDrainage management	Judicious harvesting
Continuous submergence				
for more than 2 days ²				
Rice (for such situation Swarna Sub-1 should be grown)	 Gap filling, if needed Re-sowing if damaged after receding of flood 	 Replanting through Kharuhan (double transplanting) by 3-4 seedlings per hill Short duration rice variety 	Toria/Late wheat if completely damaged	Storage at safer place
Maize	• Re-sowing if damaged after receding of flood	• Re sowing or gap filling as the case may be	Toria/Late wheat if completely damaged	Storage at safer place
Horticulture				
Mango	Drainage management			
Guava	Drainage management			
Banana	Drainage management			
Sea water intrusion ³	Not Applicable	•	•	•

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type		Sugges	Suggested contingency measure ^r					
	Seedling / nursery stage	Seedling / nursery stage Vegetative stage Reproductive stage						
Heat Wave ^p								
Rice		Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant	Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant					
Maize	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant					

D.	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	
Pigeonpea			Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant	
***		Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	
Wheat			Spray of potassic fertilizer with adjuvant (terminal heat)	
Rice				
Horticulture				
Mango	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	
Litchi	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	
Papaya	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	
Cold wave ^q				
wheat		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Chickpea		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Pigeonpea		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
lentil		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Horticulture		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Vegetables		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Frost				
wheat		Irrigation, inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Chickpea		Irrigation inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Pigeonpea		Irrigation inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Lentil		Irrigation inter culturing, mulching by weeds		
Horticulture				
Tomato & Potato	Treat the seeds in 0.2% soln of Dithane M-45	Earth up to 15cm ht. Irrigation inter culturing,	Spray Dithane M-45/ Mancozeb @ 2.5 gm/lt of	Harvest in dry weather

		mulching by weeds	water in 3 rd week of	
			December at 10 days	
			interval 3 times	
Hailstorm	Not Applicable			
Cyclone	Not Applicable			

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures					
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event			
Drought		Not Applicable				
Floods						
Feed and fodder availability	1. Cultivation of fodder tree 2. Storage of Improved Quality Fodder 3. Conservation & Storage of • Feed & Fodder • Hay & Silage: — Preserve the fodder in the form of hay from Berseem & other grasses as well as silage from (a) Maize- harvesting at well developed cob. (b) Jowar - at flowering stage. (c) Oat (d) Hybrid Napier – 40-45 day old. (e) Water hycianth mixing with Rice straw in ratio of 4:1 with 70 kg molasses /ton of clean water	 Feeding of stored Hay/Silage/Improved Quality Fodder Feeding of Tree leaves some of which are as follows: Bamboo leaves Neem Bargad Peepal Seesam Subabul Use of unconventional feed stuff:	Production of forage crops 1. Balanced feeding of Animal supported with little higher concentrate mixture 2. Cultivation of fodder Rabi maize if water stagnated upto Nov/ December 3. Jowar/Cowpea 4. Maize in September			

	livestock and poultry. So, necessary vaccination of	The people should be made	acid etc. In no case the carcass/
	precipitation of diseases in	carefully as possible.	temporary sheds with the help of bleaching powder, phenol, carbolic
	During flood stress becomes an incriminating factor for the	be made to rescue most of the livestock and poultry as	Adequate attention is to be paid to disinfect the premises of
	 Vaccination 	During flood, all efforts should	Maintenance of Sanitation:
		animal and Poultry safety	
	ambulatory van.	Important Suggestions for	animals and disposal of carcass
	Medicines, Vaccines and provision for mobile	and Treatment	health camps Culling of Sick
Health and disease management	Veterinary Preparedness with		anitation, deworming, treatment,
Drinking water			
5.1.	Bank		
	5. Development of Fodder		
	(U.M.M.B)		
	Block		
	(a) Complete Feed Block (CFB)(b) Urea-Molasses-Mineral-		
	of: –		
	4. Development & storage		
	sheet.		
	sheet or polythene		
	of last flood level and covered with asbestos		
	dry places at a height		
	should be stored in		
	other dry fodder		
	grasses. • Bales of hay and		
	e and other		
	• Berseem/Lucern		
	Hay: –		
	molasses.		
	7:1 and should be supplemented with 3%		
	wheat straw in ratio of	(ii) Aquatic weeds	
	(f) Potato leaves mixing with	(i) Lotus	
	hycianth.	hycianth	

livestock and poultry should be done against economically important contagious disease.

This will be helpful not only to check epidemic in animals, but also to reduce the probability of zoonoses in human beings.

Care should be taken for mass vaccination of livestock and poultry with a view to covering 80% of livestock population in order to achieve herd immunity.

Mass vaccination should be conducted by a team of Department staff with proper maintenance of detailed Inoculation Register.

Pro-active steps should be taken to receive and stock the required doses of vaccines against different diseases for their use in face of Flood.

conscious through announcement with the help of mikes or other means of communication, so that they may escape with their livestock and poultry to safe area.

The fisherman or the people who knows swimming should be deputed for the rescue of drowning and floating animals and birds.

During flood do not leave halter or headstalls on animals.

Do not tie animals together when releasing.

Report the location, identification and disposition of livestock and poultry to authorities handling the disaster.

Health camp and treatment

Water borne diseases are one of the most common phenomena during the flood Diarrhoeal diseases outbreaks can Report the location, identification and disposition of livestock and poulrty to authorities handling the disaster.

Health camp and treatment

cadaver should come in contact with healthy animals rehabilitated in sheds. Arrangements should be made accordingly.

De-worming after the flood:

Immediately after flood, the animals like cattle, buffalo. Sheep, goat, pig, dog and poultry need to be de-wormed with suitable broad spectrum anthelmentics. This will enable the animals to regain proper health.

In water logged area, sucks can be introduced as biological control measures against snails to protect livestock from parasitec disease.

Treatment of sick animals: The

Disposal of Carcass: the disposal of dead animals and birds are to be done by Animal Husbandry Department. Accordingly, necessary arrangement should be made for prompt and easy disposal of carcasses during the Flood and

Water borne diseases are one of the most common phenomena during the flood

Diarrhoeal diseases outbreaks can occur after drinking contaminated water.

Diseases that can occur during flood should be given special attention and accordingly medicines should be available in the health camp for the following mentioned diseases.

Salmonella spp. Escherichia coli Giardiasis Amoebiasis **Rotavirus** Leptospirosis **Scabies** Black leg **Malignant Edema** Foot rot Anthrax **Botulism Tetanus Red water** Black disease Entertoxemia Liver fluke **Amphistomiasis Brooders** pnemonia

Treatment of Non infectious

Arrangement should be made for the treatment of

Post-Flood period.

Carcasses of animals affected by the disease are the chief source of soil infection. They harbour the germs in large numbers and liberate them from both artificial and natural body openings into the surrounding soil.

Methods of Carcass disposal to be adopted

Burial

Burning

Composting

Vulturing

s. Health Camp after the flood:

Protection of livestock from out breaking and communicable diseases be made. Health camps are to be organised in Flood affected areas to restore the normal breeding capability of breedable population as well as to restore the

		drowning and traumatic injuries, aspiration pneumonia, lameness and other surgical cases in the health camp.	normal poultry.	of	livestock	and
		Disinfection of livestock premises and Poultry shed Disinfection of livestock premises and the temporary sheds should be done with the help of bleaching powder, phenol, carbolic acid etc				
Cyclone	Not Applicable					
Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable					

s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested co	ontingency measures		Convergence/lin kages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event	
Drought		Not Applicable		
Floods		• •		
Drinking water				
Health and disease	Vaccines to be used for different animals			
management	and Poultry			
	Cattle and Buffalo Hemorrhagic SepticemiaVaccine Black Quarter Vaccine			
	FMD Vaccine Anthrax Vaccine as per endemicity.			

Character 1 Cast		
Sheep and Goat		
Hemorrhagic Septicemia Vaccine PPR Vaccine		
FMD Vaccine		
Goat pox Vaccine		
Enterotoxemia Vaccine		
Anthrax Vaccine as per endemicity		
Pigs		
Hemorrhagic Septicemia Vaccine		
PPR Vaccine		
FMD Vaccine		
Goat pox Vaccine		
Enterotoxemia Vaccine		
Anthrax Vaccine as per endemicity.		
_		
Dogs		
Rabies Vaccine		
Poultry		
Mareks disease vaccine		
$RDV (F_1 \& R_2B),$		
FPV,		
IBRV &		
IBDV		
• Medicines		
All Districts should be earmarked for flood.		
An inventory of required medicines to treat		
the affected livestock in case of		
eventualities should be made.		
The Govt. should take steps to procure		
sufficient quantity of essential life saving		
medicines.		
List of life saving Medicines		
Corticosteroids		
Nikethamide		
Antibloat		

Adrenaline Antihistaminic Antidotes for common poisoning Antisnake venom Broad spectrum antibiotics **Anti-inflammatory** Antipyretic and Analgesics Fluids and Electrolytes • Mobile Veterinary Clinics Mobile Veterinary Clinics should be kept ready at Veterinary Hospital or Veterinary Camps so that immediate treatment of injured and affected animals may be done. For this MVC must have adequate drugs like antibiotic, analgesic, dewormer, ointment, antisnake venom and emergency health care facilities along with trained personnel. A good no. of mobile clinic teams should be planned consisting dedicated and experienced technical workers with allotment of area of operation. The teams should be kept in readiness having required stock of medicines and equipment to work in any adverse situation. A telephone directory should be maintained at the District level by collecting the telephone nos. of Vets, Para-Vets, NGOs / youth clubs / societies, volunteers etc. to collect feedback and plan the activities during the emergency. An emergency kit for poultry should be made ready well in advance. The Poultry kit

	should have Cage, mask, mash, pellet feed trough, waterers, detergents, poultry vaccines, Veterinary drugs, workers protection uniform etc.		
Cyclone		Not Applicable	
Heat wave and cold wave		Not Applicable	

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event
1) Drought			
A. Capture			
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	(i) Thinning of population (ii) Arrangement of water supply from external resource	(i) Partial harvesting(ii) Addition of water(iii) Stocking of air breathing fishes	 (i) Maintenances of remaining stock till favorable condition achieved (ii) If not feasible, total harvesting or transfer of fishes may be done. (iii) Preparation of the pond for next crop.
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality	(i) Regular monitoring of water quality parameter.(ii) Arrangement of aeration(iii) Addition of water from external resource	(i) Arrangement of aeration.(ii) Addition of watera. Monitoring of water qualityb. Reduction of manuring according to water level.	
2) Floods			
A. Capture			
B. Aquaculture			

(i) Inundation with flood water	(i) Elevation/ Renovation of pond dyke.(ii) Sale of Table/marketable size fishes(iii) construction of earthen nursery ponds in upland areas	Collection of naturally bred seeds (Spawn /fry /fingerling) from flooded water Stocking in nursery ponds for rearing	-Retain the water in pond immediately after flood through repairing of damaged dyke etc. -Netting of pond -Removal of unwanted, predatory/weed fishes -Sell of large size fishes
(ii) Water contamination and changes in water quality	Arrangement of regular water quality monitoring		
(iii) Health and diseases	(a) Use lime/ potassium permanganate(b) Arrangement of CIFAX and medicines & chemical stock		-Sampling of fishes and water for disease analysis - Liming, use of drugs/ medicine if required in consultancy of fisheries experts
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)	Raising the height of dyke by fencing with net and bamboo poles to prevent loss of stock	Arrangement of advance size fingerling/ yearlings for stocking	Stocking of large size fingerlings carp Fertilization of pond and regular feeding of fish Harvesting and sale of fish
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, huts etc)	Repairing/ arrangement of alternate safe place to keep pumps aerators etc.	A regular water on the flood and infrastructure facilities.	Re establishment of the infra structural facility.
3. Cyclone / Tsunami	Not Applicable		
4. Heat wave and cold wave	Not Applicable		

^a based on forewarning wherever available